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THE PROPOSAL IN ORDER  
TO SUBMIT A BID.

STATE OF DELAWARE



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BID PROPOSAL

for

**CONTRACT T201206602.01**

PCC PATCHING, OPEN END, SOUTH, 2012

SUSSEX COUNTY

**ADVERTISEMENT DATE: APRIL 9, 2012**

Completion Date 365 Calendar Days

SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION  
DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
AUGUST 2001

Bids will be received in the Bidder's Room (B1.11.01), Transportation Administration Center, 800 Bay Road, Dover, Delaware until 2:00 P.M. local time May 8, 2012



**Contract No.T201206602.01**

**PCC PATCHING, OPEN END, SOUTH, 2012  
SUSSEX COUNTY**

**LOCATION**

These improvements are located in SUSSEX County more specifically shown on the Location Map(s) of the enclosed Plans.

**DESCRIPTION**

The improvements consist of furnishing all materials for PCC PATCHING, OPEN END, SOUTH, 2012, and other incidental construction in accordance with the location, notes and details shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

**COMPLETION DATE**

All work on this contract must be complete within 365 Calendar Days .

It is the Department's intent to issue a Notice to Proceed such that work starts on or about June 20, 2012.

**ELECTRONIC BIDDING**

This project incorporates the electronic bidding system Expedite 5.2b. Bidder wishing to use the electronic bidding option should request a bid file disk and installation CD.

**PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTE:**

1. No retainage will be withheld on this contract.
2. The Department has adopted an External Complaint Procedure. The procedure can be viewed on our website at; <http://www.deldot.gov/information/business/>, or you may request a copy by calling (302) 760-2555.

**STATE OF DELAWARE  
CONSTRUCTION ITEMS UNITS OF MEASURE**

<b>English Code</b>	<b>English Description</b>	<b>Multiply By</b>	<b>Metric Code</b>	<b>Metric Description</b>	<b>Suggested CEC Metric Code</b>
ACRE	Acre	0.4047	ha	Hectare	HECTARE
BAG	Bag	N/A	Bag	Bag	BAG
C.F.	Cubic Foot	0.02832	m <sup>3</sup>	Cubic Meter	M3
C.Y.	Cubic Yard	0.7646	m <sup>3</sup>	Cubic Meter	M3
EA-DY	Each Day	N/A	EA-DY	Each Day	EA-DY
EA-MO	Each Month	N/A	EA-MO	Each Month	EA-MO
EA/NT	Each Night	N/A	EA-NT	Each Night	EA/NT
EACH	Each	N/A	EA	Each	EACH
GAL	Gallon	3.785	L	Liter	L
HOUR	Hour	N/A	h	Hour	HOUR
INCH	Inch	25.4	mm	Millimeter	MM
L.F.	Linear Foot	0.3048	m	Linear Meter	L.M.
L.S.	Lump Sum	N/A	L.S.	Lump Sum	L.S.
LA-MI	Lane Mile	1.609	LA-km	Lane-Kilometer	LA-KM
LB	Pound	0.4536	kg	Kilogram	KG
MFBM	Thousand Feet of Board Measure	2.3597	m <sup>3</sup>	Cubic Meter	M3
MGAL	Thousand Gallons	3.785	kL	Kiloliter	KL
MILE	Mile	1.609	km	Kilometer	KM
S.F.	Square Foot	0.0929	m <sup>2</sup>	Square Meter	M2
S.Y.	Square Yard	0.8361	m <sup>2</sup>	Square Meter	M2
SY-IN	Square Yard-Inch	0.8495	m <sup>2</sup> -25 mm	Square Meter-25 Millimeter	M2-25 MM
TON	Ton	.9072	t	Metric Ton (1000kg)	TON
N.A.*	Kip	4.448	kN	Kilonewton	N.A.*
N.A.*	Thousand Pounds per Square Inch	6.895	MPa	Megapascal	N.A.*

\*Not used for units of measurement for payment.

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**GENERAL NOTICES**

SPECIFICATIONS:

The specifications entitled "Delaware Standard Specifications, for Road and Bridge Construction, August, 2001", hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications, the Special Provisions, notes on the Plans, this Bid Proposal, and any addenda thereto shall govern the work to be performed under this contract.

CLARIFICATIONS:

Under any Section or Item included in the Contract, the Contractor shall be aware that when requirements, responsibilities, and furnishing of materials are outlined in the details and notes on the Plans and in the paragraphs preceding the "Basis of Payment" paragraph in the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions, no interpretation shall be made that such stipulations are excluded because reiteration is not made in the "Basis of Payment" paragraph.

ATTESTING TO NON-COLLUSION:

The Department requires as a condition precedent to acceptance of bids a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with such contract. The form for this sworn statement is included in the proposal and must be properly executed in order to have the bid considered.

QUANTITIES:

The quantities shown are for comparison of bids only. The Department may increase or decrease any quantity or quantities without penalty or change in the bid price.

REQUIREMENT BY DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR SWORN PAYROLL INFORMATION

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6960, Paragraph (c)

"(c) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that certified sworn payroll reports be maintained by every contractor and subcontractor performing work upon the site of construction. The contractor and subcontractor shall keep and maintain the sworn payroll information for a period of two (2) years from the last day of the work week covered by the payroll. A certified copy of these payroll reports shall be made available:

1. For inspection or furnished upon request to a representative of the Department of Labor;
2. Upon request by the public or for copies thereof. However, a request by the public must be made through the Department of Labor. The requesting party shall, prior to being provided the records, reimburse the costs of preparation by the Department of Labor in accordance with the Department's copying fee policy. The public shall not be given access to the records at the principal office of the contractor or subcontractor; and
3. The certified payroll records shall be on a form provided by the Department of Labor or shall contain the same information as the form provided by the Department and shall be provided within ten (10) days from receipt of notice requesting the records from the Department of Labor."

Contractor may contact: Department of Labor  
Division of Industrial Affairs  
4425 No. Market Street  
Wilmington, DE 19802

Telephone (302) 761-8200

PREFERENCE FOR DELAWARE LABOR:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (4)b

"In the construction of all public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof, or by firms contracting with the State or any political subdivision thereof, preference in employment of laborers, workmen or mechanics shall be given to bona fide legal citizens of the State who have established citizenship by residence of at least 90 days in the State. Each public works contract for the construction of public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof shall contain a stipulation that any person, company or corporation who violates this section shall pay a penalty to the Secretary of Finance equal to the amount of compensation paid to any person in violation of this section."

EQUALITY OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY ON PUBLIC WORKS:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (7)

"a. As a condition of the awarding of any contract for public works financed in whole or in part by State appropriation, such contracts shall include the following provisions:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, sex or national origin. The contractor will take positive steps to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, creed, color, sex or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment notices to be provided by the contracting agency setting forth this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, sex or national origin.'

TAX CLEARANCE:

As payments to each vendor or contractor aggregate \$2,000, the Division of Accounting will report such vendor or contractor to the Division of Revenue, who will then check the vendor or contractor's compliance with tax requirements and take such further action as may be necessary to insure compliance.

LICENSE:

A person desiring to engage in business in this State as a contractor shall obtain a license upon making application to the Division of Revenue. Proof of said license compliance to be made prior to, or in conjunction with, the execution of a contract to which he has been named.

DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS,

SUSPENSIONS OF WORK and SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CHARACTER OF WORK:

Differing site conditions: During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract are encountered at the site, the party discovering such conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

Upon written notification, the engineer will investigate the conditions, and if he/she determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance

of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the contractor will be allowed unless the contractor has provided the required written notice.

No contract adjustment will be allowed under their clause for any effects caused on unchanged work.

Suspensions of work ordered by the engineer: If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the engineer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional compensation and/or contract time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the contractor shall submit to the engineer in writing a request for adjustment within 7 calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set forth the reasons and support for such adjustment.

Upon receipt, the engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the engineer agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of such suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the engineer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed.

No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

Significant changes in the character of work: The engineer reserves the right to make, in writing, at any time during the work, such changes in quantities and such alterations in the work as are necessary to satisfactorily complete the project. Such changes in quantities and alterations shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety, and the contractor agrees to perform the work as altered.

If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work under the contract, whether or not changed by any such different quantities or alterations, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made to the contract. The basis for the adjustment shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon, then an adjustment will be made either for or against the contractor in such amount as the engineer may determine to be fair and equitable.

The term "significant change" shall be construed to apply only to the following circumstances:

- (A) When the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction or
- (B) When a major item of work, as defined elsewhere in the contract, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the actual amount of work performed.

### PREVAILING WAGES

Included in this proposal are the minimum wages to be paid various classes of laborers and mechanics as determined by the Department of Labor of the State of Delaware in accordance with Title 29 Del.C. §6960, relating to wages and the regulations implementing that Section.

Title 29 Del.C. §6960 relating to wages further stipulates "that the employer shall pay all mechanics and laborers employed directly upon the site of the work, unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, the full amounts accrued at time of payment,

computed at wage rates not less than those stated in the specifications, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the employer and such laborers and mechanics", and ... "that the scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the employer in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of the work, and that there may be withheld from the employer so much of accrued payments as may be considered necessary by the Department of Labor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the employer the difference between the rates of wages required by the contract to be paid laborers and mechanics on the work and rates of wages received by such laborers and mechanics to be remitted to the Department of Labor for distribution upon resolution of any claims."

Bidders are specifically directed to note the Department of Labor's regulations implementing §6960 relating to the effective date of the wage rates, at Part VI., Section C., which in relevant part states:

"Public agencies (covered by the provisions of 29 Del.C. §6960) are required to use the rates which are in effect on the date of the publication of specifications for a given project. In the event that a contract is not executed within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the specifications were published, the rates in effect at the time of the execution of the contract shall be the applicable rates for the project."

STATE OF DELAWARE  
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR  
DIVISION OF INDUSTRIAL AFFAIRS  
OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT  
PHONE: (302) 451-3423

Mailing Address:  
225 CORPORATE BOULEVARD  
SUITE 104  
NEWARK, DE 19702

Located at:  
225 CORPORATE BOULEVARD  
SUITE 104  
NEWARK, DE 19702

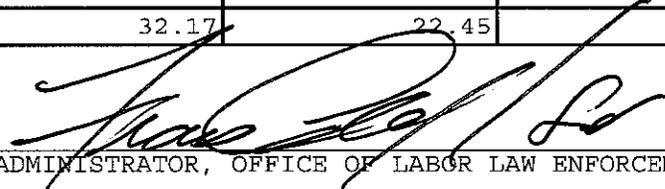
PREVAILING WAGES FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION EFFECTIVE MARCH 15, 2012

CLASSIFICATION	NEW CASTLE	KENT	SUSSEX
BRICKLAYERS	45.63	45.63	14.51
CARPENTERS	49.06	49.06	39.22
CEMENT FINISHERS	30.40	26.13	23.29
ELECTRICAL LINE WORKERS	22.50	54.05	21.25
ELECTRICIANS	59.10	59.10	59.10
IRON WORKERS	42.20	22.98	25.35
LABORERS	30.23	26.66	29.03
MILLWRIGHTS	16.11	15.63	13.49
PAINTERS	56.07	56.07	56.07
PILEDRIVERS	59.23	23.75	26.95
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	41.41	27.54	26.43
SHEET METAL WORKERS	22.75	20.31	18.40
TRUCK DRIVERS	32.17	22.45	22.15

CERTIFIED:

3/21/12

BY:

  
ADMINISTRATOR, OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

**NOTE:** THESE RATES ARE PROMULGATED AND ENFORCED PURSUANT TO THE PREVAILING WAGE REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ON APRIL 3, 1992.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF WORKERS ARE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. FOR ASSISTANCE IN CLASSIFYING WORKERS, OR FOR A COPY OF THE REGULATIONS OR CLASSIFICATIONS, PHONE (302) 451-3423.

NON-REGISTERED APPRENTICES MUST BE PAID THE MECHANIC'S RATE.

**PROJECT:** T201206602.01 PCC Patching, Open End, South, 2012, Sussex County



**SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS  
TO THE  
AUGUST 2001  
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS**

**EFFECTIVE AS OF THE ADVERTISEMENT  
DATE OF THIS PROPOSAL  
AND INCLUDED BY REFERENCE**

**The Supplemental Specifications can be viewed and printed from  
the Department's Website.**

To access the Website;

- in your internet browser, enter; <http://www.deldot.gov>
- on the left side of the page under 'INFORMATION', Click; 'Publications'
- scroll down under 'MANUALS' and Click; "Standard Specifications 2001"

The full Website Link is;

[http://www.deldot.gov/information/pubs\\_forms/manuals/standard\\_specifications/index.shtml](http://www.deldot.gov/information/pubs_forms/manuals/standard_specifications/index.shtml)

Printed copies of the Supplemental Specifications are available upon request. A printed copy of the above referenced Supplemental Specifications will be included in the final contract documents upon award.

**The Contractor shall make himself aware of these revisions and corrections (Supplemental Specifications), and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract.**



# **SPECIAL PROVISIONS**



**CONSTRUCTION ITEM NUMBERS**

All construction pay items are assigned a six (6) digit number, shown as Item Number on the Plans and/or in the Special Provisions, and shall be interpreted in accordance with the following:

**Standard Item Number:**

The first three digits of the construction item numbers indicates the Section number as described in the Standard Specifications, and all applicable requirements of the Section shall remain effective unless otherwise modified by the Special Provisions. The last three digits of the construction item identifies the item by sequential number under that Section. Sequential numbers for all items covered under Standard Specifications range from 000 to 499. A comprehensive list of construction item numbers begins on page 421 of the Standard Specifications. Additions to this list will be made as required.

**Special Provisions Item Number:**

The first three digits of the construction items, covered under Special Provisions, indicates the applicable Section number of the Standard Specifications, and shall be governed fully by the requirements of the Special Provisions. The last three digit of the items covered under Special Provisions identifies the item by sequential number. Sequential numbers for Special Provision items, range from 500 to 999.

Examples

**Standard Item Number - 202000 Excavation and Embankment**

202 Indicates Section Number

000 Indicates Sequential Number

**Special Provision Item Number - 202500 Grading and Reshaping Roadway**

202 Indicates Section Number

500 Indicates Sequential Number

**401502 - ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT**

For Sections 304, 401, 402, 403, 404, and 405, payments to the Contractor shall be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price when compared to the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price, as defined in these Special Provisions.

The Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price will be issued monthly by the Department and will be the industry posted price for Asphalt Cement, F.O.B. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price will be the anticipated Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price expected to be in effect at the time of receipt of bids.

All deviations of the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price from the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price are eligible for cost adjustment. No minimum increases or decreases or corresponding percentages are required to qualify for cost adjustment.

Actual quantity of asphalt cement qualifying for any Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment will be computed on the basis of weight tickets and asphalt percentage from the approved job mix formula.

For Recycled Hot-Mix the asphalt percentage eligible for cost adjustment shall be only the new asphalt cement added to the mix.

There shall be no separate payment per ton (metric ton) cost of asphalt cement. That cost shall be included in the various unit prices bid per ton (metric ton) for those bid items that contain asphalt cement (mentioned above).

The Asphalt cement cost adjustment will be calculated on grade PG 64-22 asphalt regardless of the actual grade of asphalt used. The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price for the project will be \$636.67 per ton (\$701.81 per metric ton).

If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the price of asphalt cement on the last authorized allotted work day, shall be the prices used for cost adjustment during the time liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the industry posted price for asphalt cement goes down, the asphalt-cement cost shall be adjusted downward accordingly.

**NOTE**

Application of Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment requirements as indicated above shall apply only to those contracts involving items related to bituminous base and pavements, and with bitumen, having a total of 1,000 tons (1,000 metric tons) or more of hot-mix bid quantity in case of Sections 401, 402 and 403; and 15,000 gallons (60 000 liters) or more in case of Sections 304, 404 and 405.

401800 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)  
401801 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)  
401802 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)

401803 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22 (CARBONATE STONE)  
401804 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22 (CARBONATE STONE)  
401805 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22 (CARBONATE STONE)

401806 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22 (CARBONATE STONE)  
401807 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22 (CARBONATE STONE)  
401808 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22 (CARBONATE STONE)

401809 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22  
401810 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22  
401811 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22

401812 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22  
401813 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22  
401814 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22

401815 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22  
401816 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22  
401817 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22

401818 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 115 GYRATIONS,  
PG 64-22

401819 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 160 GYRATIONS,  
PG 64-22

401820 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 205 GYRATIONS,  
PG 64-22

401821 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING

401822 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING

401823 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 160 GYRATIONS,  
PG-64-22, PATCHING

401824 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG-64-22, WEDGE

401825 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG-64-22, WEDGE

401826 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401827 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401828 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401829 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401830 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401831 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401832 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401833 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401834 - WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22, (NON-CARBONATE  
STONE)

401835 - THIN WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22

- 401836 - THIN WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**
- 401837 - THIN WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22**
- 401838 - THIN WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22**
- 401839 - THIN WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22**
- 401840 - THIN WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22**

**Description:**

Warm mix asphalt (WMA) is the generic term used to describe the reduction in production, paving, and compaction temperatures achieved through the application of one or more WMA technologies.

WMA may be produced by one or a combination of several technologies involving asphalt foaming processes and equipment or additives that facilitate the reduction of the temperature at which the mix can be placed and satisfactorily compacted thereby permitting the mix to be produced at reduced temperatures from a comparable mix without the Warm Mix Technology.

The following Subsections of the Standard Specifications shall be applicable: 401.01, 401.03 - 401.10, 401.12, and 401.13. All other subsections have been modified herein.

The Contractor shall read and thoroughly understand the requirements of the QA/QC specification as defined in item 401699. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to determine all costs associated with meeting these requirements and to include them in the per ton bids for the various Superpave bituminous concrete items. The Contractor shall also be aware that the pay adjustment factors in item 401699 will be applied to the Superpave item payments to determine the bonus or penalty for the item.

**Materials:**

If the Contractor proposes to use a combination of materials that are not covered by this Specification, the mix design shall be submitted and reviewed by the Engineer 30 calendar days prior to use.

Conform to the requirements of Subsections 823.01, 823.05- 823.17, and 823.25 - 823.28 of the Standard Specifications and the following for bituminous materials:

**Asphalt Binder:**

The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of Superpave performance-grade asphalt binder, as referenced in the Plans, according to M 320<sup>1</sup>, Table 1 and tested according to AASHTO R29 with the following test ranges:

TEST PROCEDURE	AASHTO REFERENCE	SPECIFICATION LIMITS
Temperature, °C	M 320	Per Grade
Original DSR, G*/sin (δ)	T 315	1.00 - 2.20 kPa
RTFO DSR, G*/sin (δ)	T 315	>= 2.20 kPa
PAV DSR, G* sin (δ)	T 315	</=5000 kPa
BBR Creep Stiffness, S	T 313	</= 300.0 kPa
BBR m-value	T 313	>/=0.300

Note 1: The exception to M 320 is that the original DSR shall be 1.00 to 2.20 kPa

Substitution of a higher temperature grade will require prior approval by the Engineer.

The highest low temperature grade virgin binder to be used is -22.

Depending on the level of RAP used, the low temperature properties, per T 313, may be different than stated in M 320 or the previous table.

**Recycled Materials:**

The percentage allowance of recycled asphalt pavement shall be controlled through the use of the Materials & Research recycled mixture program available through the Materials & Research Section. The program can be used by the Contractor to determine which materials and combinations of materials can be used to meet the specified material on the contract.

No recycled asphalt shingles shall be used in WMA.

**Mineral Aggregate:**

Conform to Section 805 and the following criteria. These criteria apply to the combined aggregate blend.

DESIGN ESAL'S (MILLIONS)	COARSE AGGREGATE ANGULARITY <sup>1</sup> (% MIN)		FINE AGGREGATE ANGULARITY <sup>2</sup> (% MIN)		CLAY CONTENT <sup>3</sup> (% - MIN)	FLAT AND ELONGATED <sup>4</sup> (% - MAX)
	≤ 100 mm	> 100 mm	≤ 100 mm	> 100 mm		
< 0.3	55/-	-/-	-	-	40	-
0.3 to < 3	75/-	50/-	40	40	40	10
3 to <10	85/80 <sup>5</sup>	60/-	45	40	45	
10 < 30	95/90	80/75	45	40	45	
30	100/100	100/100	45	45	50	

<sup>1</sup>Coarse Aggregate Angularity is tested according to D5821.

<sup>2</sup>Fine Aggregate Angularity is tested according to TP33.

<sup>3</sup>Clay Content is tested according to T176.

<sup>4</sup>Flat and Elongated is tested according to D4791 with a 5:1 aspect ratio.

<sup>5</sup> 85/80 denotes that 85% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 80% has two or more fractured faces.

The following source properties apply to the individual aggregates in the aggregate blend for the proposed JMF.

TEST METHOD	SPECIFICATION LIMITS
<b>Toughness, T96</b> Percent Loss, Maximum	40
<b>Soundness, T104</b> Percent Loss, Maximum for five cycles	20
<b>Deleterious Materials, T112</b> Percent, Maximum	10
<b>Moisture Sensitivity, T283</b> Percent, Minimum	80

Supply all polish values to the Engineer upon request. The polish value of the composite aggregate blend for any roadway with a minimum average daily traffic volume (ADT) of 8000 vehicles and a posted speed of 35 mph (60 kph) or greater shall be greater than 8.0 when tested according to Maryland State Highway Administration 'MSMT 411 - Laboratory Method of Predicting Frictional Resistance of Polished Aggregates and Pavement Surfaces'. RAP shall be assigned a value of 4.0.

**Mineral Filler:**

Conform to M17.

**Warm Mix Additives:**

For any WMA technology requiring addition of any material by the producer during production, the following information will be submitted with the proposed JMF for review and approval at least 30 calendar days prior to production:

1. WMA technology and/or additive information.
2. WMA technology manufacturer's recommendation for usage.
3. WMA technology target dosage rate and tolerance envelope. Support tolerance envelope with test data demonstrating acceptable mix production properties conforming to all sections of this specification.
4. WMA technology manufacturer's material safety data sheets (MSDS).
5. Documentation of past WMA technology field application including points of contact.
6. Temperature ranges for mixing and compacting.
7. Laboratory test data, samples, and sources of all mix components, and asphalt binder viscosity-temperature relationships.

The contractor shall follow the manufacturer's recommendation for incorporating additives and WMA technologies into the mix. The contractor shall also comply with the manufacturer's recommendation regarding receiving, storage, and delivery of additives.

If the producer performs blending of the WMA technology in their tank, a separate Quality Control plan shall be submitted by the producer to the Department for review and approval at least 30 calendar days prior to production.

**Mixture Requirements:**

**Mix Design.** Develop and submit a job mix formula for each mixture according to R35. Each mix design shall be capable of being produced, placed, and compacted as specified. Apply all mix design requirements for Superpave to the development of the WMA mix design.

**Gradation:** The FHWA Superpave 0.45 Power Chart shall be used to define permissible gradations for the specified mixture. Type C shall be either a No.4 (4.75 mm), 3/8" (9.5 mm), or 1/2" (12.5 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size Hot-Mix. Unless otherwise noted in the Plans, the Type C shall meet the 3/8" (9.5 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size. Type B Hot-Mix shall be the 3/4" (19.0 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size and the Bituminous Concrete Base Course (BCBC) shall be the 1" (25.0 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size. Target values for percent passing each standard sieve for the design aggregate structure shall comply with the Superpave control points and should avoid the restricted zone. Percentages shall be based on the washed gradation of the aggregate according to T11.

Thin WMA, Type C shall be a No. 4 (4.75 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size Only.

In addition to the results of the material requirements specified above, the following material properties shall be provided by the Contractor: bulk specific gravity  $G_{sb}$ , apparent specific gravity  $G_{sa}$ , and the absorption of the individual aggregate stockpiles to be used, tested according to T84 and T85 and reported to three decimal places along with the specific gravity of the mineral filler to be used, tested according to T100 and reported to three decimal places.

**Superpave Gyrotory Compactive (SGC) Effort:**

The Superpave Gyrotory Compaction effort employed throughout mixture design, field quality control, or field quality assurance shall be as indicated below. All mixture specimens tested in the SGC shall be compacted to  $N_{Max}$ . Height data provided by the SGC shall be employed to calculate volumetric properties at  $N_{INITIAL}$ ,  $N_{DESIGN}$ , and  $N_{MAX}$ .

**Superpave Gyrotory Compactive (SGC) Effort:**

DESIGN TRAFFIC LEVEL (MILLION ESAL'S)	N <sub>INITIAL</sub>	N <sub>DESIGN</sub>	N <sub>MAX</sub>
0.3 to < 3	7	75	115
3 to < 30	8	100	160
30	9	125	205

**Volumetric Design Parameters.** The design aggregate structure at the target asphalt cement content shall satisfy the volumetric criteria below:

DESIGN ESAL'S (MILLION)	REQUIRED DENSITY (% OF THEORETICAL MAXIMUM SPECIFIC GRAVITY)			VOIDS-IN-MINERAL AGGREGATE (% - MINIMUM) NOMINAL MAX. AGGREGATE (mm)					VOIDS FILLED WITH ASPHALT (% - MINIMUM)
	N <sub>INITIAL</sub>	N <sub>DESIGN</sub>	N <sub>MAX</sub>	25.0	19.0	9.5	12.5	4.75	
	0.3 to < 3	≥ 90.5							
3 to < 10	89.0	96.0	≤ 98.0	12.5	13.5	15.5	14.5	16.5	65.0 - 75.0 <sup>1</sup>
10 < 30									
30									

Air voids ( $V_a$ ) at  $N_{design}$  shall be 4.0% for all ESAL designs. Air voids ( $V_a$ ) at  $N_{max}$  shall be a minimum of 2.0% for all ESAL designs

The dust to effective binder ratio for the mix having aggregate gradations above the Primary Control Sieve (PCS) Control Points shall be 0.6-1.2. For aggregate gradations below the PCS Control Points, the dust to binder ratio shall be 0.8-1.6. For the No. 4 (4.75 mm) mix, the dust to binder ratio shall be 0.9-2.0 whether above or below the PCS Control Points.

For 3/8" (9.5 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size mixtures, the specified VFA range shall be 73.0% to 76.0% and for 4.75 mm Nominal Maximum Size mixtures, the range shall be 75 % to 78% for design traffic levels 3 million ESALs.

**Gradation Control Points:**

The combined aggregates shall conform to the gradation requirement specified in the following table when tested according to T11 and T27.

Nominal Maximum Aggregates Size Control Points, Percent Passing										
SIEVE SIZE	25.0 mm		19.0 mm		12.5 mm		9.5 mm		4.75 mm	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
37.5 mm	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25.0 mm	90	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19.0 mm	-	90	90	100	100	-	-	-	-	-
12.5 mm	-	-	-	90	90	100	100	-	100	-
9.5 mm	-	-	-	-	-	90	90	100	95	100
4.75 mm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	90	100
2.36 mm	19	45	23	49	28	58	32	67	-	-
1.18 mm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	60

<b>Nominal Maximum Aggregates Size Control Points, Percent Passing</b>										
	<b>25.0 mm</b>		<b>19.0 mm</b>		<b>12.5 mm</b>		<b>9.5 mm</b>		<b>4.75 mm</b>	
<b>SIEVE SIZE</b>	<b>MIN</b>	<b>MA X</b>	<b>MIN</b>	<b>MA X</b>	<b>MIN</b>	<b>MAX</b>	<b>MIN</b>	<b>MA X</b>	<b>MIN</b>	<b>MA X</b>
0.075 mm	1	7	2	8	2	10	2	10	6	12

Note: The aggregate gradation for each sieve must fall within the minimum and maximum limits.

**Gradation Classification:**

The Primary Control Sieve (PCS) defines the break point of fine and coarse mixtures. The combined aggregates shall be classified as coarse graded when it passes below the Primary Control Sieve (PCS) control point as defined below. All other gradations shall be classified as fine graded.

<b>PCS CONTROL POINT FOR MIXTURE NOMINAL MAXIMUM AGGREGATES SIZE (% PASSING)</b>					
Nominal maximum Aggregates Size	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.5 mm
Primary Control Sieve	4.75 mm	4.75 mm	2.36 mm	2.36 mm	1.18 mm
PCS Control Point	40	47	39	47	30-60

**Plant Production Tolerances:**

<b>Volumetric Property</b>	<b>Superpave Criteria</b>
Air Voids ( $V_a$ ) at (%) $N_{max}$	2.0 (min)
Air Voids ( $V_a$ ) at $N_{design}$ (%)	5.5 (max)
Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) at $N_{design}$	
25.0 mm Bituminous Concrete Base Course	-1.2
19.0 mm Type B Hot-Mix	+2.0
12.5 mm Type C Hot-Mix	
9.5 mm Type C Hot-Mix	
4.5 mm Type C Hot-Mix	

**Design Evaluation:**

The contractor shall furnish a Job Mix Formula (JMF) for review and approval. The Engineer may elect to evaluate the proposed JMF and suitability of all materials. All materials requested by the Engineer shall be provided at the contractor's expense to the Central Laboratory in Dover in a timely manner upon request. To verify the complete mixture design and evaluate the suitability of all materials, the following approximate quantities are required:

- 5.25 gal (20 liters) of the asphalt binder;
- 0.13 gal (0.5 liters) sample of liquid heat-stable anti-strip additive;
- 254 lb. (115 kg) of each coarse aggregate;
- 154 lb. (70 kg) of each intermediate and fine aggregate;
- 22 lb. (10 kg) of mineral filler; and
- 254 lb. (115 kg) of RAP, when applicable.

**The proposed JMF shall include the following:**

Plot of the design aggregate structure on the FHWA Superpave 0.45 power chart showing the maximum density line, Superpave control points, and recommended restricted zone.

Plot of the three trial asphalt binder contents at  $\pm 0.5\%$  gyratory compaction curves where the percent of maximum specific gravity (% of  $G_{mm}$ ) is plotted against the log base ten of the number of gyrations (log (N)) showing the applicable criteria for  $N_{initial}$ ,  $N_{design}$ , and  $N_{max}$ .

Plot of the percent asphalt binder by total weight of the mix ( $P_b$ ) versus the following:

% of  $G_{mm}$  at  $N_{design}$ , VMA at  $N_{design}$ , VFA at  $N_{design}$ , Fines to effective asphalt binder ( $P_{be}$ ) ratio, and unit weight ( $kg/m^2$ ) at both  $N_{design}$  and  $N_{max}$ .

Summary of the consensus property standards test results for the design aggregate structure, summary of the source property standards test results for the individual aggregates in the design aggregate structure, target value of the asphalt binder content, and a table of  $G_{mm}$  of the asphalt mixture for the four trial asphalt binder contents determined according to T209.

The JMF shall also include the NCAT Ignition Oven calibration for the specific materials utilized for this mix.

**Construction:**

**Production Plants.** The contractor shall modify and/or operate their production plant as required by the manufacturer to introduce the WMA technology.

**Weather Limitations.** Place mix only on dry, unfrozen surfaces.

The minimum ambient temperature shall be 32 degrees F.

The following table of ambient temperatures for various binder grades and lift thicknesses for placement with the following parameters:

- Minimum surface temperature of 32 degrees F
- Maximum production temperature of 275 degrees F
- Maximum wind speed of 8 miles per hour

Lift Thickness (in)	PG Binder		
	76-22	70-22	64-22
1.50	50F	45F	40F
2.00	40F	38F	35F
3.00	32F	32F	32F

Construction outside of these conditions will be at the discretion of the Engineer.

**Compaction:**

Compaction shall be tested and paid per Item 401699 - Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete .05 (b) Pavement Construction - Tests and Evaluations.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment:**

Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment will be in accordance with Subsections 401.14 and 401.15 of the Standard Specifications.

The item 401699, will define adjustment factor to be applied to the bituminous concrete payments for bonus or penalty.

9/6/11

**503001 - PATCHING P.C.C. PAVEMENT, 6' TO 15', TYPE A**  
**503002 - PATCHING P.C.C. PAVEMENT, GREATER THAN 15' TO 100', TYPE B**  
**503006 - DOWEL BARS**

Section 503 of the Standard Specification is replaced with the following:

**503.01 Description.** This work consists of removing and disposing of existing Portland cement concrete pavement and replacing it with new Portland cement concrete pavement. The Engineer will designate the boundaries of each repair. This work is not intended for repairing newly constructed Portland cement concrete pavement or for repairing continuously reinforced concrete pavement. This work shall be completed after any planned partial depth patching. It shall also be completed before any diamond grinding, and before any overlay.

**Materials**

**503.02 Portland Cement Concrete.** Portland cement concrete shall conform to Class A, Section 812 and have a minimum compressive strength of 2000 psi in six hours as measured by Sure-Cure Mold test cylinders. The Sure-Cure Mold test cylinders and all associated equipment shall be provided by the Contractor. The concrete will be sampled and tested by the Engineer. The Engineer may also use the concrete maturity meter in accordance with AASHTO T325 to determine compressive strength.

This concrete shall also have material present in the mixture to mitigate alkali-silica reactivity (ASR) as per Section 812. The following parameters shall be adhered to by the contractor-submitted mix design for the Portland cement concrete:

CONCRETE PROPERTY	SPECIFICATION
Water/Cementitious Material Ratio	0.40 (Max.)
Air Content (%)	4 - 7
Slump*	2 - 5"
Synthetic Fibers **	1.5 lb/yd <sup>3</sup> min. or as per manufacturer's recommendation

\*Slump may be increased up to 8" if a Type F Admixture is utilized. All admixtures utilized in the mixture shall be non-chloride based materials.

\*\* Synthetic fibers shall be alkali resistant polypropylene, polyethylene, or nylon fibers with a minimum length of 1/2" and meet the requirements of ASTM C1116, Type III.

The Contractor, in order to accomplish 2000 psi compressive strength in six hours, shall establish actual combination of weights and proportion of admixtures as required by the field conditions, ambient temperature, humidity, and wind conditions. If the Contractor, due to unfavorable conditions, is unable to accomplish the desired strength in six hours, they may reschedule to the proper timing for performing the patching work.

**503.03 Load Transfer Device.** Dowel bars shall conform to AASHTO M 227/M 227M grade 65 (grade 450). The entire length of the dowel shall be pre-coated to conform to AASHTO M254. If the slab is less than 10" thick, the dowels shall be 18" long with a diameter of 1 1/4". If the slab is greater than or equal to 10" thick, the dowels shall be 20" long, with a diameter of 1 1/2".

Load transfer assemblies shall be fabricated from corrosion-resistant, coated dowel bars conforming to AASHTO M254. Dowel support baskets shall conform to the requirements of Standard Construction Details or details in the Plans.

**503.04 Grout.** Epoxy grout, when used for anchoring the dowels in place, shall conform to AASHTO M235. Concrete grout, when used for anchoring the dowels in place, shall be non-shrink grout conforming to the Corps of Engineers "Specification for Non-Shrink Grout," CRD-C621. The maximum allowable expansion shall be 0.4 percent. The grout shall have a compressive strength no less than 3000 psi at 24 hours when tested according to ASTM C109. The initial set shall be less than 60 minutes when tested under the Corps of Engineers "Method of Test for Time of Setting of Grout Mixtures," CRD-C82.

**503.05 Joint Sealants.** Hot-poured joint sealant shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M301 or AASHTO M282.

**503.06 Curing Materials.** Curing materials shall be as follows:

- (1) *Liquid Membrane Compounds.* The material shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 148, for Type 2, Class A or B white-pigmented liquid curing compound.
- (2) *Polyethylene Sheeting.* Polyethylene sheeting shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 171.
- (3) *Waterproof Paper.* Waterproof paper shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 171.
- (4) *Water Cure.* The water shall conform to Section 803.

**503.07 Insulating Blankets.** Insulation blankets shall be a minimum of 2" thick of fiberglass, rock wool, or other approved commercial insulation material.

## **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

**503.08 Patching Limits.** The areas of old pavement to be patched will be indicated on the Plans, or identified by the Engineer.

The limits of the area where the pavement is to be removed and patched will be painted on the existing pavement by the Engineer.

Patches can be either Type 'A' or Type 'B'. A Type 'A' patch is 15' or less in length. A Type 'B' patch is greater than 15' and less than 100' in length and contains load transfer assemblies spaced at a maximum of 15'.

Pavement replacement greater than 100' in length shall be constructed under **Section 501 Portland Cement Concrete Pavement.**

**503.09 Patching Pavement.** The Engineer will designate the boundaries of the concrete patch. The ends of the patch shall either match or offset by at least 2' the existing joints, any cracks, or patch ends in the immediate adjacent lanes. Transverse boundaries of the concrete patch shall be at least 2' from the existing joint line.

Patch lengths shall be at least 6' and no more than 15' without a load-transfer device. The patch shall be the full width of the existing slab or as noted on the Plans. The patch depth shall be no less than the existing slab.

The entire perimeter of the patch that is adjacent to concrete shall be sawed full depth by a concrete saw equipped with a diamond blade or approved equal of sufficient size to cut the concrete slabs to the required depth along straight and plumb lines. All perimeter cuts shall be plumb and parallel to or normal to the centerline of the roadway. Cutting, removing, and replacing existing hot-mix overlays up to 8" on the concrete shall be considered incidental to this item. Any over cut into the remaining slabs shall be kept to a minimum and shall be sealed (incidental to the sealing of the patch if not overlaid; if overlay is planned, no sealing will be required.). Any existing tie-steel across the patch perimeter line shall be cut. The Contractor may make additional cuts (such as diagonal and slanted cuts) to facilitate the removal of the concrete within the patch boundaries. The additional cuts to facilitate removal shall be incidental to the saw cutting item and will not be measured or paid. Cutting shall not precede the removal operations by more than two days.

The concrete in the repair area shall be removed by the lift-out technique without damaging the remaining concrete slabs or disturbing the base and subgrade. The lift out technique involves drilling holes into the patch to insert lifting hooks, pins, or chains. Improper actions (such as dropping the removed slab on adjacent concrete pavement, damaging the pavement edge due to Contractors methods, or other actions deemed damaging by the Engineer) leading to slab damage, shall be repaired by the Contractor, by an approved method, at no cost to the Department.

When the lift-out technique is not feasible, concrete in the patch area shall be broken by an approved mechanical pavement breaker or jackhammers and removed. The removal of the existing concrete and hot-mix overlay shall be executed with minimal disturbance to the remaining concrete or foundation. Any damage beyond the limits of the patch, caused by the improper actions of the Contractor shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no cost to the Department.

Where the patch is next to the shoulder and removal of the concrete results in a clean, uniform shoulder edge, the Engineer may allow the Contractor to use the shoulder edge as the form for the new concrete. Any portion of the shoulder pavement structure removed or disturbed by the patching operation shall be repaired in kind by the Contractor and the cost shall be incidental to the patching item(s). Saw cutting the joint between the concrete pavement and shoulder may assist in maintaining a clean, uniform shoulder edge. If the adjacent shoulder is concrete, the saw cut will be measured and paid for. If the adjacent shoulder is hot-mix asphalt, no measurement or payment will be made.

**503.10 Patch Preparation.** After removal of the concrete, the repair area shall be cleaned out with hand tools. Particular attention shall be given to existing longitudinal joint areas due to the possibility of loose concrete where the joint cracked away from the plumb line during the original construction. All vertical faces shall be cleaned of loose and deleterious material, prior to the placement of concrete.

Any base or subgrade that is unstable shall be removed to a maximum depth of 6" as directed by the Engineer. No new base material shall be placed; the excavated area will be filled with the concrete when the patch concrete is placed. The excavation is to be paid for under Item 212001 - Undercut, Excavation, Patching, with the replacement material to be concrete SY-IN paid for under Item 503503 - Patching Concrete.

After the old concrete is removed, the patch areas shall be protected from water intrusion when precipitation is forecast.

Dowels shall be placed to provide load transfer at mid-depth  $\pm 1"$  of the ends of the patch along the transverse joint at  $12" \pm 1"$  on-center spacing, at least 6" from the slab edge. The dowel holes shall be drilled parallel to the profile and centerline of the pavement to an embedment depth of half the dowel bar length. The equipment for drilling holes in the face of the remaining concrete slabs must be capable of producing holes of proper size, depth, and angle. The drill must not crack or spall the remaining concrete. A drill support system shall be used to ensure proper hole alignment.

Dowel holes shall be drilled to a diameter of  $1 \frac{3}{4}$  for cementitious grout and  $1 \frac{9}{16}$ " for epoxy grout. If the existing concrete breaks during drilling, cut away more concrete or relocate the hole to provide a solid support for the dowel. Fill any unused hole with cement grout or epoxy grout. Any damage caused by the Contractor's technique shall be repaired at no added cost to the Department.

The holes shall be blown clean with compressed air prior to placing the anchoring epoxy or grout material. The anchoring material shall be injected into the back of the hole to provide complete coverage around the dowels without any voids. The dowels, each with a grout retention disk, shall be inserted into the holes with a twisting motion and seated into place by tapping. The disk shall be flush to the face of the existing concrete. The dowels shall be solidly held in proper alignment before placement of the patch concrete.

Dowel placement and joint construction details for contraction joints within the patch area shall conform to the requirements of Standard Construction Details or details in the Plans.

The following are the allowable dowel translations and rotations: Vertical rotation - the difference in depth (vertical position) between the midpoint and the exposed end of the dowel; the allowable tolerance

is ¼" of vertical deviation from the true longitudinal axis of the pavement. Horizontal rotation - the difference in lateral position between the midpoint and the exposed end of the dowel; the allowable tolerance is ¼" of horizontal deviation from the true longitudinal axis of the pavement. Longitudinal translation - the longitudinal distance between the exposed end of the dowel and the edge of the patch is 10" with an allowable tolerance of ± 1" .

The dowels at the end of each patch will be paid for under Item 503006-Dowels.

Side forms may be required when the patch is adjacent to a hot mix shoulder and the shoulder is damaged during concrete removal.

Bonding of the transverse and longitudinal sides of the patch to the adjacent concrete slabs shall be prevented by an approved bond-breaking material such as a sheet of plastic over the vertical face or a light coating of a wax based curing compound covering the vertical face.

For existing composite pavements (hot-mix over concrete) that will not be overlaid, a 2" lift of hot-mix shall be placed over the concrete after the concrete has reached strength sufficient to allow opening to traffic.

**503.11 Placing Concrete.** Portland cement concrete shall be placed according to the requirements of Subsection 501.07. The concrete shall be deposited directly on the foundation and shall be uniformly distributed and spread over the entire foundation. Each patch area shall be cast in one continuous operation.

**503.12 Consolidating and Finishing Concrete.** The concrete shall be consolidated with an internal vibrator, particularly near the edges, corners, and around the dowels. The vibrator must be capable of visibly affecting the concrete from a distance of 1' from the vibrator head.

Except when a hot-mix surface is required or when an overlay will be placed, the surface of the patch concrete shall be struck off flush with the existing pavement. For patches up to 10' long, the screed shall be placed parallel to the centerline of the roadway. For longer patches, the screed may be placed perpendicular to the centerline of the roadway. The surface of the concrete patch shall be textured to match the surrounding pavement (tining, grooves, etc.), except when an overlay will be placed or diamond grinding will be performed.

The riding surface texture, profile, and cross section of the concrete patches shall meet the following requirements:

When the patch surface will be overlaid with Hot-Mix Asphalt as part of this Contract, the patch shall be broom finished or tined, with the texture applied in a direction perpendicular to the traffic flow. The profile and cross slope shall match the adjacent pavement surface. If the profile in the finished patch area contains excessive surface deviations, the patch is unacceptable. Excessive deviations are surface deviations greater than 1/8" from a reference line between points not greater than 10' apart along the direction of traffic.

When the patch surface will be part of the final surface of the roadway, the patch surface shall be finished to match the texture of the adjacent pavement. The patch surface cross section shall match the preceding and following pavement surfaces. The Engineer may test for excessive deviations with a straightedge, a California-type profilometer, or other surface measuring devices. When tested with a straightedge, excessive deviations are surface deviations greater than 1/8" from a reference line between points not greater than 10' apart along the direction of traffic. When tested with a profilograph, excessive deviations are surface deviations greater than 0.3" above or below a reference line between points not greater than 25' apart along the direction of traffic, when the pavement will not be diamond ground end-to-end after patching. When the pavement will be diamond ground end-to-end after patching, excessive deviations are defined as surface deviations greater than 0.4" above or below a reference line between points not greater than 25' apart along the direction of traffic and less than 0.3" after grinding. The Contractor shall correct unacceptable deviations in the patch areas before starting the end-to-end grinding.

**503.13 Curing and Protecting.** Curing shall conform to the requirements of Subsections 501.11 and 501.12 and the following:

The patch shall be cured and protected with either a liquid membrane curing compound and polyethylene sheeting or wet burlap and polyethylene sheeting.

When liquid membrane curing compound is used, it shall be applied uniformly upon completion of the patch texturing at a rate of 150 ft<sup>2</sup>/gallon and then covered with polyethylene sheeting.

When burlap/polyethylene sheeting is used, the patch shall be covered with a layer of wet burlap immediately after the concrete has achieved initial set, and the wet burlap shall be covered with a polyethylene sheet.

After the curing compound/polyethylene sheeting or burlap/polyethylene sheeting is applied, the patch shall be covered with an approved insulation blanket, and it shall remain in place until the concrete has achieved the design strength. Edges and seams in the insulation shall be secured to prevent penetration of the wind.

**503.14 Joints.** The transverse and longitudinal joints shall be formed or sawed as shown on the Standard Construction Details Transverse joints within the patch area shall be sawed at the proper time to assure proper cracking at the transverse crack. Cleaning and sealing of the joints with hot poured sealant material shall be completed within 5 days after concrete placement if no overlay is planned.

The non-repaired transverse joints on each side of the patched area shall also be cleaned and resealed. Joints shall be cleaned by mechanical wire brushing or by light sandblasting. Immediately prior to resealing, the joint groove shall receive a final cleaning with compressed air having a minimum pressure of 90 psi .

Repairs to damaged concrete or hot-mix shoulder shall be completed before the patch area is subjected to any traffic loading.

**503.15 Defective Work.** Concrete which fails to reach the full design strength in the specified 6-hours may be considered defective concrete based upon its structural adequacy.

If the concrete is determined to not be structurally adequate by the Engineer, it is considered defective and it shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the Department. If the concrete is determined to be structurally adequate by the Engineer and the concrete can remain in place, the Contractor may accept a prorated payment for the below-specified concrete as referenced below. If the Contractor does not wish to accept the prorated payment, the below-specified concrete shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Department.

**503.16 Method of Measurement.** The quantity of Portland cement concrete pavement patch will be measured as the actual number of square yards of concrete patch placed and accepted. The width of measurement will be the full width from outside of the completed patches as constructed, measured parallel to the transverse saw cuts. The length will be the actual length measured parallel to the centerline of the pavement.

The quantity of dowel bars will be measured as the actual number of dowel bars installed and accepted at the ends of each patch. Dowel bars and support assemblies (load transfer assemblies) installed at internal joints in Type B Patches will not be measured but will be considered as incidental to the Contract price per square yard for Item 503002 - Patching P.C.C. Pavement, greater than 15' to 100', Type B.

**503.17 Basis of Payment.** The quantity of Portland cement concrete pavement patch will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard . Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing, hauling, and placing all materials, including high-early strength concrete; load transfer assembly, and joint filler (where applicable).; for removing, and disposing of existing concrete; for preparing the foundation; for tooling, finishing, curing, sealing of over cuts in non-overlay areas, and protecting the new concrete; for disposing of excess material; and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work. In addition, the price and applicable payment(s) will be based on Type A or Type B Patches.

*Price Adjustment for Low Strength Concrete.* Prorated payment for concrete as specified in Subsection 503.15 shall be calculated as shown in the following equation:

$$\text{Prorated Payment} = \frac{\text{Actual 6-hour Compressive Strength}}{\text{Specified 6-hour Compressive Strength}} \times (\text{Quantity of Concrete}^*) \times (\text{Bid Price}^{**})$$

\* The quantity for which the low compressive strength results represent.

\*\* Item bid price; not material cost.

**NOTE:**

**If the Engineer directs the Contractor (in writing) to place Portland cement concrete which is in violation to any applicable Specifications, or if any other Department Specification is violated, this Prorated Payment will not be enforced.**

The quantity of dowel bars will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for drilling holes, furnishing and installing grout and dowel bars with grout retention disk and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work.

Saw cutting the perimeter of the patch that is adjacent to concrete (including shoulder if applicable) will be measured and paid for under item 762002 - Saw Cutting, Concrete, Full Depth. All other saw cutting, including the joint between the concrete and hot-mix asphalt shoulder, will be incidental to the patching item(s).

Hot-pour sealant, if applicable, will be measure and paid for under item 503501 .

Any damage caused by the lift-out technique of the Contractor, shall be repaired by the Contractor at no cost to the Department.

10/4/06

**503501 - CRACK AND JOINT SEALING LESS THAN 3/4" WIDE**  
**503502 - CRACK AND JOINT SEALING 3/4" to 1 3/4" WIDE**

**Description:**

The item shall consist of cleaning and sealing the existing P.C.C. pavement transverse and longitudinal joints, and pavement cracks in accordance with these specifications, plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

**Materials:**

**Pourable Sealant:** The Sealant shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 3405, Hot-Poured Joint Sealants. The Appendix of that specification shall be considered as part of this specification. Application for approval of joint sealant material by the manufacturer shall be submitted to the Department's Materials and Research Section.

**Backup Material/Bondbreaker:** The backup material/bondbreaker shall be stitched cotton piping cord, polyethylene backer rod, or approved equal material that is compatible with the sealant to be used and capable of withstanding the required sealant application temperature without melting. Back-up material shall be 25% wider than the nominal width of the joints.

The diameter of the backup material/bondbreaker shall be such that when placed in the joint it will support the sealant at its design depth, allowing the sealant to achieve the design shape, prevent the sealant from leaking around and underneath it, and allow the sealant to deform freely when the joint expands and contracts.

The backer rod shall not be stretched during insertion in the joint. When the bottom of the joint opening to be sealed is formed by previously installed expansion joint material (such as at concrete patch locations), a nonreactive adhesive-backed tape shall be inserted in lieu of the backer rod. The tape shall be 1/8 inch (3 mm) wider than the nominal width of the joints.

**Sealant Equipment:** Proper sealing equipment shall be used for the specific material listed in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations. The equipment for hot applied sealing compounds shall be a melting kettle of a double boiler, indirect heating type, using oil as a heat-transfer medium. The kettle shall have an effective mechanically operated agitator and shall be equipped with a positive thermostatic temperature control which shall be checked for calibration before commencing. Overheating shall not be permitted. The hoses and applicator wand shall be insulated. The nozzle of the mechanical device shall be shaped to fit inside the joint and introduce the sealant between the joint faces.

**Construction Methods:**

Removal of existing joint sealant, sawing and/or refacing of joints, cleaning, shape factor dimensions, backup material and sealant installation shall be in accordance with these specifications.

**Existing Sealant Removal:** Any in-place sealant shall be removed from the joint using a vertical cutting edge tool; however, V-shape plow tools will not be permitted. A power driven concrete high pressure water blasting will be permitted.

The sealant shall be removed to the depth required to accommodate any separating and/or backup material used, and to provide the specified depth for the new sealant material to be installed.

**Refacing of Joints:** Joints shall be sawed or refaced using a power driven concrete saw with diamond or abrasive blades to remove all old sealant from the joint faces to expose new clean concrete and, if required, to cut the joint to the width and depth necessary to provide for an effective shape factor in the joint sealant.

**Cleaning Prior to Resealing:** Following all sawing, resawing, or refacing operations, the joint faces and opening shall be thoroughly cleaned by sandblasting followed by an oil-free air jet to remove all cuttings or debris remaining on the faces or in the joint opening. The newly exposed joint faces shall be cleaned by sandblasting. The sandblast joint cleaning operation shall be such that when completed the concrete joint surface which is to receive the new joint sealant shall be free of all tar and asphalt, all old sealant, all discoloration and stain, as well as any and all other forms of contamination of the pore structure--leaving a clean, dry, newly exposed concrete surface.

Immediately prior to the placement of the backup material and the sealant, the joints shall be cleaned with a compressed air stream of at least 100 psi (690 kPa) measured at the source.

The air compressors used for the purpose described above must be equipped with traps capable of removing moisture and oil from the air. Work shall be stopped when there is oil or moisture in the compressed air. Work shall not resume until suitable adjustments are made and the air stream is found to be free of such contaminants.

Under no conditions will the Contractor be permitted to place the sealant if there is dust, moisture, oil, or any other contaminants on that portion of the concrete which is to receive the joint sealant.

The Contractor shall be responsible for protecting the public from hazard or damage during the sandblasting and joint cleaning operations. Rigidly supported plywood sheeting or other suitable material and method used for this purpose shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

During all operations, care shall be taken not to damage the subbase, curbs, shoulders, load transfer devices, or pavement. In the event that such damage occurs, it shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no expense to the State.

**Limits of Joint Preparation:** The work required for the removal of existing joint sealant, widening and/or deepening of the joint openings, if required, refacing of joint faces, and sandblasting of the joint faces should proceed at reasonable production rates. The final stages of joint preparation which includes air pressure cleaning of joints, and placement of separating and/or backup material shall be limited to only that length of joint that can be resealed during a day's production.

**Installation of Pourable Sealant:** A copy of the manufacturer's recommendations pertaining to the heating and application of the sealant shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the commencement of work and these recommendations shall be adhered to and followed by the Contractor, with such exceptions as this specification may require.

At the start of the day's operations special procedures may be necessary in order to achieve a sealant temperature consistent with this specification. The Contractor shall ascertain from the manufacturer of the apparatus he is using, the procedures necessary and be able to so execute these procedures prior to his commencement of joint sealing operations.

The recommended pouring temperature shall be 10 degrees (5.5 degrees) below the manufacturer's designated Safe Heating Temperature. The allowable variance from the recommended pouring temperature shall be  $\pm 10$  degrees ( $\pm 5$  degrees).

The first gallon (4 liters) of material to flow out of the applicator wand at the beginning of the day shall be considered spoil and as such be discarded into a container for proper disposal.

The applicator wand shall be returned to the machine and the material recirculated immediately upon the completion of each joint sealing.

Sealant compound shall not be placed unless the face of the joint is completely dry, clean and free of dust, and backup material installed at the required depth to provide a uniform, specified sealant thickness. Manufacturer's recommendations for application temperature shall be followed, however, the atmospheric and pavement temperature shall both be at least 50 degrees F (10 degrees C) but not greater than 90 degrees F (32 degrees C). at the time of application of the sealant. Installation of the sealant shall be such that the

in-place sealant shall be well bonded to the concrete and free of voids or entrapped air. The joints shall be uniformly sealed in a neat and workmanlike manner, so that upon completion of the work, the surface of the sealant material shall be  $1/4$  in.  $\pm$   $1/16$  in ( $6$  mm  $\pm$   $1.5$  mm) below the adjacent pavement surface. The Contractor shall "spot up" or refill all low joints before final acceptance. Any excess material on the surface of the pavement shall be removed and the pavement surface shall be left in a clean condition. Unless otherwise specified, the period of cure shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Vehicular or heavy equipment traffic shall not be permitted on the pavement in the area of the joints during the curing period.

The sealant shall be placed to conform with the dimensions and shape shown on the Plans and as specified herein. Any failure of the sealed joint due to lack of adhesion or cohesion of joint material; improper or unsatisfactory workmanship by the Contractor; or damage by the Contractor's operations or traffic will be cause for rejection. The joint(s) shall be repaired to the Engineer's satisfaction at no additional cost to the Department.

After a joint has been sealed, all excess sealant or other residue on the pavement surface shall be removed. Traffic shall not be permitted over sealed joints until the sealant is tackfree and until debris from traffic does not imbed into the sealant.

**Method of Measurement:**

The quantity of crack and joint sealing will be measured as the actual number of linear feet (meters) of cracks and joints sealed and accepted measured along the crack and/or joint, end to end.

**Basis of Payment:**

The quantity of transverse and longitudinal cracks and joints cleaned and resealed, measured from end-to-end shall be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (meter) for "Crack and Joint Sealing Less than  $3/4$  in. ( $19$  mm) Wide, and "Crack and Joint Sealing,  $3/4$  in. to  $1\ 3/4$  in. ( $19$  mm to  $44$  mm) Wide. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing and placing hot poured joint sealer as specified on the Plans or as directed, backup material, for removal and disposal of existing joint sealer, for all joint resawing and refacing, for sandblast cleaning, airblast cleaning, for all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

11/8/01

**503503 - PATCHING CONCRETE**

**Description:**

This item consists of furnishing and placing Portland Cement Concrete, conforming to the requirements of Section 503 of the Standard Specifications and/or as modified herein under this Contract. After removal of the existing P.C.C. pavement, if the base material is unsuitable or washed out, the unsuitable material shall be excavated and the void replaced with the same concrete used in the patch area. This additional depth shall not exceed 6" (150 mm) from the bottom of the existing P.C.C. Pavement. Excessive moisture remaining after excavation, shall require construction of a pipe underdrain system, when directed by the Engineer and as shown on the Plans. All excavation below the bottom of existing pavement shall be paid for under the item "Undercut Excavation, Patching".

This item may also be used in areas of composite pavements (hot-mix over concrete) if the Contractor elects to pour concrete patch flush with existing hot-mix pavement to eliminate grade differential. This additional depth shall be as directed by the Engineer, but shall not exceed 6" (150 mm) in depth.

**Method of Measurement:**

The quantity of concrete patching will be measured as the actual number of square yards per inch of thickness (square meters per 25 mm of thickness) of additional thickness either above or below the existing concrete pavement. The area measured shall be the square yards (square meter) on the surface of the base course and the depth measured in inches (mm) from either top or bottom of the original P.C.C. pavement as determined from the adjacent pavement. The depth shall be as directed by the Engineer, but shall not exceed 6" (150 mm) in measurement or payment.

**Basis of Payment:**

The quantity of concrete patching will be paid for at the Contract fixed price of \$5.65 per square yard per inch of thickness (\$6.13 per square meter per 25 mm of thickness). Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing and placing additional depth of concrete as described above, for all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals to complete the item.

**NOTE**

Also, under the items 503001 - Patching P.C.C. Pavement, 6" to 20", Type A and 503000 - Patching P.C.C. Pavement, Greater than 20" to 100", Type B (503001 - Patching P.C.C. Pavement, 1.8 m to 6 m, Type A and 503002 - Patching P.C.C. Pavement, Greater than 6 m to 30 m, Type B), the Contractor shall be paid for the additional thickness of concrete actually poured in the field above the thickness specified on the P.C.C. Patching Plans at a fixed rate of \$5.65 per square yard per inch of thickness (\$6.13 per square meter per 25 mm of thickness).

10/06/06

**503517 - P.C.C. PATCHING, PARTIAL DEPTH**

**Description:**

All the requirements of Section 503 of the Standard Specifications shall be applicable except as modified in this Specification.

This work shall consist of partial depth patching of spalls, potholes, corner breaks or other surface distress in Portland Cement Concrete pavements. The patch area shall be prepared by removal of existing damaged and/or disintegrated concrete from the area indicated on the plans and/or as directed by the Engineer, and patched with materials indicated here or with approved materials.

**Materials and Construction Methods:**

The Contractor shall use rapid set patch materials (Sika Quick 2500 or Master Builders HD50 or Set 45 or Five Star Highway Patch or approved equal), in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

1. The patch materials shall be a blend of selected Portland Cements, specially graded aggregates, admixtures for controlling setting time, water reducers for workability, and an accelerator. The mix shall be mechanically mixed on site.
2. The patch materials shall be supplied in a factory-blended bag/container accompanied with the manufacturer's recommendations.
3. The very rapid-setting cement mortar must be placed 1" in depth per lift for horizontal applications.
4. To prepare a very rapid-setting patching material, aggregate shall be added to the mix conforming to ASTM C-33, at a rate recommended by the manufacturer. The aggregate shall be (Delaware No. 8) 3/8" clean, well-graded, saturated surface dry aggregate, approved for use by Materials & Research.

Batch Portland Cement Concrete will not be permitted for partial depth patching.

Partial depth patches shall be constructed at locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer in the field. A saw cut of prescribed depth shall be made around the perimeter of the patch area to provide a vertical face at the edge. Concrete within the patch area shall be broken and removed to a depth required with light (10-20 lbs.) pneumatic tools until sound and clean concrete is exposed. Care must be taken to avoid fracturing the sound concrete below the patch and undercutting or spalling patch boundaries during the jackhammering operation for the removal of the deteriorated concrete.

If a partial depth repair area abuts a working joint or crack which penetrates the full depth of the slab, an insert or other approved bond-breaking medium shall be used to maintain working joints or cracks.

After the patch surface of the existing concrete has been prepared, and just prior to placement of the patch material, it shall be air cleaned.

The rapid set patch material shall achieve a compressive strength of 2,000 psi.

If the Contractor, because of unfavorable ambient temperature, is unable to accomplish the desired strength, he shall reschedule the proper timing for performing the patching work.

For day time projects only, the areas to be patched shall be prepared and poured allowing sufficient time to accomplish 2,000 psi compressive strength before dark. If the specified compressive strength is not attained, flagman, lights, barricades, warning lights, and other traffic control devices required after dark, shall be placed and maintained by the Contractor at his own expense.

All joints with the existing concrete pavement (transverse and longitudinal) shall be tooled or sawed to form a sealant reservoir with the dimensions of 3/4 by 3/4 inch. An approved bond breaking material (such as tape, backer rod, etc.) shall be placed on the bottom of the reservoir prior to placement of the sealant system in order to allow bonding of the system materials to only the vertical surfaces of the concrete in the reservoir.

The patched areas shall not be open to traffic until so permitted by the Engineer.

**Basis of Payment:**

The payment for the item shall be made for at the contract unit price per square yard per inch of depth for "P.C.C. Patching, Partial Depth" of specified depth, which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing and placing all materials, including admixtures, aggregates, and accelerants, removal and disposal of old concrete pavement, curing, joint sealing, for all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

2/28/09

- 503524 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 1
- 503525 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 2
- 503526 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 3
- 503527 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 4
- 503528 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 5
- 503529 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 6
- 503530 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 7
- 503531 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 8
- 503532 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 9
- 503533 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 10
- 503534 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 11
- 503535 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 12
- 503536 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 13
- 503537 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 14
- 503538 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 15
- 503539 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 16
- 503540 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 17
- 503541 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 18
- 503542 - P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 19

**Description:**

The item(s) "P.C.C. Patching Surcharge" consist of compensating the Contractor for cost differential in supplying P.C.C. pavement material to the specific zone as shown on the Plans.

All the requirements of Section 503 shall be applicable to these items except as modified herein and in the Patching P.C.C. pavement Special Provisions.

**Method of Measurement:**

The Contractor will paid an additional amount per square yard (square meter) as a surcharge over the Contract unit price bid for each type of P.C.C. patching items covered by applicable Sections of 501 and 503 and Special Provisions to be used in that particular Zone for day and nighttime P.C.C. Patching.

**Basis of Payment:**

The payment for the item will be made at the Contract unit price per square yard (square meter) bid for the item "P.C.C. Patching Surcharge" for the applicable Zone in the Contract, which price will be full compensation.

6/12/03

**503543 - NIGHTTIME P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, NEW CASTLE COUNTY**  
**503544 - NIGHTTIME P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, KENT COUNTY**  
**503545 - NIGHTTIME P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, SUSSEX COUNTY**

**Description:**

The item(s) Nighttime P.C.C. Paving Surcharge consist of compensating the Contractor for the cost differential for nighttime P.C.C. patching when such work is directed by the Department to be performed outside the Contractor's normal working hours. For the purpose of these items, the normal work hours are considered to be from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m.

All requirements of Section 503 shall be applicable to these items except as modified herein and in the P.C.C. Patching Special Provisions.

**Method of Measurement:**

The Contractor will be paid an additional amount per square yard (square meter) as a surcharge over the Contract unit price bid for each type of P.C.C. patching items to be used including paving surcharge for that particular zone.

**Basis of Payment:**

The payment for the item will be made at the Contract unit price per square yard (square meter) bid for the item "Nighttime P.C.C. Patching Surcharge" for the applicable Zones in the Contract, which price will be full compensation. All costs such as, but not limited to, illumination and premium pay costs shall be incidental to these items.

6/12/03

**746774 - SUPPLY AND INSTALLATION OF LOOP DETECTOR WIRE**

**Description:**

This work consists of sawing a cut in existing pavement, furnishing and installing loop detector wire in the saw cut and sealing the saw cut with an approved sealer, in accordance with the Standard Details, these specifications, or as directed by the Engineer.

**Materials:**

The loop detector wire shall be a shielded four-conductor controlled capacitance cable with conductors twisted 6 turns per foot and enclosed in an aluminized polyester shield within a polyethylene jacket, rated to 600 volts. The interior of the cable is filled with a water blocking material. The four conductors are AWG # 18 stranded copper with color-coded polypropylene insulation. Color rotation is black, red, white, and green. The loop detector wire shall have an UV stable high-density polyethylene outer cover that is chemical resistant and waterproof with a wall thickness of 0.032 inches (0.8 mm). The cable shall have a temperature tolerance range of -65 to +176 degrees Fahrenheit (-54 to +80 degrees Celsius). Outside diameter of the cable is 0.25 inches (6 mm).

Flexible embedding sealer shall be a cold poured, resilient type epoxy joint sealer, Bondo P-606 or Duracote - D115 for concrete or asphalt pavement or E-Poxy Industry 36-1 for concrete or E-Poxy Industry 11-1 for asphalt pavement, or approved equal.

A sealer accelerant or retarder may be added at the discretion of the Contractor.

3/8" (10 mm) closed cell foam backer rod

**Construction Methods:**

The saw cut shall be 1/4" (6 mm) wide and 3" (76 mm) deep. It shall be cut in the directions and sizes specified on the Standard Details or as directed by the Engineer. Contractor shall remove sharp edges in the saw cut and round the corners.

The saw cut shall be blown out with compressed air to remove all dust, water and particles of loose material.

A 3/8" (10 mm) backer rod will be placed into the bottom of the saw cut. The loop detector wire will then be installed using blunt tools so as to prevent damage to the polyethylene outer cover. One end of a loop detector wire shall be tagged to indicate start ("S"). All loop detector wires shall be laid in saw cuts in a clockwise rotation beginning with "S". The Engineer may require a High Voltage Ground Test with a 500 VDC megger after the loop detector installation is complete and prior to sealing saw cuts. If the resistance to ground is less than 100 megohms, this work will be rejected. Loop detectors also should be checked for continuity between the four conductors with an ohm-meter. If there is any resistance between colors or there is an open flow from color to color, this work will be rejected.

A sealer and sealer accelerant or retarder (if necessary) shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's directions and protected from traffic until it has set. A minimum of 1 inch of sealer shall be installed on top of the loop detector wire.

Two loop detector wires shall be installed in a saw cut from the loop to the edge of the road. These two wires shall then extend from the end of the saw cut to a junction well (see Standard Details). Wires shall be parallel and taped every 12" (305 mm) to 18" (457 mm) from the end of the saw cut to a junction well. A conduit may need to be installed between the end of the saw cut and junction well as directed by the Engineer. In this case the loop detector wire shall be installed in the conduit.

The loop detector wire shall be continuous and without splices from the junction well, through the saw cuts and conduit (if any).

**Method of Measurement:**

The quantity of loop detector wire to be measured under this item shall be the number of linear feet (meters) of saw cut in which loop detector wire is installed, sealed, tested, and accepted.

The additional loop detector wire needed beyond the saw cut to reach the junction well and sealer accelerant or retarder shall be incidental to this item and there shall be no separate measurement or payment. Any required conduit will be paid under a separate item.

Supply and installation of the conduit from the end of the saw cut to the junction well shall be covered under other items of this Contract. Installation of the loop detector wire in this conduit shall be incidental to this item and there shall be no separate measurement or payment.

Splicing of the loop detector wire to a lead-in cable in a junction well shall not be covered under this item and shall be paid separately under another item of this Contract.

**Basis of Payment:**

The quantity of detector wire supplied and installed will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (meter) of sawcut. Price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing and placing all materials including loop detector wire, backer rod, sealer, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete this item.

5/7/10

**748502 - RAISED/RECESSED PAVEMENT MARKER**

**Description:**

This work consists of furnishing and installing raised/recessed pavement markers in accordance with the Plans and these specifications.

**Materials:**

The cast iron housing shall meet the requirements of ASTM A 536-84, Grade 72-45-84.

The reflectors shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4383-03.  
For installation on interstates, freeways, and principal arterials, the pavement marker shall have red reflectorized material on the back side (the side not facing the direction of traffic).

Epoxy shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M237, Type IV.

The followings models have been tested and approved by the Department and shall be used:

1. (Ennis Paint) Stimsonite - Avery Dennison Model 101LPCR Snow Plowable Marker.
2. Ray-O-Lite Model 300 Snow Plowable Marker with Model 2004 Reflector.
3. Or Approved Equal.

**Construction Methods:**

Pavement shall be saw cut to match the bottom contour of the marker housing using a saw and blade suitable for the pavement material being sawed. The depth of the cut slot must allow the housing to be set in epoxy, with leveling lugs resting on the pavement surface, so that the front edge of marker is at or below the surface of the pavement. Excessive saw cuts must be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer. When cutting is complete, the slot shall be cleaned as recommended by the manufacturer of the epoxy material. The epoxy and pavement marker will be installed in the prepared contour slot in the pavement per the manufacturer's recommendations.

Placement shall be in accordance with the DE MUTCD.

**Method of Measurement:**

The quantity of raised/recessed pavement markers will be measured as the actual number installed and accepted.

**Basis of Payment:**

The quantity of raised/recessed pavement markers will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, installation, saw-cutting, cleaning, disposal of discarded materials, for all labor, tools, equipment, all necessary incidentals associated with the item to complete the work.

07/26/2011

- 748506 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 4"
- 748507 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 6"
- 748508 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 8"
- 748509 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 12"
- 748510 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, SYMBOL/LEGEND, EPOXY RESIN PAINT
  - 748535 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 4"
  - 748536 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 6"
  - 748537 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 8"
  - 748538 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 10"
  - 748539 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 12"
  - 748540 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 16"
- 748548 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 5"
- 748549 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 10"
  - 748557 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 3"
  - 748559 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 5"
  - 748568 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 9"
  - 748569 - PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK, 14"

**Description:**

This work consists of furnishing and applying white or yellow, epoxy reflectorized pavement markings or black epoxy contrast pavement markings at the locations and in accordance with the patterns indicated on the Plans, or as directed by the Engineer, and in accordance with these specifications.

The white/yellow epoxy marking material shall be hot-applied by spray methods onto bituminous and/or Portland cement concrete pavement surfaces as required by the Plans. Following an application of double drop glass beads of two sizes and upon curing, the resultant epoxy marking shall be an adherent reflectorized stripe of the specified thickness and width that is capable of resisting deformation by traffic. All marking materials shall be certified lead free and free of cadmium, mercury, hexvalent chromium, and other toxic heavy metals.

The black epoxy marking shall be a two-component, hot-spray applied epoxy resin pavement marking material to be used for pavement marking on Portland cement concrete pavement surfaces. Following an aggregate drop, and upon curing, it shall produce an adherent stripe of specified thickness and width capable of resisting wear from traffic. Black contrast pavement markings will be required on all Portland cement concrete pavements.

**Materials Requirements:**

A. White and Yellow Reflectorized Epoxy

1. Epoxy Composition Requirements:

The epoxy resin composition shall be specifically formulated for use as a pavement marking material and for hot-spray application at elevated temperatures. The type and amounts of epoxy resins and curing agents shall be at the option of the manufacturer, providing the other composition and physical requirements of this specification are met.

The epoxy marking material shall be a two-component (Part A and Part B), 100% solids type system formulated and designed to provide a simple volumetric mixing ratio (e.g. two volumes of Part A to one volume of Part B).

Component A of both white and yellow shall conform to the following requirements:

% BY WEIGHT		
	WHITE:	YELLOW:
Pigments	Titanium Dioxide - 18% Min. (ASTM D476, Type II)	Organic Yellow - 6%-10%
Epoxy Resin	75% Min., 82% Max.	70% Min., 77% Max.

The entire pigment composition shall consist of either titanium dioxide and/or organic yellow pigment. No extender pigments are permitted. The white pigment upon analysis, shall contain a minimum of 16.5% TiO<sub>2</sub> (100% purity).

Epoxy Content-WPE (Component A) - The epoxy content of the epoxy resin will be tested in accordance with ASTM D1652 and calculated as the weight per epoxy equivalent (WPE) for both white and yellow. The epoxy content will be determined on a pigment free basis. The epoxy content (WPE) shall meet a target value provided by the manufacturer and approved by the Department's Material and Research Section (from now on will be addressed as Department). A  $\pm 50$  tolerance will be applied to the target value to establish the acceptance range.

Amine Value (Component B) - The amine value of the curing agent shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D2074-66 to determine its total amine value. The total amine value shall meet a target value provided by the manufacturer and approved by the Department. A  $\pm 50$  tolerance will be applied to the target value to establish the acceptance range.

Toxicity - Upon heating to application temperature, the material shall not exude fumes which are toxic or injurious to persons or property.

Viscosity - Formulations of each component shall be such that the viscosity of both components shall coincide (within 10%) at a recommended spray application.

2. Physical Properties of Mixed Composition:

Unless otherwise noted, all samples are to be prepared and tested at an ambient temperature of 73  $\pm$  5 F. (23  $\pm$  3 C).

- a. Color. The white epoxy composition when applied at a minimum wet film thickness of 20 $\pm$ 1 mils (500  $\mu$ m) as applicable and allowed to dry, shall plot within the boundaries described by the four corner points listed in Tables 1 and 2 of ASTM D 6628-01 when measured in accordance with the test methods prescribed in Section 7 of ASTM D 6628-01.

The yellow epoxy composition when applied at a minimum wet film thickness of 20 $\pm$ 1 mils (500  $\mu$ m) as applicable and allowed to dry, shall plot within the boundaries described by the four corner points listed in Tables 1 and 2 of ASTM D 6628-01 when measured in accordance with the test methods prescribed in Section 7 of ASTM D 6628-01.

- b. Directional Reflectance. The white epoxy composition (without glass spheres) shall have a daylight directional reflectance of not less than 84% relative to a magnesium oxide standard when tested in accordance with Method 6121 of Federal Test Method Standard No. 141.

The yellow epoxy composition (without glass spheres) shall have a daylight directional reflectance of not less than 55% relative to a magnesium oxide standard when tested in accordance with Method 6121 of Federal Test Method Standard No. 141.

- c. Drying Time (Laboratory). The epoxy composition, when mixed in the proper ratio and applied at a  $20 \pm 1$  mils (500  $\mu\text{m}$ ) minimum wet film thickness, and immediately dressed with large reflective glass spheres (Federal Spec. Type 4) at a rate of 12 lb/gal (1.4 kg/l) of epoxy pavement marking materials, immediately followed by a second drop of AASHTO M-247 Type 1 glass spheres applied at a rate of 12 lb/gal (1.4 kg/L) of epoxy pavement marking material, shall exhibit a no-track condition in 15 minutes or less (ASTM D711). A Bird Applicator or any other doctor blade shall be used to produce a uniform film thickness.
- d. Drying Time (Field). When installed at a minimum wet film thickness of  $20 \pm 1$  mils (500 or 625  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and reflectorized with glass spheres, the maximum drying times shall correspond to these temperatures:
- |             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| 80 F (27 C) | 10 minutes |
| 70 F (21 C) | 10 minutes |
| 60 F (16 C) | 15 minutes |
| 50 F (10 C) | 25 minutes |
| 40 F (4 C)  | 45 minutes |
| 35 F (2 C)  | 60 minutes |

The composition shall dry to no-tracking in approximately 10 minutes, and after thirty (30) minutes shall show no damaging effect from traffic. Dry to no-tracking shall be considered as the condition where no visual deposition of the epoxy marking to the pavement surface is observed when viewed from a distance of 100 feet (30 meters), after a passenger car is passed over the line. Regardless of the temperature at the time of installation, the installation contractor shall be responsible for protection of the markings material until dry to a non-tracking state.

- e. Abrasion Resistance. The wear index of the composition shall not exceed 82 when tested in accordance with ASTM C501 using a CS-17 wheel and under a load of 1000 grams for 1000 cycles.
- f. Tensile Strength. The tensile strength of the epoxy composition shall not be less than 6000 psi (41 MPa) when tested in accordance with ASTM D638 using a Type IV specimen [ $0.125 \pm 0.010$  ( $3.18 \pm 0.25$  mm) thick]. Tests shall be conducted at an ambient temperature of  $75 \pm 5$  F ( $24 \pm 3$  C). The testing machine shall operate at a speed of 0.20 (5.1 mm) per minute.

The total conditioning or drying period, from the time the epoxy composition is first mixed to the time of testing, shall not be less than 24 hours nor more than 96 hours.

Test specimens for tensile strength determination will be prepared as follows:

A 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick sheet of epoxy material is cast from a reservoir-type mold, fabricated from polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE), 1/8 deep x 10 x 10 (3 mm deep x 250 mm x 250 mm).

Prior to casting, the mold is sprayed with a suitable release agent. A sufficient amount of epoxy composition is mixed in the proper proportions (A:B) and poured level with the top of the mold. Care should be taken so as not to decrease or exceed the 1/8 (3 mm) thickness.

After a period of 1 to 4 hours, the material will have set into a semi-rigid sheet that is flexible enough to die-cut yet rigid enough to retain its shape. While the material is in this plastic state, five (5) specimens shall be die-cut and then placed on a flat, smooth, PTFE surface for the completion of the specified conditioning period.

- g. Compressive Strength. The compressive strength of the epoxy composition shall not be less than 12,000 psi (83 MPa) when tested in accordance with ASTM D695 except that a compression tool shall not be necessary. The test specimen shall be a right cylinder [0.50 inch diameter by 1.0 inch length (12 mm diameter by 25 mm

length)]. Tests shall be conducted at an ambient temperature of  $75 \pm 5$  F ( $24 \pm 3$  C).

The total conditioning or drying period, from the time the epoxy composition is first mixed to the time of testing shall not be less than 24 hours nor more than 96 hours.

Test specimens for compressive strength determinations will be prepared as follows:

Five molds will be prepared from 1/2 (12 mm) I.D., 1/16 (1.5 mm) wall thickness acrylic tubing, cut in 1 1/2 (38 mm) lengths. After spraying the inside of the mold with a suitable release agent,<sup>(1)</sup> the cylindrical tubes are placed in a vertical position on a PTFE sheet base. A sufficient amount of epoxy composition is thoroughly mixed in the proper proportions (A:B) and poured into the mold to a depth of approximately 1 1/4 (32 mm). After a minimum of 72 hours curing, the specimens are removed from the molds and machined to a length of  $1 \pm 0.002$  (25 mm  $\pm$  0.05 mm).

- h. Hardness. The epoxy composition when tested in accordance with ASTM D2240 shall have a Shore D hardness of between 75 and 100. Samples shall be allowed to dry for not less than 24 hours nor more than 96 hours prior to testing.

**B. Reflective Glass Spheres/Beads**

Reflective glass spheres for drop-on application shall conform to the following requirements:

The glass spheres shall be colorless; clean; transparent; free from milkiness or excessive air bubbles; and essentially clean from-surface scarring or scratching. They shall be spherical in shape and at least 80% of the glass beads shall be true spheres when tested in accordance with ASTM D1155. At least 80% of the Type IV beads shall be true spheres as measured by the visual method.

The refractive index of the spheres shall be a minimum of 1.50 as determined by the liquid immersion method at 77 F (25 C).

The silica content of the glass spheres shall not be less than 60%.

The crushing resistance of the spheres shall be as follows: A 40 lb. (18 kg) dead weight, for 20 to 30 (850  $\mu$ m to 600  $\mu$ m) mesh spheres shall be the average resistance when tested in accordance with ASTM D1213.

The glass spheres shall have the following grading when tested in accordance with ASTM D1214.

M247 AASHTO Type 1 Glass Spheres

<u>U.S. Standard Sieve</u>	<u>% Retained</u>	<u>% Passing</u>
#20 (850 $\mu$ m)	0	100
#30 (600 $\mu$ m)	5-25	75-95
#50 (300 $\mu$ m)	40-65	15-35
#100 (150 $\mu$ m)	15-35	0-5
Pan	0-5	

Type 4 Large Spheres

<u>U.S. Standard Sieve</u>	<u>% Retained</u>	<u>% Passing</u>
#10 (2000 $\mu$ m)	0	100
#12 (1680 $\mu$ m)	0-5	95-100
#14 (1410 $\mu$ m)	5-20	80-95
#16 (1190 $\mu$ m)	40-80	10-40

<u>Type 4 Large Spheres</u>	<u>% Retained</u>	<u>% Passing</u>
<u>U.S. Standard Sieve</u>		
#18 (1000 µm)	10-40	0-5
#20 (850 µm)	0-5	0-2
Pan	0-2	

The AASHTO M247 Type 1 glass spheres shall be treated with a moisture-proof coating. They shall show no tendency to absorb moisture in storage and shall remain free of clusters and hard lumps. They shall flow freely from dispensing equipment at any time when surface and atmosphere conditions are satisfactory for marking operations. The moisture-resistance of the glass spheres shall be determined in accordance with AASHTO M247 test method 4.4.1.

Type IV glass spheres shall be treated with an adhesion coating. They shall show no tendency to absorb moisture in storage and shall remain free of clusters and hard lumps. They shall flow freely from dispensing equipment at any time when surface and atmosphere conditions are satisfactory for marking operations. The adhesion coating property of the Type IV beads shall be tested in accordance with the dansyl-chloride test.

C. Black Epoxy Contrast Markings

Epoxy Resin Requirements: The two-component, 100% solids, paint shall be formulated and designed to provide a simple volumetric mixing ratio (e.g. 2 part component A to 1 part component B) specifically for service as a hot-spray applied binder for black aggregate in such a manner as to produce maximum adhesion. The material shall be composed of epoxy resins and pigments only.

The paint shall be well mixed in the manufacturing process and shall be free from defects and imperfections that may adversely affect the serviceability of the finished product. The paint shall not thicken, curdle, gel, settle excessively, or otherwise display any objectionable properties after storage. Individual components shall not require mixing prior to use when stored for a maximum of 6 months.

The overall paint composition shall be left to the discretion of the manufacturer, but shall meet the following requirements:

<u>Composition:</u>	<u>Component</u>	<u>Percent By Weight</u>
	Carbon Black (ASTM D476 Type III)	7±2 percent, by weight
	Talc	14±2 percent, by weight
	Epoxy Resin	79±4 percent, by weight

D. Black Aggregate

The moisture resistant aggregate shall meet the gradation requirements (AASHTO T27) as follows:

<u>Sieve Size</u>	<u>Percent Retained</u>
#30	18-28%
#40	60-80%
#50	2-14%

The moisture resistant aggregate shall have a ceramic coating. The aggregate shall be angular with no dry dispensement pigment allowed.

<u>Hardness:</u>	The black aggregate hardness shall be 6.5-7 on Moh's Mineral Scale.
<u>Porosity:</u>	The black aggregate porosity shall be less than two (2) percent.

Moisture Content: The black aggregate moisture content shall be less than a half (.5) percent.

E. Packaging and Shipment

Epoxy pavement marking materials shall be shipped to the job site in strong substantial containers. Individual containers shall be plainly marked with the following information:

- a. Name of Product
- b. Lot Number
- c. Batch Number
- d. Test Number
- e. Date of Manufacture
- f. Date of expiration of acceptance (12 months from date of manufacture)
- g. The statement (as appropriate)  
Part A - Contains Pigment & Epoxy Resin  
Part B - Contains Catalyst
- h. Quantity
- i. Mixing proportions, Application Temperature and Instructions
- j. Safety Information
- k. Manufacturer's Name and Address

Reflective glass spheres shall be shipped in moisture resistant bags. Each bag shall be marked with the name and address of the manufacturer and the name and net weight of the material.

F. The Department reserves the right to randomly take a one-quart sample of white, yellow and hardener, of the epoxy material or glass spheres without prior notice for testing to ensure the epoxy material meets specifications.

Epoxy Application Equipment:

Application equipment for the placement of epoxy reflectorized pavement markings shall be approved by the Department, prior to the start of work.

At any time throughout the duration of the project, the Contractor shall provide free access to his epoxy application equipment for inspection by the Engineer or his authorized representative.

In general, the application equipment shall be a mobile, truck mounted and self contained pavement marking machine, specifically designed to apply epoxy resin materials and reflective glass spheres in continuous and skip-line patterns. The application equipment shall be maneuverable to the extent that straight lines can be followed and normal curves can be made in a true arc. In addition, the truck mounted unit shall be provided with accessories to allow for the marking of legends, symbols, crosswalks, and other special patterns.

The Engineer may approve the use of a portable applicator in lieu of truck mounted accessories, for use in applying special markings only, provided such equipment can demonstrate satisfactory application of reflectorized epoxy markings in accordance with these specifications.

The applicator shall be capable of installing up to 20,000 lineal feet (6,100 lineal meters) of epoxy reflectorized pavement markings in an 8-hour day and shall include the following features:

1. The applicator shall provide individual material reservoirs, or space, for the storage of Part A and Part B of the epoxy resin composition; for the storage of water; and for the storage of reflective glass spheres.

2. The applicator shall be equipped with heating equipment of sufficient capacity to maintain the individual epoxy resin components at the manufacturer's recommended temperature for spray application and for heating water to a temperature of approximately 140 F (60 C).
3. The glass spheres shall be gravity dropped upon 20 mils (500 um) of epoxy pavement markings to produce a wet-night-reflective pavement marking. The large spheres (Federal Spec. Type 4) shall be applied at a rate of 12 pounds per gallon (1.4 kg/L) of epoxy pavement marking material, immediately followed by a second drop of AASHTO M-247 Type 1 glass spheres applied rate of 12 pounds per gallon (1.4 kg/L) of epoxy pavement marking material. This application rate and the following gradation shall conform to FHWA's FP-96: Standard Specifications for Construction of Roads and Bridges on Federal Highway Projects (pages 757-761 Type 3 and Type 4 Beads).
4. The applicator shall be equipped with metering devices or pressure gauges, on the proportioning pumps. Metering devices or pressure gauges shall be visible to the Engineer.
5. The applicator shall be equipped with all the necessary spray equipment, mixers, compressors, and other appurtenances to allow for the placement of epoxy reflectorized pavement markings in a simultaneous sequence of operations as described below in Construction Details, D. Applications of Epoxy Reflectorized Pavement Markings of this Special Provisions.

#### **Construction Details.**

- A. General: All pavement marking and patterns shall be placed as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Before any pavement markings work is begun, a schedule of operations shall be submitted for the approval of the Engineer. This schedule shall be submitted 2 weeks prior to the application of the striping.

At least five (5) days prior to starting striping the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the epoxy manufacturer's written instructions for use. These instructions shall include but not be limited to: mixing ratios, application temperatures, and recommendations for use of water spray.

The application of pavement markings shall be done in the general direction of traffic. Striping against the direction of traffic flow shall not be allowed.

The Contractor shall be responsible for removing, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, tracking marks, spilled epoxy or epoxy markings applied in unauthorized areas.

The hot water spray shall not be used in conjunction with markings applications on any pavement surface, or on any existing durable type marking, unless specifically recommended by the manufacturer of the epoxy material.

- B. Atmospheric Conditions: Epoxy pavement markings shall only be applied during conditions of dry weather and on substantially dry pavement surfaces. At the time of installation the pavement surface temperature shall be a minimum of 35 F (2 C) and the ambient temperature shall be a minimum of 35 F (2 C) and rising. The Engineer shall be the sole determiner as to when atmospheric conditions and pavement surface conditions are such to produce satisfactory results.
- C. Surface Preparations: The Contractor shall clean the pavement or existing durable marking to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Surface cleaning and preparation work shall be performed only in the area of the epoxy markings application.

At the time of application all pavement surfaces and existing durable markings shall be free of oil, dirt, dust, grease and similar foreign materials. The cost of cleaning these contaminants shall be included in the bid price of this item. Also, the item shall include the cost of removal of the curing component in the area of the epoxy markings application, if concrete curing compounds on new portland cement concrete surfaces have been used. Waterblasting will not be permitted for removal.

- D. Application of White/Yellow Epoxy Reflectorized Pavement Markings: White/yellow epoxy reflectorized pavement markings shall be placed at the widths and patterns designated on the Contract Plans.

Markings operations shall not begin until applicable surface preparation work is completed, and approved by the Engineer.

White/yellow epoxy pavement markings shall be applied at a minimum uniform thickness of 20 mils (500  $\mu\text{m}$ ) on all Portland cement concrete and bituminous concrete pavement, including Stone Matrix Asphalt.

Large reflective glass spheres (Federal Spec. Type 4) shall be applied at the rate of 12 pounds per gallon (1.4 kg/L) of epoxy pavement marking material, immediately followed by a second drop of AASHTO M-247 Type 1 glass spheres applied at a rate of 12 pounds per gallon (1.4 kg/L) of epoxy pavement marking material. Glass spheres shall uniformly cover the length and width of the pavement marking.

- E. Application of Black Epoxy Contrast Pavement Markings: Black epoxy contrast pavement markings shall be placed at the widths designated on the Contract Plans.

Markings operations shall not begin until applicable surface preparation work is completed, and approved by the Engineer.

Black epoxy contrast pavement markings shall be applied at a minimum uniform thickness of 20 mils (500  $\mu\text{m}$ ) on all Portland cement concrete surfaces followed by a single drop of graded black aggregate.

The width of black epoxy line shall be applied for the following situations:

Center Skip Line - On Portland cement concrete pavements a black contrast skip line shall be 10 feet (3 m) in length of the same width as the white epoxy reflectorized skip. It is to lead the white skip and stop at the beginning of the white skip. The black contrast skip is to have a single application of graded black aggregate.

Edge Lines - All edge lines on Portland cement concrete pavements shall have a base of black contrast markings which is 4 inches (100 mm) wider than the reflective white or yellow marking. The black contrast marking is to be applied first with a single drop of graded black aggregate. Once it has cured sufficiently so as not to track, the reflectorized white or yellow line is to be applied on top of it. The reflective line is to be centered along the black contrast line such that a minimum of 2 inches (50 mm) of black contrast marking is visible on either side of the reflective marking.

- F. Defective Epoxy Pavement Markings: Epoxy reflectorized pavement markings, which after application and curing are determined by the Engineer to be defective and not in conformance with this specification, shall be repaired. Repair of defective markings shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer as follows:

1. Insufficient film thickness [(less than 20 $\pm$ 1 mils (500  $\mu\text{m}$ ) as applicable] and line widths; insufficient glass bead coverage or inadequate glass bead retention.

Repair Method: Prepare the surface of the defective epoxy marking by shot blasting, sand blasting, or water blasting. No other cleaning methods will be allowed. Surface preparation

shall be performed to the extent that a substantial amount of the reflective glass spheres are removed and a roughened epoxy marking surface remains.

Immediately after surface preparation remove loose particles and foreign debris by brooming or blasting with compressed air.

Repair shall be made by re-striping over the cleaned surface, in accordance with the requirements of this specification and at a full  $20 \pm 1$  mils (500  $\mu\text{m}$ ) minimum line thickness as applicable.

2. Uncured or discolored epoxy (brown patches); insufficient bond to pavement surface (or existing durable marking).

Uncured epoxy shall be defined as applied material that fails to cure (dry) in accordance with the requirements of this specification under MATERIALS, A, 2d. DRYING TIME (FIELD); or applied material that fails to cure (dry) within a reasonable time period under actual field conditions, as defined by the Engineer.

Discoloration (brown patches) shall be defined as localized areas or patches of brown or grayish colored epoxy marking material. These areas often occur in a cyclic pattern and also, often are not visible until several days or weeks after markings are applied.

Repair Method: The defective epoxy marking shall be completely removed and cleaned to the underlying pavement surface to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The extent of removal shall be the defective area plus any adjacent epoxy pavement marking material extending one foot (300 mm) any direction.

After surface preparation work is complete, repair shall be made by re-applying epoxy over the cleaned pavement surface in accordance with the requirements of this specification.

3. Reflectivity for epoxy resin paint.

After satisfactory completion of all striping work and written notification from the Contractor, the Department shall test the striping to ensure it has the minimum reflectivity. The testing will be completed within 30 calendar days from notification. The Contractor may request that tests be conducted on completed phases or portions of the work. Approval of such a request will be at the discretion of the Engineer. Testing will be done using a Delta LTL 2000 Retrometer (30 meter geometry). Five readings will be taken per line per mile (1.6 km). Projects less than 1 mile (1.6 km) in length will have a minimum of 5 readings per line. These readings will then be averaged for the overall project average.

The required average minimum initial reflectivity reading in millicandellas shall be:

White 450  
Yellow 325

Any single reading shall not be less than 350 millicandellas for white and 250 millicandellas for yellow. Without exception, any pavement markings installed that does not meet the above average minimum initial reflectivity numbers shall be removed and replaced, at the installation contractor's expense.

Other defects not noted above, but determined by the Engineer to need repair, shall be repaired or replaced as directed by and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

All work in conjunction with the repair or replacement of defective epoxy reflectorized pavement markings shall be performed by the Contractor at no additional cost to the State.

**Method of Measurement:**

The quantity of permanent pavement striping (white, yellow, or black epoxy resin paint) will be measured by the number of linear feet (meters) of pavement striping line and number of square feet (meter) of symbol installed on the pavement and accepted in accordance with the Plans.

**Basis of Payment:**

The quantity of permanent pavement striping (white, yellow, or black epoxy resin paint) payment will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (meter) for 3", 4", 5", 6", 8", 9", 10", 12", 14", 16" (75 mm, 100 mm, 125 mm, 150 mm, 200 mm, 225 mm, 250 mm, 300 mm, 350 mm, or 400 mm) line and the Contract unit price per square foot (meter) of symbol. The quantity of permanent pavement marking (white, yellow, or black epoxy resin paint) will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (meter) of line and the Contract unit price per square foot (meter) of symbol. Price and payment shall include cleaning and preparing the pavement surface, and placing all materials, for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

**NOTE:**

For information only:

The following manufacturers are known to us which manufacturer Epoxy Resin Paint for Pavement Striping. The Department does not endorse or require the use of any of the manufacturers listed below. However, a bidder wishes to use another manufacturer's product, it shall be submitted for review and approval prior to submitting a bid proposal. Should the product be deemed unacceptable by the Department, the successful bidder will be required to use only an approved product.

1. POLY CARB, Inc.  
33095 Bainbridge Road  
Solon, Ohio 44139  
Tel. 1-800-CALLMIX
2. IPS - Ennis Paint  
P.O. Box 13582  
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709  
Tel. 1-877-477-7623
3. Epoplex  
One Park Avenue  
Maple Shade, NJ 08052  
Tel. 1-800-822-6920
4. Or an approved equal.

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- 748512 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, 6"**
- 748513 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, 12"**
- 748514 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, 8"**
- 748519 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKING, 4"**
- 748529 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKING, SYMBOL/LEGEND**
- 748547 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED CONTRAST MARKINGS, 9"**
- 748556 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED CONTRAST MARKINGS, 16"**
- 748564 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, 5"**
- 748565 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, 10"**
- 748566 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED CONTRAST MARKINGS, 8"**
- 748567 - RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED CONTRAST MARKINGS, 13"**

**Description:**

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing retroreflective preformed patterned pavement marking in accordance with this provision and in conformance to the existing pavement markings or as established by the Engineer. The Contractor is required to have all subcontractors involved in the placement of these markings attend the pre-placement meeting along with the tape manufacturer representative and Department representatives to coordinate this operation. The subcontractor for pavement markings shall be approved by the Department prior to the preconstruction meeting.

**Materials:**

**General:** The preformed patterned markings shall consist of white or yellow films with clear microcrystalline ceramic beads incorporated to provide immediate and continuing retroreflection. The markings shall be suitable for application on new or existing P.C. Concrete or bituminous pavements with a pre-coated pressure sensitive adhesive.

The preformed marking material must be used prior to one year from date of manufacture. When not placed by inlaid method a surface preparation adhesive shall be used. The markings shall be capable of providing retroreflection during both wet and dry conditions.

The markings shall be highly durable retroreflective pliant polymer materials designed for longitudinal and word/symbol markings subjected to high traffic volumes and severe wear conditions such as shear action from crossover or encroachment on typical longitudinal configurations such as edge lines and lane lines. This film shall be manufactured without the use of lead chromate pigments or other similar, lead-containing chemicals.

**Composition:** The pavement marking shall consist of a mixture of high quality polymeric materials and pigments with glass beads distributed throughout the base cross-sectional area, with a reflective layer of microcrystalline ceramic beads bonded to a durable polyurethane topcoat surface. The patterned surface shall have approximately 50% plus or minus 15% of the surface area raised and presenting a near vertical face, angled from 0 degrees to 60 degrees, to traffic from any direction. The channels between the raised areas shall be substantially free of exposed beads or particles. The marking shall have a precoated pressure sensitive adhesive. The edges of the markings shall be clean cut and true.

**Retroreflectance:** The white and yellow markings shall have the initial expected retroreflectance values as shown in Table 1 under dry, wet, and rainy conditions. The photometric quantity to be measured shall be coefficient of retroreflected luminance ( $R_L$ ) and shall be expressed as millicandelas per square foot per foot-candle [ $(\text{mcd ft}^{-2}) \text{fc}^{-1}$ ]. The metric equivalent shall be expressed as millicandelas per square meter per lux [ $(\text{mcd m}^{-2}) \text{lx}^{-1}$ ].

Retroreflectance values shall be measured under dry conditions in accordance with the testing procedures of ASTM D4061. Retroreflectance values shall be measured under wet conditions in accordance with ASTM E2176 or ASTM E2177. Wet retroreflectance values measured under a "condition of continuous wetting" (simulated rain) shall be in accordance with ASTM E2176. Wet retroreflectance values measured under a "condition of wetness" shall be in accordance with ASTM E2177.

<b>Table 1</b>		
<b>Expected Initial <math>R_L</math> under dry, wet, and rainy conditions</b>		
<u>White</u>	<u>Dry</u>	<u>Wet &amp; Rainy</u>
Entrance Angle	88.76	88.76
Observation Angle	1.05	1.05
Retroreflected Luminance	500	250
$R_L [(mcd \ m^{-2}) \ lx^{-1}]$		
<u>Yellow</u>	<u>Dry</u>	<u>Wet &amp; Rainy</u>
Entrance Angle	88.76	88.76
Observation Angle	1.05	1.05
Retroreflected Luminance	300	250
$R_L [(mcd \ m^{-2}) \ lx^{-1}]$		

**Beads, Index of Refraction:** All “dry-performing” microcrystalline ceramic beads bonded to the polyurethane-coated, patterned surface of the material shall have a minimum index of refraction of 1.70 when tested using the liquid oil immersion method. All “wet-performing” microcrystalline ceramic beads bonded to the polyurethane-coated, patterned surface of the material shall have a minimum index of refraction of 2.30 when tested using the liquid oil immersion method. The glass beads mixed into the pliant polymer shall have a minimum index of refraction of 1.5 when tested by the liquid oil immersion method.

**Beads, Acid Resistance:** The beads shall show resistance to corrosion of their surface after exposure to a 1% solution (by weight) of sulfuric acid. The 1% acid solution shall be made by adding 5.7 cc of concentrated acid into 1000 cc of distilled water.

**Color:** The markings shall consist of white and/or yellow films with pigments selected and blended to conform to standard highway colors.

**Skid Resistance:** The patterned surface of the markings shall provide an initial average skid resistance value of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.

**Patchability:** The pavement marking material shall be capable of use for patching worn areas of the same type in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

**Thickness:** The patterned material without adhesive shall have a minimum caliper of 0.065 inches (1.651mm) at the thickest portion of the patterned cross section and a minimum caliper of 0.020 inches (.508mm) at the thinnest portion of the cross section.

**Tolerance:** The Contractor will be responsible for applying these markings in a straight manner not exceeding 1/2 (12 mm) per 40 (12 m). Any markings exceeding the 1/2 (12 mm) tolerance will require the Contractor to make corrective action approved by the Engineer and the tape manufacturer representative at no extra cost to the Department.

**Construction Methods:**

The Contractor shall be certified, by the manufacturer, in the installation of the pavement marking material prior to the start of the markings. The Contractor shall install the pavement marking material in accordance with the manufacturer’s published recommendations.

The manufacturer shall provide technical assistance as required to ensure successful installation of the markings. This shall include a representative on site for the start of the markings, training, product information, problem solving, etc.

Installation of the pavement markings shall be performed in a neat and workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall premark the pavement to ensure correct location of markings and such layout work shall be incidental to the price bid for the pavement marking items. The method for premarking should be as recommended by the manufacturer. A thin layer of paint as a premarking is not recommended. Particular care shall be taken to ensure that the leading edges of the markings are secured to the pavement.

General application rules:

The Air and surface temperature shall be a minimum of 40 F.

The pavement must be clean and dry. 24 hours of dry weather where no rain is expected. When not placed by inlaid method a surface preparation adhesive shall be used.

Do not overlap tape - use butt splice.

Do not apply tape on longitudinal seams or joints or cracks.

Do not apply tape on deteriorating pavement surfaces.

Existing markings must be 80% removed.

After application, the markings shall be immediately ready for use by traffic.

**Inlay into Fresh Bituminous Concrete:**

When markings are specified in the contract for newly paved asphalt concrete surfaces, they shall be applied before public traffic is allowed on the freshly paved surface - the pavement markings shall be inlaid in the fresh surface during final rolling of the mat, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations unless otherwise directed by Engineer.

The Contractor shall show how the pavement mats will be placed to avoid applying the tape on longitudinal seams or joints or cracks and maintain correct marking location.

The Contractor shall employ a sufficient number of workers to premark the pavement and install the markings such that all markings are inlaid into the hot pavement prior to the finish rolling. No paving shall be permitted unless the striping crew and materials are on the project site.

- \* General procedure for inlay application on fresh asphalt surfaces:
- \* Tape is applied after the compaction roller and before the finish roller using minimum water, slow speed and no vibration.
- \* Tape shall be applied using equipment recommended by manufacturer
- \* Tamping shall be done by the finish roller and in the same direction the tape was applied. A separate roller of a size approved by the tape manufacturer may be required to meet the manufacturer's requirements.
- \* Roller shall use minimum speed to prevent wrinkling the tape.
- \* Asphalt temperatures shall be between 180 F (66 C) and 120 F (49 C) when tape is applied.

**NOTE:** Even though the tape will stand these high temperatures the contractor is to use caution to assure the asphalt is firm enough to walk on above 140 F (60 C).

**Placement on new P.C. Concrete Pavement:**

When markings are specified in the contract for new P.C. concrete pavement surfaces they shall be applied after the concrete has adequately cured as determined by the Engineer and prior to opening to traffic.

1. When a membrane curing compound has been applied to the concrete surface, it shall be removed by sandblasting prior to applying the markings. Cost for such sandblasting shall be incidental to the price bid for the pavement marking item. The road shall be cleaned by sweeping and with high pressure air.
2. The manufacturer shall specify a primer/solvent for the pavement surface.
3. The tape shall be applied with an approved applicator.
4. The tape shall be tamped with a roller tamper cart with a minimum 200 lb (90 kg) load or by slowly (2-3 mph [3-5 km/hr]) driving over the tape with a vehicle tire. Do not twist or turn on the tape. A minimum of three passes back and forth over the tape will be required. All edges of the tape shall be thoroughly tamped.

**Placement on Existing Pavement:**

When markings are specified in the contract for existing pavement, the pavement surface shall be free of any existing markings.

1. The road shall be cleaned by sweeping and with high pressure air.

Steps 2 through 4 are the same as for new P.C. C. pavement.

**Method of Measurement:**

This work will be measured for payment by the number of linear feet (meters) of line or square foot (meter) of symbol/legend of Retroreflective Preformed Patterned Markings installed on the pavement and accepted in accordance with the plans.

**Basis of Payment:**

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per linear foot (meter) of line or square meter of symbol/legend as measured for item "Retroreflective Preformed Patterned Markings" of the type specified. This price shall include cleaning and preparing the pavement surface, furnishing and placing all materials, for all labor, tools, equipment, maintenance bond and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

**WARRANTY**

The Contractor shall warrant to the Department that the installed retroreflective preformed patterned pavement markings are free of defects, as hereafter defined, for one calendar year beginning at the initial acceptance of the marking installation by the Department. The initial acceptance of the marking installation will occur upon the satisfactory correction of all deficiencies noted in the marking installation during the Final Inspection of the project. The markings shall show no fading, lifting, shrinking, tearing, rollback, distortion or chipping due to vehicular traffic or normal maintenance activities including snow plowing. Although some wear is expected, the markings shall remain intact and serviceable (as defined below) for no less than 95% of the total item quantities in the first year of installation.

The Contractor shall repair all defective areas identified by the Department after initial installation or during the Warranty Period. All repairs shall begin immediately following the notice to the Contractor unless weather limitations prevent the corrective work. Should the contractor not commence work within seventy-two hours, weather permitting, and pending severity, the Department reserves the right to remedy the condition and charge the contractor for the work. Any corrective work shall be as recommended by the

manufacturer of the marking material and approved by the Department. The Department shall be given notification before the Contractor begins corrective work to allow for inspection of the operation. All costs associated with the repair work shall be the responsible of the contractor. These costs shall include, but are not limited to, removal, material, maintenance of traffic, etc.

**Maintenance Bond:**

Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall submit to the Department a Maintenance Bond to insure the State of Delaware during the above Warranty periods. The Maintenance Bond shall meet the following requirements:

- a) A sum equal to 100% of the value of all Retroreflective Preformed Patterned Markings Items paid to the Contractor;
- b) All signatures are original signatures, in ink, and not mechanical reproductions or facsimiles of any kind;
- c) The Contractor is the named principle;
- d) The term of the bond is for one full year;
- e) The term of the Maintenance Bond will be for a period of one year beyond completion of Retroreflective Preformed Patterned Markings; and
- f) Written by a Surety or insurance company that is in good standing and currently licensed to write surety bonds in the State of Delaware by the Delaware Department of Insurance.

**MANUFACTURER’S RESPONSIBILITY:**

The following information is for use by DelDOT only. The Contractor will not be held responsible for the time frames listed in the chart below.

After satisfactory completion of the one-year warranty period, the contractor will be relieved of his responsibility and the Department shall work directly with the Manufacturer to guarantee the remainder of the warranty as specified below.

In addition, the pavement markings shall warrant the material to retain a minimum reflective value of 150 millicandelas per square foot (meter) per lux for the first year after initial acceptance.

- 1. All reflectance measurements shall be made on a clean, dry surface at a minimum temperature of 40 F (4 C).
- 2. All reflectance measurements shall be made using a "LTL 2000" retroreflectometer.
- 3. One year from initial installation acceptance all pavement marking material shall meet the minimum retained coefficient of dry retroreflection value of 125 millicandelas per foot squared per foot-candle (in accordance with ASTM E1710), and meet the minimum retained coefficient of wet retroreflection value of 75 millicandelas per foot squared per foot-candle (in accordance with ASTM E2177) for the following Warranty Periods.

<b>Warranty Periods</b>		
<b>Application</b>	<b>Dry Retroreflectivity Warranty Period</b>	<b>Wet Retroreflectivity Warranty Period</b>
Longitudinal Markings	4 years	2 years
Symbols and Legends	2 years	1 year

03/04/2011

- 763544 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 1
- 763545 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 2
- 763546 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 3
- 763547 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 4
- 763548 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 5
- 763549 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 6
- 763550 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 7
- 763551 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 8
- 763552 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 9
- 763553 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 10
- 763554 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 11
- 763555 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 12
- 763556 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 13
- 763557 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 14
- 763558 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 15
- 763559 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 16
- 763560 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 17
- 763561 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 18
- 763562 - ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 19

**Description:**

The item(s) road location mobilization shall consist of compensating the Contractor for mobilizing hot-mix overlay equipment and incidentals within a paving zone.

This item is payable only when the work involved is hot-mix overlay paving. Mobilization for all other items of work shall be incidental to those items of work unless stated otherwise in the Contract documents.

**Method of Measurement:**

The Contractor shall be paid one (1) Road Location Mobilization for each road that is continuous (i.e., no break in the proposed paving) and for intersecting with a road assigned to be paved in the same Job Order regardless of road number or name. Conversely, if there is a break in the road paving (except for gaps at structures unable to support the paving equipment and at intersecting roads) another Road Location Mobilization item is payable.

**Basis of Payment:**

The payment for the item shall be made at the Contract unit price per Each bid for the item, Road Location Mobilization for the applicable Zones in the Contract, which price shall be full compensation.

6/12/02



CANNOT BE  
**BID PROPOSAL FORMS**  
USED FOR  
CONTRACT T201206602.01  
BIDDING



CONTRACT ID: T201206602.01 PROJECT(S): T201206602

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
SECTION 0001 Category 0001						
0010	212001 UNDERCUT EXCAVATION, PATCHING	20.000 CY				
0020	302007 GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B	20.000 CY				
0030	401821 WMA, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING	20.000 TON				
0040	406001 HOT-MIX PATCHING	500.000 SYIN				
0050	503001 PATCHING P.C.C. PAVEMENT, 6' TO 15', TYPE A	900.000 SY				
0060	503002 PATCHING P.C.C. PAVEMENT GREATER THAN 15' TO 100', TYPE B	100.000 SY				
0070	503006 DOWEL BARS	1200.000 EACH				
0080	503501 CRACK AND JOINT SEALING LESS THAN 3/4" WIDE	2500.000 LF				
0090	503503 PATCHING CONCRETE	1500.000 SYIN	5.65000		8475.00	

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING



CONTRACT ID: T201206602.01 PROJECT(S): T201206602

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0100	503517 P.C.C. PATCHING, PARTIAL DEPTH	300.000 SYIN				
0110	503536 P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 13	500.000 SY				
0120	503537 P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, ZONE 14	500.000 SY				
0130	503545 NIGHTTIME P.C.C. PATCHING SURCHARGE, SUSSEX COUNTY	75.000 SY				
0140	710001 ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING DRAINAGE INLET	2.000 EACH				
0150	710002 ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING MANHOLE	2.000 EACH				
0160	743003 ARROWPANELS, TYPE C	50.000 EADY				
0170	743010 FURNISH AND MAINTAIN TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR, TYPE II	100.000 EADY				
0180	743024 TEMPORARY WARNING SIGNS AND PLAQUES	2050.000 EADY				
0190	743052 FLAGGER, SUSSEX COUNTY, STATE	1200.000 HOUR	50.80000		60960.00	

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING



CONTRACT ID: T201206602.01 PROJECT(S): T201206602

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0200	743064 FLAGGER, SUSSEX COUNTY, STATE, OVERTIME	50.000 HOUR	73.66000		3683.00	
0210	746774 SUPPLY AND INSTALLATION OF LOOP DETECTOR WIRE	320.000 LF				
0220	748015 PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, SYMBOL/LEGEND ALKYD-THERMOPLAST IC	45.000 SF				
0230	748019 TEMPORARY MARKINGS, PAINT, 4"	200.000 LF				
0240	748502 RAISED/RECESSED PAVEMENT MARKER	50.000 EACH				
0250	748506 PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, 4"	1000.000 LF				
0260	748519 RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, 4"	500.000 LF				
0270	748536 PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, BLACK 6"	500.000 LF				
0280	750000 ADJUST WATER VALVE BOXES	2.000 EACH				
0290	762001 SAW CUTTING, HOT MIX	350.000 LF				

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING



CONTRACT ID: T201206602.01 PROJECT(S): T201206602

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0300	762002 SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, FULL DEPTH	3000.000 LF				
0310	762003 SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, VARIABLE DEPTH	600.000 LF				
0320	763000 INITIAL EXPENSE	LUMP	LUMP			
0330	763556 ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 13	3.000 EACH				
0340	763557 ROAD LOCATION MOBILIZATION, ZONE 14	3.000 EACH				
	SECTION 0001 TOTAL					
	TOTAL BID					

CANNOT BE  
 USED FOR  
 BIDDING



**CERTIFICATION**

Contract No.   T201206602.01  

The undersigned bidder, \_\_\_\_\_ whose address is \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ and telephone number is \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ hereby certifies the following:

I/We have carefully examined the location of the proposed work, the proposed plans and specifications, and will be bound, upon award of this contract by the Department of Transportation, to execute in accordance with such award, a contract with necessary surety bond, of which contract this proposal and said plans and specifications shall be a part, to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor and other means of construction, and to do all the work and to furnish all the materials necessary to perform and complete the said contract within the time and as required in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Transportation, and at the unit prices for the various items as listed on the preceding pages.

The foregoing quantities are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the amount of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient. Any such increase or decrease in the quantity for any item will not be regarded as a sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided in the contract.

Accompanying this proposal is a surety bond or a security of the bidder assigned to the Department of Transportation, for at least ten (10) percentum of total amount of the proposal, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this proposal is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to execute a contract with necessary bond, when required, for the performance of said contract with the Department of Transportation, under the conditions of this proposal, within twenty (20) days after date of official notice of the award of the contract as provided in the requirement and specifications hereto attached; otherwise said deposit is to be returned to the undersigned.

I/We are licensed, or have initiated the license application as required by Section 2502, Chapter 25, Title 30, of the Delaware Code.

By submission of this proposal, each bidder and each person signing on behalf of any bidder, certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of each signer's knowledge and belief:

1. The prices in this proposal have been arrived at independently without collusion, consultation, communication, or Agreement with any other bidder or with any competitor for the purpose of restricting competition.
2. Unless required by law, the prices which have been quoted in this proposal have not been knowingly disclosed and will not knowingly be disclosed by the bidder, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or competitor prior to the opening of proposals.
3. No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder to induce any other person, partnership, or corporation to submit or not to submit a proposal for the purpose of restricting competition.

I/We acknowledge receipt and incorporation of addenda to this proposal as follows:

No.	Date								
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**(FAILURE TO ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF ALL ADDENDA WILL RESULT IN THE BID BEING DECLARED NON-RESPONSIVE.)**

Sealed and dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year of our Lord two thousand and \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ ( 20\_\_ ).

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Bidder (Organization)

Corporate  
Seal

By:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Authorized Signature

Attest \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_.

Notary  
Seal

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary

**BID BOND**

TO ACCOMPANY PROPOSAL  
(Not necessary if security is used)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS That: \_\_\_\_\_  
of \_\_\_\_\_ in the County of \_\_\_\_\_ and State of \_\_\_\_\_  
as **Principal**, and \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ in the  
County of \_\_\_\_\_ and State of \_\_\_\_\_ as **Surety**, legally authorized to do business in the State of  
Delaware ("**State**"), are held and firmly unto the **State** in the sum of \_\_\_\_\_  
Dollars (\$ \_\_\_\_\_), or \_\_\_\_\_ percent not to exceed \_\_\_\_\_  
Dollars (\$ \_\_\_\_\_) of amount of bid on Contract  
No. T201206602.01, to be paid to the **State** for the use and benefit of its Department of Transportation  
("**DelDOT**") for which payment well and truly to be made, we do bind ourselves, our and each of our heirs,  
executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally for and in the whole firmly by these presents.

NOW THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH That if the above bounden **Principal**  
who has submitted to the **DelDOT** a certain proposal to enter into this contract for the furnishing of certain  
materiel and/or services within the **State**, shall be awarded this Contract, and if said **Principal** shall well and  
truly enter into and execute this Contract as may be required by the terms of this Contract and approved by  
the **DelDOT**, this Contract to be entered into within twenty days after the date of official notice of the award  
thereof in accordance with the terms of said proposal, then this obligation shall be void or else to be and  
remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed with \_\_\_\_\_ seal and dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year of our Lord two thousand and  
\_\_\_\_\_ (20\_\_).

SEALED, AND DELIVERED IN THE  
presence of

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Bidder (Organization)

Corporate  
Seal

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Authorized Signature

Attest \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of **Surety**

Witness: \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title

