

STATE OF DELAWARE

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BID PROPOSAL

for

CONTRACT T201403201.01

CTF PROJECTS CENTRAL, FY 2015

KENT COUNTY

Advertisement Date: July 28, 2012

Completion Date 730 Calendar Days

SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION
DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
AUGUST 2001

Bids will be received in the Bidder's Room (B1.11.01), Transportation Administration Center, 800 Bay Road,

Dover, Delaware until 2:00 P.M. local time August 19, 2014

Contract No.T201403201.01

**CTF PROJECTS CENTRAL, FY 2015
KENT COUNTY**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

LOCATION

These improvements are located in KENT County more specifically shown on the Location Map(s) of the enclosed Plans.

DESCRIPTION

The improvements consist of furnishing all labor and materials for CTF (Community Transportation Fund) Projects Central, FY 2015, and other incidental construction in accordance with the location, notes and details shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

COMPLETION DATE

All work on this contract must be complete within 730 Calendar Days .

It is the Department's intent to issue a Notice to Proceed such that work starts on or about October 1, 2014

ELECTRONIC BIDDING

This project incorporates a newer version of the electronic bidding system, Expedite 5.9a. Bidders wishing to use the electronic bidding option will find the installation file on the plan holders bid file disk. The installation file and instructions are also available at: http://www.deldot.gov/information/business/bids/const_proj_bid_info.shtml.



PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES:

1. No retainage will be withheld on this contract.
2. The Department has adopted an External Complaint Procedure. The procedure can be viewed on our website at; <http://www.deldot.gov/information/business/>, or you may request a copy by calling (302) 760-2555.
3. Make note of the new version of Electronic Bidding software as noted above.
4. BIDDERS MUST REQUEST A CD OF THE OFFICIAL PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FROM THE DEPARTMENT IN ORDER TO SUBMIT A BID.
5. Please note the Special Provision titled **Changes to Project Documents During Advertisement**. The Department is using an alternative method of providing bid documents for this contract.
6. It is anticipated that all work will occur within DelDOT's existing right of way or easement areas. Should the need occur to trespass onto private property; it will be the responsibility of the Project manager to secure such trespass needs.
7. It is anticipated that all work will occur within DelDOT's right of way. Should the need occur to trespass onto railroad property, including the highway-rail crossing; it will be the responsibility of the project manager to contact the railroad chief engineer and obtain written authorization before entering.

8. The project manager shall be responsible for coordinating with the Traffic Section relating to any impacts to Traffic Section facilities (including but not limited to traffic loops, junction wells etc.) at least 4 weeks in advance of the start of the activity. Prior to initiating any work on this contract (or sites), the Project Manager shall be responsible for preparing and submitting for approval of the Safety Section, a Maintenance of Traffic Plan. Sufficient time shall be provided for the review and approval of the plan. The Maintenance of Traffic Plan shall include proposed time restrictions on the closure of travel lanes subject to the approval of the Safety Section.
9. The Project Manager is responsible for ensuring any required documents and analysis as part of the adopted Work Zone Safety and Mobility Procedures and Guidelines has been completed prior to any work starting on this contract.

STATE OF DELAWARE

CONSTRUCTION ITEMS UNITS OF MEASURE

English Code	English Description	Multiply By	Metric Code	Metric Description	Suggested CEC Metric Code
ACRE	Acre	0.4047	ha	Hectare	HECTARE
BAG	Bag	N/A	Bag	Bag	BAG
C.F.	Cubic Foot	0.02832	m ³	Cubic Meter	M3
C.Y.	Cubic Yard	0.7646	m ³	Cubic Meter	M3
EA-DY	Each Day	N/A	EA-DY	Each Day	EA-DY
EA-MO	Each Month	N/A	EA-MO	Each Month	EA-MO
EA/NT	Each Night	N/A	EA-NT	Each Night	EA/NT
EACH	Each	N/A	EA	Each	EACH
GAL	Gallon	3.785	L	Liter	L
HOUR	Hour	N/A	h	Hour	HOUR
INCH	Inch	25.4	mm	Millimeter	MM
L.F.	Linear Foot	0.3048	m	Linear Meter	L.M.
L.S.	Lump Sum	N/A	L.S.	Lump Sum	L.S.
LA-MI	Lane Mile	1.609	LA-km	Lane-Kilometer	LA-KM
LB	Pound	0.4536	kg	Kilogram	KG
MFBM	Thousand Feet of Board Measure	2.3597	m ³	Cubic Meter	M3
MGAL	Thousand Gallons	3.785	kL	Kiloliter	KL
MILE	Mile	1.609	km	Kilometer	KM
S.F.	Square Foot	0.0929	m ²	Square Meter	M2
S.Y.	Square Yard	0.8361	m ²	Square Meter	M2
SY-IN	Square Yard-Inch	0.8495	m ² -25 mm	Square Meter-25 Millimeter	M2-25 MM
TON	Ton	.9072	t	Metric Ton (1000kg)	TON
N.A.*	Kip	4.448	kN	Kilonewton	N.A.*
N.A.*	Thousand Pounds per Square Inch	6.895	MPa	Megapascal	N.A.*

*Not used for units of measurement for payment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION..... [i](#)

 LOCATION..... [i](#)

 DESCRIPTION. [i](#)

 COMPLETION DATE. [i](#)

 PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES..... [i](#)

 CONSTRUCTION ITEMS UNITS OF MEASURE..... [iii](#)

GENERAL NOTICES..... [1](#)

 SPECIFICATIONS. [1](#)

 CLARIFICATIONS..... [1](#)

 ATTESTING TO NON-COLLUSION. [1](#)

 QUANTITIES. [1](#)

 PREFERENCE FOR DELAWARE LABOR. [1](#)

 EQUALITY OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY ON PUBLIC WORKS..... [2](#)

 TAX CLEARANCE. [2](#)

 LICENSE..... [2](#)

 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS. [2](#)

PREVAILING WAGES. [4](#)

 STATE WAGE RATES. [6](#)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS..... [7](#)

SPECIAL PROVISIONS. [8](#)

CHANGES TO PROJECT DOCUMENTS DURING ADVERTISEMENT..... [9](#)

CONSTRUCTION ITEM NUMBERS.	<u>11</u>
401502 - ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT.	<u>12</u>
401699 - QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE.	<u>13</u>
401800 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE).	<u>27</u>
401801 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)..	<u>27</u>
401810 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22.	<u>27</u>
401821 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING.	<u>28</u>
401822 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING.	<u>28</u>
406507 - CRACK SEALING.	<u>42</u>
612502 - PVC PIPE, 6	<u>45</u>
612520 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 15".....	<u>46</u>
612535 - CLEANING DRAINAGE PIPE, 15 - 24 DIA.....	<u>49</u>
612536 - CLEANING DRAINAGE PIPE, GREATER THAN 24 DIA.....	<u>49</u>
708563 - PERSONAL GRATE FOR PIPE INLET.....	<u>50</u>
737523 - PLANTINGS.	<u>51</u>
741501 - TREE TRIMMING.....	<u>53</u>
741503 – ROOT PRUNING.	<u>54</u>
760502 - PAVEMENT MILLING, TAPER CUT.....	<u>56</u>
760507 - PROFILE MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE.	<u>57</u>
762500 - SAW CUTTING, HOT-MIX, HORIZONTAL.	<u>59</u>
763643 - MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC – ALL INCLUSIVE.	<u>60</u>
UTILITY STATEMENT.	<u>66</u>
ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT.....	<u>68</u>

BID PROPOSAL FORMS. [69](#)
 BREAKOUT SHEETS. [79](#)

CERTIFICATION..... [83](#)

BID BOND. [85](#)

GENERAL NOTICES

SPECIFICATIONS:

The specifications entitled "Delaware Standard Specifications, for Road and Bridge Construction, August, 2001", hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications, the Special Provisions, notes on the Plans, this Bid Proposal, and any addenda thereto shall govern the work to be performed under this contract.

CLARIFICATIONS:

Under any Section or Item included in the Contract, the Contractor shall be aware that when requirements, responsibilities, and furnishing of materials are outlined in the details and notes on the Plans and in the paragraphs preceding the "Basis of Payment" paragraph in the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions, no interpretation shall be made that such stipulations are excluded because reiteration is not made in the "Basis of Payment" paragraph.

ATTESTING TO NON-COLLUSION:

The Department requires as a condition precedent to acceptance of bids a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with such contract. The form for this sworn statement is included in the proposal and must be properly executed in order to have the bid considered.

QUANTITIES:

The quantities shown are for comparison of bids only. The Department may increase or decrease any quantity or quantities without penalty or change in the bid price.

PREFERENCE FOR DELAWARE LABOR:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (4)b

"In the construction of all public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof, or by firms contracting with the State or any political subdivision thereof, preference in employment of laborers, workmen or mechanics shall be given to bona fide legal citizens of the State who have established citizenship by residence of at least 90 days in the State. Each public works contract for the construction of public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof shall contain a stipulation that any person, company or corporation who violates this section shall pay a penalty to the Secretary of Finance equal to the amount of compensation paid to any person in violation of this section."

EQUALITY OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY ON PUBLIC WORKS:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (7)

"a. As a condition of the awarding of any contract for public works financed in whole or in part by State appropriation, such contracts shall include the following provisions:

'During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, sex or national origin. The contractor will take positive steps to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, creed, color, sex or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment notices to be provided by the contracting agency setting forth this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, sex or national origin.'

TAX CLEARANCE:

As payments to each vendor or contractor aggregate \$2,000, the Division of Accounting will report such vendor or contractor to the Division of Revenue, who will then check the vendor or contractor's compliance with tax requirements and take such further action as may be necessary to insure compliance.

LICENSE:

A person desiring to engage in business in this State as a contractor shall obtain a license upon making application to the Division of Revenue. Proof of said license compliance to be made prior to, or in conjunction with, the execution of a contract to which he has been named.

DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS,

SUSPENSIONS OF WORK AND SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CHARACTER OF WORK:

Differing site conditions: During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract are encountered at the site, the party discovering such conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

Upon written notification, the engineer will investigate the conditions, and if he/she determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the contractor will be allowed unless the contractor has provided the required written notice.

No contract adjustment will be allowed under their clause for any effects caused on unchanged work.

Suspensions of work ordered by the engineer: If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the engineer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional compensation and/or contract time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the contractor shall submit to the engineer in writing a request for adjustment within 7 calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set fourth the reasons and support for such adjustment.

Upon receipt, the engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the engineer agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of such suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the engineer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed.

No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

Significant changes in the character of work: The engineer reserves the right to make, in writing, at any time during the work, such changes in quantities and such alterations in the work as are necessary to satisfactorily complete the project. Such changes in quantities and alterations shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety, and the contractor agrees to perform the work as altered.

If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work under the contract, whether or not changed by any such different quantities or alterations, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made to the contract. The basis for the adjustment shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon, then an adjustment will be made either for or against the contractor in such amount as the engineer may determine to be fair and equitable.

The term "significant change" shall be construed to apply only to the following circumstances:

- (A) When the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction or
- (B) When a major item of work, as defined elsewhere in the contract, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the actual amount of work performed.

PREVAILING WAGES

Included in this proposal are the minimum wages to be paid various classes of laborers and mechanics as determined by the Department of Labor of the State of Delaware in accordance with Title 29 Del.C. §6960, relating to wages and the regulations implementing that Section.

REQUIREMENT BY DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR SWORN PAYROLL INFORMATION

Title 29 Del.C. §6960 stipulates;

(b) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that the employer shall pay all mechanics and laborers employed directly upon the site of the work, unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, the full amounts accrued at time of payment, computed at wage rates not less than those stated in the specifications, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the employer and such laborers and mechanics. The specifications shall further stipulate that the scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the employer in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of the work, and that there may be withheld from the employer so much of accrued payments as may be considered necessary by the Department of Labor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the employer the difference between the rates of wages required by the contract to be paid laborers and mechanics on the work and rates of wages received by such laborers and mechanics to be remitted to the Department of Labor for distribution upon resolution of any claims.

(c) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that sworn payroll information, as required by the Department of Labor, be furnished weekly. The Department of Labor shall keep and maintain the sworn payroll information for a period of 6 months from the last day of the work week covered by the payroll.

Bidders are specifically directed to note the Department of Labor's prevailing wage regulations implementing §6960 relating to the effective date of the wage rates, at Part VI., Section C., which in relevant part states:

"Public agencies (covered by the provisions of 29 Del.C. §6960) are required to use the rates which are in effect on the date of the publication of specifications for a given project. In the event that a contract is not executed within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the specifications were published, the rates in effect at the time of the execution of the contract shall be the applicable rates for the project."

Contractor may contact:

Department of Labor
Division of Industrial Affairs
4425 No. Market Street
Wilmington, DE 19802
Telephone (302) 761-8200

STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DIVISION OF INDUSTRIAL AFFAIRS
OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT
PHONE: (302) 451-3423

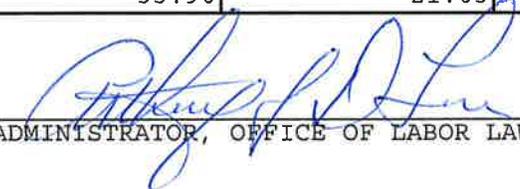
Mailing Address:
225 CORPORATE BOULEVARD
SUITE 104
NEWARK, DE 19702

Located at:
225 CORPORATE BOULEVARD
SUITE 104
NEWARK, DE 19702

PREVAILING WAGES FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION EFFECTIVE MARCH 14, 2014

CLASSIFICATION	NEW CASTLE	KENT	SUSSEX
BRICKLAYERS	48.08	48.08	14.51
CARPENTERS	43.15	50.91	40.47
CEMENT FINISHERS	30.88	26.13	26.33
ELECTRICAL LINE WORKERS	22.50	22.50	21.25
ELECTRICIANS	62.10	62.10	62.10
IRON WORKERS	42.20	23.87	25.35
LABORERS	33.01	38.68	37.97
MILLWRIGHTS	16.11	15.63	13.49
PAINTERS	60.64	60.64	60.64
PILEDRIVERS	66.42	23.75	26.95
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	41.18	27.61	28.47
SHEET METAL WORKERS	22.75	20.31	18.40
TRUCK DRIVERS	33.90	21.03	22.19

CERTIFIED: 7/16/14

BY: 

ADMINISTRATOR, OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

NOTE: THESE RATES ARE PROMULGATED AND ENFORCED PURSUANT TO THE PREVAILING WAGE REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ON APRIL 3, 1992.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF WORKERS ARE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. FOR ASSISTANCE IN CLASSIFYING WORKERS, OR FOR A COPY OF THE REGULATIONS OR CLASSIFICATIONS, PHONE (302) 451-3423.

NON-REGISTERED APPRENTICES MUST BE PAID THE MECHANIC'S RATE.

PROJECT: T201403201.01 CTF Projects Central, FY 2015, , Kent County

**SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
TO THE
AUGUST 2001
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS**

**EFFECTIVE AS OF THE ADVERTISEMENT
DATE OF THIS PROPOSAL
AND INCLUDED BY REFERENCE**

**The Supplemental Specifications can be viewed and printed from
the Department's Website.**

To access the Website;

- in your internet browser, enter; <http://www.deldot.gov>
- on the left side of the page under 'INFORMATION', Click; 'Publications'
- scroll down under 'MANUALS' and Click; "Standard Specifications 2001"

The full Website Link is;

http://www.deldot.gov/information/pubs_forms/manuals/standard_specifications/index.shtml

Printed copies of the Supplemental Specifications are available upon request. A printed copy of the above referenced Supplemental Specifications will be included in the final contract documents upon award.

The Contractor shall make himself aware of these revisions and corrections (Supplemental Specifications), and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

CHANGES TO PROJECT DOCUMENTS DURING ADVERTISEMENT

1. PRINTED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS NOT AVAILABLE FROM DELDOT.

The Department is not providing printed plans or specifications for this project. Bidders must contact the Department in order to receive a CD that contains all bid documents. Bidders are able to use the CD to print the plans and specifications, or have them printed from the Website. While the plans and specifications are available on-line at DelDOT's Website, the Website bid documents are not authorized for submitting bids, and the Website documents are marked as such. To receive required bid Documents on a CD, contact:

Contract Administration
Delaware Department of Transportation
P.O. Box 778, Dover, DE 19903
e-mail: dot-ask@state.de.us
Phone: (302) 760-2030
FAX: (302) 739-2254

The Department is providing a printed set of plans and specifications available for viewing in the Bidder's Room, Transportation Administration Center, 800 Bay Road, Dover, Delaware, Monday through Friday excluding holidays from 8:00A.M. through 4:15 P.M..

2. QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

All questions pertaining to this project are to be submitted to the following e-mail address:

dot-ask@state.de.us

Questions and Answers will be dated and posted periodically on Delaware's Bid Solicitation Directory Website located at: <http://www.bids.delaware.gov/>

The final Questions and Answers will be posted no later than the end of the day, two working days prior to the bid date.

All Questions and Answers posted by the Department on the above Website are included by reference and become part of the contract documents. The awarded bidder will receive a hard copy of the final posted Questions and Answers.

Potential bidders that do not have access to the internet may contact Jim Hoagland, Contract Services Administrator, by telephone at (302) 760-2036 to make other arrangements.

NOTE: There is space provided on the CERTIFICATION page to insert the Posted Date of the final Questions and Answers. The Final Posted Date is the latest Posted Date of the Questions and Answers one day prior to Bid Date. This final Posted Date must be submitted on the Certification page.

3. ADDENDA

The Department is not providing printed Addendums, if issued, for this project. **All addendums will be posted on the Department's Website, and are included by reference and become part of the contract documents.** It is the responsibility of the bidder to check the Website as needed. If there are Addendums issued, the final Addendum will be posted no later than the end of the day, two working days prior to the bid date.

NOTE: There is space provided on the CERTIFICATION page to insert each issued Addendum and the date you acknowledge receipt of the addendum. Each Addendum number and date acknowledged must be submitted on the Certification page.

CONSTRUCTION ITEM NUMBERS

All construction pay items are assigned a six (6) digit number, shown as Item Number on the Plans and/or in the Special Provisions, and shall be interpreted in accordance with the following:

Standard Item Number:

The first three digits of the construction item numbers indicates the Section number as described in the Standard Specifications, and all applicable requirements of the Section shall remain effective unless otherwise modified by the Special Provisions. The last three digits of the construction item identifies the item by sequential number under that Section. Sequential numbers for all items covered under Standard Specifications range from 000 to 499. A comprehensive list of construction item numbers begins on page 421 of the Standard Specifications. Additions to this list will be made as required.

Special Provisions Item Number:

The first three digits of the construction items, covered under Special Provisions, indicates the applicable Section number of the Standard Specifications, and shall be governed fully by the requirements of the Special Provisions. The last three digit of the items covered under Special Provisions identifies the item by sequential number. Sequential numbers for Special Provision items, range from 500 to 999.

Examples

Standard Item Number - 202000 Excavation and Embankment

202 Indicates Section Number

000 Indicates Sequential Number

Special Provision Item Number - 202500 Grading and Reshaping Roadway

202 Indicates Section Number

500 Indicates Sequential Number

401502 - ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT

For Sections 304, 401, 402, 403, 404, and 405, payments to the Contractor shall be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price when compared to the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price, as defined in these Special Provisions.

The Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price will be issued monthly by the Department and will be the industry posted price for Asphalt Cement, F.O.B. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price will be the anticipated Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price expected to be in effect at the time of receipt of bids.

All deviations of the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price from the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price are eligible for cost adjustment. No minimum increases or decreases or corresponding percentages are required to qualify for cost adjustment.

Actual quantity of asphalt cement qualifying for any Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment will be computed on the basis of weight tickets and asphalt percentage from the approved job mix formula.

For Recycled Hot-Mix the asphalt percentage eligible for cost adjustment shall be only the new asphalt cement added to the mix.

There shall be no separate payment per ton (metric ton) cost of asphalt cement. That cost shall be included in the various unit prices bid per ton (metric ton) for those bid items that contain asphalt cement (mentioned above).

The Asphalt cement cost adjustment will be calculated on grade PG 64-22 asphalt regardless of the actual grade of asphalt used. The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price for the project will be \$581.67 per ton (\$641.18 per metric ton).

If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the price of asphalt cement on the last authorized allotted work day, shall be the prices used for cost adjustment during the time liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the industry posted price for asphalt cement goes down, the asphalt-cement cost shall be adjusted downward accordingly.

NOTE

Application of Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment requirements as indicated above shall apply only to those contracts involving items related to bituminous base and pavements, and with bitumen, having a total of 1,000 tons (1,000 metric tons) or more of hot-mix bid quantity in case of Sections 401, 402 and 403; and 15,000 gallons (60 000 liters) or more in case of Sections 304, 404 and 405.

401699 - QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE

.01 Description

This item shall govern the Quality Assurance Testing for supplying bituminous asphalt plant materials and constructing bituminous asphalt pavements and the calculation for incentives and disincentives for materials and construction. The Engineer will evaluate all materials and construction for acceptance. The procedures for acceptance are described in this Section. Include the costs for all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to meet the requirements of this specification in the bid price per ton for the bituminous asphalt. Payment to the Contractor for the bituminous asphalt item(s) will be based on the Contract price per ton and the pay adjustments described in this specification.

.02 Bituminous Concrete Production – Quality Acceptance

(a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations.

All acceptance tests shall be performed by qualified technicians at qualified laboratories following AASHTO or DelDOT procedures, and shall be evaluated using Quality Level Analysis. The Engineer will conduct acceptance tests. The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the acceptance test results, the asphalt cement quality, the Contractor's QC Plan work, and the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the QC test results. The Engineer may elect to utilize test results of the Contractor in some situations toward judging acceptance.

Supply and capture samples, as directed by the Engineer under the purview of the Engineer from delivery trucks before the trucks leave the production plant. Hand samples to the Engineer to be marked accordingly. The sample shall represent the material produced by the Contractor, and shall be of sufficient size to allow the Engineer to complete all required acceptance tests. The Engineer will direct the Contractor when to capture these samples, on a statistically random, unbiased basis, established before production begins each day based upon the anticipated production tonnage. The captured sample shall be from the Engineer specified delivery truck. The Contractor may visually inspect the specified delivery load during sampling and elect to reject the load. If the contractor elects to reject the specified delivery truck, each subsequent load will be inspected until a visually acceptable load is produced for acceptance testing. All visually rejected loads shall not be sent to a Department project.

The first sample of the production day will be randomly generated by the Engineer between loads 0 and 12 (0-250 tons). Subsequent samples will be randomly generated by the Engineer on 500-ton sub-lots for the production day. Samples not retrieved in accordance with the Contractor's QC plan will be deemed unacceptable and may be a basis for rejection of material produced. Parallel tests or dispute resolution tests will only be performed on material captured at the same time and location as the acceptance test sample. Parallel test samples or Dispute Resolution samples will be created by splitting a large sample or obtaining multiple samples that equally represent the material. The Engineer will perform all splitting and handling of material after it is obtained by the Contractor.

The Contractor may retain dispute resolution samples or perform parallel tests with the Engineer on any acceptance sample.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the material on a lot basis. All the material within a lot shall have the same JMF (mixture ID). The lot size shall be targeted for 2000 tons or a maximum period of three days, whichever is reached first. If the 2000th ton target lot size is achieved during a production day, the lot size shall extend to the end of that production day. The Contractor may interrupt the production of one JMF in order to produce different material; this type of interruption will not alter the determination of the size or limits of material represented by a lot. The Engineer will evaluate each lot on a subplot basis. The size for each subplot shall be 100 to 500 tons and testing for the sub lots will be completed on a daily basis. For each subplot, the Engineer will evaluate one sample.

The target size of sub-lots within each lot, except for the first sample of the production day, is equal-sized 500 ton sub lots and will be based upon anticipated production, however, more or fewer sublots, with differing sizes, may result due to the production schedule and conditions. If the actual production is less than anticipated, and it's determined a sample will not be obtained (based upon the anticipated tonnage), a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. If the actual production is going to be 50 tons or greater over the anticipated sub lot production, a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. The Engineer will combine the evaluation and test results for all of the applicable sublots in order to evaluate each individual lot.

If the Engineer is present, and the quantity exceeds 25 tons, a statistically random sample will be used for analysis. When the anticipated production is less than 100 tons and greater than 25 tons, and the Engineer is not present, the contractor shall randomly select a sample using the Engineer's random location program. The captured sample shall be placed in a suitable box, marked to the attention of the Engineer, and submitted to the Engineer for testing. A box sample shall also be obtained by the contractor at the same time and will be used as the Dispute Resolution sample if requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall also obtain one liquid asphalt sample (1 pint) per grade of asphalt used per day and properly label it with all pertinent information.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests in order to characterize the material for the pavement compaction quality and to judge acceptance and the pay adjustment for the material:

- AASHTO T312 - Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyrotory Compactor
- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) - Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T308 - Determining the Asphalt Binder Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method
- AASHTO T30 - Mechanical Analysis of Extracted Aggregate
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

(b) Pavement Construction - Tests and Evaluations.

The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the compaction acceptance test results, and on the inspection of the construction, the Contractor's QC Plan work, ride smoothness as referenced

in the contract documents, lift thickness as referenced in the contract documents, joint quality as referenced in the contract documents, surface texture as referenced in the contract documents, and possibly the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the independent test results. For the compaction acceptance testing, the Engineer will sample the work on a statistically random basis, and will test and evaluate the work based on daily production.

Notify the Engineer of any locations within that road segment that may not be suitable to achieve minimum (93%) compaction due to existing conditions prior to paving the road segment. Schedule and hold a meeting in the field with the Engineer in order to discuss all areas that may potentially be applicable to Table 5a before paving starts. Areas that will be considered for Table 5a will be investigated in accordance to the method described in Appendix B. If this meeting is not held prior to paving, no areas will be considered for Table 5a. Areas of allowable exemptions that will not be cored include the following: partial-depth patch areas, driveway entrances, paving locations of less than 100 tons, areas around manholes and driveway entrances, and areas of paving that are under 400 feet in continuous total length and/or 5 feet in width.

The exempt areas around manholes will be a maximum of 4 feet transversely on either side from the center of the manhole, and 20 feet longitudinally on either side from the center of the manhole. The exempt areas around driveway entrances shall be the entire width of the driveway, and 3 feet from the edge of the longitudinal joint next to the driveway. Areas of exemption that will be cored for informational purposes only include: areas where the mat thickness is less than three times the nominal maximum aggregate size as directed by the Engineer, violations of Section 401.08 in the Standard Specifications as directed by the Engineer, and areas shown to contain questionable subgrade properties as proven by substantial yielding under a fully legally loaded truck. Failure to obtain core samples in these areas will result in zero payment for compaction regardless of the exempt status.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the compaction work on a daily basis. Payment for the compaction will be calculated by using the material production lots as referenced in **.02 Acceptance Plan (a) Material Production - B Tests and Evaluation** and analyzing the compaction results over the individual days covered in the material production lot. The compaction results will be combined with the material results to obtain a payment for this item.

The minimum size of a compaction lot shall be 100 tons. If the compaction lot is between 101 and 1000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine four compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1001 and 1500 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine six compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1501 and 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine eight compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is greater than 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine two compaction acceptance test locations per 500 tons.

If a randomly selected area falls within an Engineer approved exemption area, the Engineer will select one more randomly generated location to be tested per the requirements of this Specification. If that cannot be accomplished, or if an entire location has been declared exempt, the compaction testing shall be performed as per these Specifications but a note will be added to the results that the location was an Engineer approved exempt location.

Testing locations will be a minimum of 1.0 feet from the newly placed longitudinal joint and 50 feet from a new transverse joint.

Cut one six (6) inch diameter core through the full lift depth at the exact location marked by the Engineer. Cores submitted that are not from the location designated by the Engineer will not be tested and will be paid at zero pay.

Notify the Engineer prior to starting paving operations with approximate tonnage to be placed. The Contractor is then responsible for notifying the appropriate Engineer test personnel within 12 hours of material placement. The Engineer will mark core locations within 24 hours of notification. After determination of locations, the Contractor shall complete testing within two operational days of the locations being marked. If the cores are not cut within two operational days, the area in question will be paid at zero pay for compaction testing.

Provide any traffic control required for the structural number investigation, sampling, and testing work at no additional cost to the Department.

Commence coring of the pavement after the pavement has cooled to a temperature of 140EF or less. Cut each core with care in order to prevent damaging the core. Damaged cores will not be tested. Label each core with contract number, date of construction, and number XX of XX upon removal from the roadway. Place cores in a 6-inch diameter plastic concrete cylinder mold or approved substitute for protection. Separate cores in the same cylinder mold with paper. Attach a completed QC test record for the represented area with the corresponding cores. The Engineer will also complete a test record for areas tested for the QA report and provide to Materials & Research. Deliver the cores to the Engineer for testing, processing, and report distribution at the end of each production day.

Repair core holes per Appendix A, Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements. Core holes shall be filled immediately. Failure to repair core holes at the time of coring will result in zero pay for compaction testing for the area in question.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests on the applicable portion of the cores in order to evaluate their quality:

- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) B Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

The Engineer will use the average of the last five test values of the same JMF (mixture ID) material at the production plant in order to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity of the cores. The average will be based on the production days test results and as many test results needed from previous days production to have an average of five samples. If there are less than five values available, the Engineer will use the JMF design value in addition to the available values to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity.

.03 Payment and Pay Adjustment Factors.

The Engineer will determine pay adjustments for the bituminous asphalt item(s) in accordance with this specification. The Engineer will determine a pay adjustment factor for the

material produced and a pay adjustment factor for the pavement construction. Pay adjustments for material and construction will be calculated independently. When the pay adjustment calculation for either material or construction falls to zero payment per tables 4, 5, or 5a, the maximum pay adjustment for the other factor will not exceed 100.

Pay Adjustment factors will only be calculated on in place material. Removed material will not be used in payment adjustment calculations.

Material Production Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 70% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(a) of this specification. Pavement construction Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 30% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(b) of this specification.

(a) Material Production - Pay Adjustment.

Calculate the material pay adjustment by evaluating the production material based on the following parameters:

Table 2

Table 2 - Material Parameter Weight Factors		
Material Parameter	Single Test Tolerance (+/-)	Weight Factor
Asphalt Content	0.4	0.30
#8 Sieve (≥ 19.0 mm)	7.0	0.30
#8 Sieve (≤ 12.5 mm)	5.0	0.30
#200 Sieve (0.075mm Sieve)	2.0	0.30
Air Voids (4.0% Target)	2.0	0.10

Using the JMF target value, the single test tolerance (from Table 2), and the test values, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the material pay adjustment factor for each lot of material:

1. For each parameter, calculate the mean value and the standard deviation of the test values for the lot to the nearest 0.1 unit.
2. For each parameter, calculate the Upper Quality Index (QU):

$$QU = ((JMF \text{ target}) + (\text{single test tolerance}) - (\text{mean value})) / (\text{standard deviation}).$$
3. For each parameter, calculate the Lower Quality Index (QL):

$$QL = ((\text{mean value}) - (JMF \text{ target}) + (\text{single test tolerance})) / (\text{standard deviation}).$$
4. For each parameter, locate the values for the Upper Payment Limit (PU) and the Lower Payment Limit (PL) from Table 3 - Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method. (Use the column for “n” representing the number of sublots in the lot. Use the closest value on the table when the exact value is not listed).
5. Calculate the PWL for each parameter from the values located in the previous step:

$$PWL = PU + PL - 100.$$
6. Calculate each parameter’s contribution to the payment adjustment by multiplying its PWL by the weight factor shown in Table 2 for that parameter.

7. Add the calculated adjustments of all the parameters together to determine the Composite PWL for the lot.
8. From Table 4, locate the value of the Pay Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated PWL. When all properties of a single test are within the single test tolerance of Table 2, Pay Adjustment factors shall be determined by Column B. When any property of a single test is outside of the Single Test Tolerance parameters defined in Table 2, the Material Pay Adjustment factor shall be determined by Column C
9. For each lot, determine the final material price adjustment:

Final Material Pay Adjustment =
(Lot Quantity) x (Item Bid Price) x (Pay Adjustment Factor) x 70%. This final pay calculation will be paid to the cent.

In lieu of being assessed a pay adjustment penalty, the Contractor may choose to remove and replace the material at no additional cost to the Department. When the PWL of any material parameter in Table 2 is below 60, the Engineer may require the removal and replacement of the material at no additional cost to the Department. Test results on removed material shall not be used in calculation of future PWL calculations for Mixture ID.

The test results from the Engineer on production that is less than 100 tons will be combined with the two most recently completed Engineer tests with the same Mixture ID to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. If that cannot be accomplished, the approved JMF will be used to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. Payment for previously closed lots will not be affected by the analysis.

When a sample is outside of the allowable single test tolerance for any Materials criteria in Table 2, that sample will be isolated. For payment purposes, the test result of the out of acceptable tolerance sample will be combined with the two previous acceptable samples of the same JMF and analyzed per this specification. The material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will only include the material within the represented sub-lot (i.e., a maximum of 500 tons). If the previous acceptable test result is from the previous production day, only the material produced on the second production day will be considered out of tolerance. All future sub lots will not include the isolated test. The pay factors for the out of tolerance sample lot will be calculated using column C of table 4.

If, during production, a QA sample test result does not meet the acceptable tolerances and the Contractors QC sample duplicates the QA sample test result, the Contractor can make an appropriate change to the mixture (within the JMF boundaries), and request to have that sample further isolated. After the Contractor has made appropriate changes, the Contractor will visually inspect each produced load. The first visually acceptable load will be sampled and tested. If that sample test result shows compliance with the specifications, the material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will include the material from the previous acceptable test result to the third load after the initially sampled and tested sample. If the sample does not meet the specification requirements, the Engineer will no longer accept material. Production may resume when changes have been made and an acceptable sample and test result is obtained.

Table 3 – Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method							
PU or PL	QU and QL for “n” Samples						
	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 6	n = 7	n = 8	n = 9
100	1.16	1.50	1.79	2.03	2.23	2.39	2.53
99		1.47	1.67	1.80	1.89	1.95	2.00
98	1.15	1.44	1.60	1.70	1.76	1.81	1.84
97		1.41	1.54	1.62	1.67	1.70	1.72
96	1.14	1.38	1.49	1.55	1.59	1.61	1.63
95		1.35	1.44	1.49	1.52	1.54	1.55
94	1.13	1.32	1.39	1.43	1.46	1.47	1.48
93		1.29	1.35	1.38	1.40	1.41	1.42
92	1.12	1.26	1.31	1.33	1.35	1.36	1.36
91	1.11	1.23	1.27	1.29	1.30	1.30	1.31
90	1.10	1.20	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.25	1.26
89	1.09	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.20	1.21	1.21
88	1.07	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.17
87	1.06	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
86	1.04	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08
85	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04
84	1.01	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
83	1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.96
82	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.93
81	0.96	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.90	0.89	0.89
80	0.93	0.90	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.86
79	0.91	0.87	0.85	0.84	0.83	0.82	0.82
78	0.89	0.84	0.82	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.79
77	0.87	0.81	0.78	0.77	0.76	0.76	0.76
76	0.84	0.78	0.75	0.74	0.73	0.73	0.72
75	0.82	0.75	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.69
74	0.79	0.72	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.66
73	0.75	0.69	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63
72	0.74	0.66	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.60	0.60
71	0.71	0.63	0.60	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.57
70	0.68	0.60	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.54
69	0.65	0.57	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.52	0.51
68	0.62	0.54	0.51	0.50	0.49	0.49	0.48
67	0.59	0.51	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.46
66	0.56	0.48	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43
65	0.52	0.45	0.43	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40
64	0.49	0.42	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.37
63	0.46	0.39	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35
62	0.43	0.36	0.34	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.32

Table 3 – Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method							
PU or PL	QU and QL for “n” Samples						
	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 6	n = 7	n = 8	n = 9
61	0.39	0.33	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29
60	0.36	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26
59	0.32	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24

Table 4 - PWL Pay Adjustment Factors		
PWL	Pay Adjustment Factor (%) Column B	Pay Adjustment Factor (%) Column C
100	+5	0
99	+4	-1
98	+3	-2
97	+2	-3
96	+1	-4
95	0	-5
94	-1	-6
93	-2	-7
92	-3	-8
91	-4	-9
PWL<91	PWL - 100	PWL - 100

(b) Pavement Construction - Pay Adjustments.

The Engineer will determine the pavement construction pay adjustment by evaluating the construction of the pavement, based on the following parameter:

- Degree of compaction of the in-place material

Using the test values for the cores, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the pavement construction pay adjustment for each lot of work. .

1. Calculate the core bulk specific gravity values from the subplot tests values, to the nearest 0.001 unit. Obtain the Theoretical maximum Specific Gravity values from the corresponding laboratory subplot tests.
2. Calculate the Degree of Compaction:
Degree of Compaction =

$((\text{Core Bulk Specific Gravity}) / (\text{Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity})) \times 100\%$
 recorded to the nearest 0.1%.

3. The average compaction for the sublots shall be averaged together for the compaction level of the lot. The lots compaction test level shall be averaged and recorded to the nearest whole percent.
4. Locate the value of the Payment Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated degree of compaction from Table 5 or Table 5a.
5. Determine the pavement construction price adjustment by using the following formula:
 $\text{Construction Pay adjustment} = (\text{Lot Quantity}) \times (\text{Bid Price}) \times (\text{Pay Adjustment Factor}) \times 30\%$.

Table 5: Compaction Price Adjustment Highway Locations		
Degree of Compaction (%)	Range	Pay Adjustment Factor (%)
≥ 97.0	≥ 96.75	-100*
96.5	96.26 – 96.74	-5
96.0	95.75 – 96.25	-3
95.5	95.26 – 95.74	-2
95.0	94.75 – 95.25	0
94.5	94.26 – 94.74	0
94.0	93.75 – 94.25	1
93.5	93.26 – 93.74	3
93.0	92.75 – 93.25	5
92.5	92.26 – 92.74	3
92.0	91.75 – 92.25	0
91.5	91.26 – 91.74	0
91.0	90.75 – 91.25	-5
90.5	90.26 – 90.74	-15
90.0	89.75 – 90.25	-20
89.5	89.26 – 89.74	-25
89.0	88.75 – 89.25	-30
88.5	88.26 – 88.74	-50
≤ 88.0	≤ 88.25	-100*

* or remove and replace it at Engineer's discretion

Table 5A: Compaction Price Adjustment Other¹ Locations		
Degree of Compaction	Range	Pay Adjustment Factor (%)
>= 97.0	>= 96.75	-100*
96.5	96.26 – 96.74	-5
96.0	95.75 – 96.25	-3
95.5	95.26 – 95.74	-2
95.0	94.75 – 95.25	0
94.5	94.26 – 94.74	0
94.0	93.75 – 94.25	0
93.5	93.26 – 93.74	1
93.0	92.75 – 93.25	3
92.5	92.26 – 92.74	1
92.0	91.75 – 92.25	0
91.5	91.26 – 91.74	0
91.0	90.75 – 91.25	0
90.5	90.26 – 90.74	0
90.0	89.75 – 90.25	0
89.5	89.26 – 89.74	0
89.0	88.75 – 89.25	-1
88.5	88.26 – 88.74	-3
88.0	87.75 – 88.25	-5
87.5	87.26 – 87.74	-10
87.0	86.75 – 87.25	-15
86.5	86.26 – 86.74	-20
86.0	85.75 – 86.25	-25
85.5	85.26 – 85.74	-30
85.0	84.75 – 85.25	-40
84.5	84.26 – 84.74	-50
=< 84.0	=<84.25	-100*

* or remove and replace at Engineer's discretion

¹ This chart is to be used for areas where the structural value of the area to be paved is less than 1.75 as determined by the Engineer. See Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure. This chart is applicable to rehabilitation work only; full depth construction will not be considered for Table 5a.

.04 Dispute Resolution.

Disputes or questions about any test result shall be brought to the attention of the Contractor and the Engineer within two operational days of reported test results. The following dispute resolution procedures will be used.

The Engineer and the Contractor will review the sample quality, the test method, the laboratory equipment, and the laboratory technician. If these factors are not the cause of the dispute, a third party dispute resolution will be used.

Third party resolution testing can be performed at either another Contractor's laboratory, the Engineer's laboratory, or an independent accredited laboratory. Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon by DAPA and the Engineer, the Engineer's qualified laboratory in Dover and qualified personnel shall conduct the necessary testing for third party Dispute Resolution after the Engineer has provided reasonable notice to allow the Contractor to witness this testing.

When disputes over production testing occur, the samples used for Dispute Resolution testing will be those samples the properly captured, labeled, and stored, as described in the second paragraph of the section of these specifications titled **.02 Acceptance Plan, (a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations**. If no samples are available, the original testing results will be used for payment calculations.

Dispute Resolution samples for air void content will be heated by a microwave oven.

If there is a discrepancy between the Engineer's acceptance test result and the Contractor's test result, the Contractor may ask for the Dispute Resolution sample to be tested. The Contractor may request up to two dispute resolution samples be tested per calendar year without charge. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples run at the Contractors request where the results substantiate the acceptance test result will be assessed a fee of \$125. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples that substantiate the Contractors test result will not be assessed the fee.

When disputes over compaction core test results occur, the Engineer's acceptance core will be used for the dispute resolution sample. The Contractor will be advised on when the testing will occur as referenced above to witness the testing.

The results of the dispute resolution testing shall replace all of the applicable disputed test results for payment purposes.

Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavement

Description.

This appendix describes the procedure required to repair core holes in a bituminous concrete pavement.

Materials and Equipment.

The following material shall be available to complete this work:

- Patch Material - DeIDOT approved High Performance Cold Patch material shall be used.

The following equipment shall be available to complete this work:

- Sponge or other absorbent material - Used to extract water from the hole.
- Compaction Hammer - mechanical (electrical, pneumatic, or gasoline driven) tamping device with a flat, circular tamping face smaller than 6 inches in diameter.

Construction Method.

After core removal from the hole, remove all excess water from within the hole, and prevent water from re-entering the hole.

Place the patch material in lifts no greater than 3 inches and compact with mechanical tamping device. If the hole is deeper than 3 inches, use two lifts of approximately equal depths so that optimum compaction is achieved. Make sure that the patch surface matches the grade of the existing roadway. Make every effort to achieve the greatest possible compaction

Performance Requirements.

The Engineer will judge the patch on the following basis:

- The patch shall be well compacted
- The patch surface shall match the grade of the surrounding roadway surface.

Basis of Payment.

No measurement or payment will be made for the patching work. The Contractor must gain the Engineer's acceptance of the patching work before the Engineer will accept the material represented by the core.

Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure

The Contractor is responsible for obtaining cores in areas that they propose are eligible for compaction price adjustments according to Table 5a in this specification. Table 5a is not applicable for new full-depth pavement box construction. Cores submitted for this process shall be obtained according to the following process.

1. Contact Materials & Research (M&R) personnel to determine if information about the area is already available. If M&R has already obtained cores in the location that is being investigated, the contractor may opt to use the laboratory information for the investigation and not core the area on their own.
2. If M&R does not have information concerning the section of the roadway, the contractor needs to contact M&R to arrange for verification of coring operations. Arrangements shall be made to allow for an individual from M&R to be on the site when the cores are obtained. Cores will be turned over to M&R for evaluation.
3. The Contractor is responsible for providing all traffic control and repairing core holes in accordance to 401699 Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements.
4. Cores are to be taken throughout the entire project for the area in question. Cores will be spaced, from the start of the project in increments determined based on field and project specifics. Cores will be evenly distributed throughout the project location. The cores will be taken in the center of the lane in question.
5. Additional cores may be taken at other locations, if surface conditions indicate that there may be a substantial difference in the underlying section. The location of these cores should be documented and submitted to M&R.
6. Cores shall be full depth and include underlying materials. If there is a stone base included in the pavement section, at a minimum 1 core must have information concerning the thickness of the base. This is determined by augering to the subgrade surface.
7. The calculations used to determine the structural capacity of the roadway is as follows. If the contractor finds, upon starting the coring process, that the areas are of greater thickness than applicable to Table 5a, they may terminate the coring process on their own and retract the request.

Structural Number Calculations

Each pavement box material is assigned a structural coefficient based upon AASHTO design guides. The structural coefficient is used to determine the total strength of the pavement section.

Materials used in older pavement sections are assigned lower structural coefficients to compensate for aging of the materials. The coefficients used to determine the structural number of an existing pavement are:

Existing Material	Structural Coefficient
HMA	0.32
Asphalt Treated Base	0.26
Soil Cement	0.16
Surface Treatment (Tar & Chip)	0.10
GABC	0.14
Concrete	0 - 0.7*

* The Structural Coefficient of Concrete is dependent upon the condition of the concrete. Compressive strengths & ASR analysis are used to determine condition - contact the Engineer if this situation arises.

Newly placed materials use a different set of structural coefficients. They are as follows:

New Material	Structural Coefficient
HMA	0.40
Asphalt Treated Base (BCBC)	0.32
Soil Cement	0.20
GABC	0.14

Example:

Location includes placement of a 1.25" Type C overlay on 2.25" Type B. Existing roadway is cored and is shown to consist of 2" HMA on 7" GABC.

Calculation:

For the Type B lift the calculation would be:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 \text{Existing HMA} & 2 * 0.32 & = 0.64 \\
 \text{GABC} & 7 * 0.14 & = \underline{0.98} \\
 & & 1.62
 \end{array}$$

For the Type C lift the calculation would be:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 \text{Newly Placed B} & 2.25 * 0.4 & = 0.90 \\
 \text{Existing HMA} & 2 * 0.32 & = 0.64 \\
 \text{GABC} & 7 * 0.14 & = \underline{0.98} \\
 & & 2.52
 \end{array}$$

- 401800 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**
- 401801 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**
- 401802 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**

- 401803 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**
- 401804 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**
- 401805 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**

- 401806 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**
- 401807 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**
- 401808 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22 (CARBONATE STONE)**

- 401809 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**
- 401810 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**
- 401811 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**

- 401812 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22**
- 401813 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22**
- 401814 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22**

- 401815 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22**
- 401816 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22**
- 401817 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22**

- 401818 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**
- 401819 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**
- 401820 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22**

- 401821 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING
- 401822 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING
- 401823 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING

- 401824 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG-64-22, WEDGE
- 401825 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG-64-22, WEDGE

- 401826 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)
- 401827 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)
- 401828 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)

- 401829 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)
- 401830 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)
- 401831 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)

- 401832 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)
- 401833 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)
- 401834 - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 205 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22, (NON-CARBONATE STONE)

- 401835 - THIN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22
- 401836 - THIN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22
- 401837 - THIN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22
- 401838 - THIN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 70-22
- 401839 - THIN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22
- 401840 - THIN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 76-22

.01 Description:

This specification shall govern the production and construction of bituminous concrete pavement. The following Subsections of the Standard Specifications shall be applicable: 401.01, 401.03 - 401.10, 401.12, and 401.13. All other subsections have been modified herein.

Payment for bituminous concrete shall be in accordance with item 401699. The Contractor shall read and thoroughly understand the requirements of the QA/QC specification as defined in item 401699. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to determine all costs associated with meeting these requirements and to include them in the per ton bids for the various Superpave bituminous concrete items. Payment adjustment factors will be calculated in accordance with the latest version of item 401699.

Bituminous concrete may be produced by one or a combination of several technologies involving asphalt foaming processes and equipment or additives that facilitate the reduction of the temperature at which the mix can be placed and satisfactorily compacted thereby permitting the mix to be produced at reduced temperatures.

.02 Materials:

Use materials conforming to standard specifications 823.

Materials for bituminous concrete shall conform to the requirements of Subsections 823.01, 823.05- 823.17, and 823.25 - 823.28 of the Standard Specifications and the following. If the Contractor proposes to use a combination of materials that are not covered by this Specification, the mix design shall be submitted and reviewed by the Engineer 30 calendar days prior to use.

a) **Asphalt Binder:**

Meet the requirements of Superpave performance-grade asphalt binder, as referenced in the Plans, according to M 320¹, Table 1 and tested according to AASHTO R29 with the following test ranges:

TEST Procedure	AASHTO REFERENCE	SPECIFICATION LIMITS
Temperature, °C	M 320	Per Grade
Original DSR, G*/sin (δ)	T 315	1.00 - 2.20 kPa ¹
RTFO DSR, G*/sin (δ)	T 315	>/= 2.20 kPa
PAV DSR, G*/ sin (δ)	T 315	</=5000 kPa
BBR Creep Stiffness, S	T 313	</= 300.0 kPa
BBR m-value	T 313	>/=0.300

Note 1: The exception to M 320 is that the original DSR shall be 1.00 to 2.20 kPa

Substitution of a higher temperature grade will require prior approval by the Engineer.

The highest low temperature grade virgin binder to be used is -22.

Depending on the level of Recycled materials used, the low temperature properties, per T 313, may be different than stated in M 320 or the previous table.

b) **Recycled Materials:**

RAP (Recycled Asphalt Pavement): Bituminous concrete pavement mechanically processed to a homogenous consistency to be recycled through the production plant for use in a new bituminous concrete mixture.

The percentage allowance of recycled materials (recycled asphalt pavement and/or shingles) shall be controlled through the use of the Materials & Research recycled mixture program available through the Materials & Research Section. The program can be used by the Contractor to determine which materials and combinations of materials can be used to meet the specified material on the contract.

If the Contractor proposes to use a combination of materials that are not covered by this program, the mix design shall be submitted and reviewed by the Engineer.

c) **Shingles:**

RAS (Recycled Asphalt Shingles): Materials reclaimed from the shingle manufacturing process such as tabs, punch-outs, and damaged new shingles mechanically broken down with 100% passing the ½ in (12.5 mm) sieve. Shipping, handling, and shredding costs are incidental to the price of Superpave item.

Post-consumer shingles or used shingles are not acceptable. Fiberglass-backed and organic felt-backed shingles shall be kept separate. Both materials shall not be used in the same mixture at the same time. All shingles shall be free of all foreign material and moisture.

The use of Recycled Asphalt Shingles will be considered for 115 gyration mix designs upon demonstration by the producer of adequate blending of the binder verified by laboratory testing on plant produced material.

d) **Mineral Aggregate:**

Conform to Section 805 and the following criteria. These criteria apply to the combined aggregate blend.

DESIGN ESAL'S (MILLIONS)	COARSE AGGREGATE ANGULARITY ¹ (% MIN)		FINE AGGREGATE ANGULARITY ² (% MIN)		CLAY CONTENT ³ (% - MIN)	FLAT AND ELONGATED ⁴ (% - MAX)
	≤ 100 MM	> 100 MM	≤ 100 MM	> 100 MM		
< 0.3	55/-	-/-	-	-	40	-
0.3 to < 3	75/-	50/-	40	40	40	
3 to <10	85/80 ⁵	60/-	45	40	45	
10 < 30	95/90	80/75	45	40	45	
≥30	100/100	100/100	45	45	50	10

¹Coarse Aggregate Angularity is tested according to ASTM D5821.

²Fine Aggregate Angularity is tested according to AASHTO TP-33.

³Clay Content is tested according to AASHTO T176.

⁴Flat and Elongated is tested according to ASTM 4791 with a 5:1 aspect ratio.

⁵85/80 denotes that 85% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 80% has two or more fractured faces.

The following source properties apply to the individual aggregates in the aggregate blend for the proposed JMF.

TEST METHOD	SPECIFICATION LIMITS
Toughness, AASHTO T96 Percent Loss, Maximum	40
Soundness, AASHTO T104 Percent Loss, Maximum for five cycles	20
Deleterious Materials, AASHTO T112 Percent, Maximum	10
Moisture Sensitivity, AASHTO T283 Percent, Minimum	80

For any roadway with a minimum average daily traffic volume (ADT) of 8000 vehicles and a posted speed of 35 mph (60 kph) or greater, the polish value of the composite aggregate blend shall be greater than 8.0 when tested according to Maryland State Highway Administration MSMT 411 B ALaboratory Method of Predicting Frictional Resistance of Polished Aggregates and Pavement Surfaces.@ RAP shall be assigned a value of 5.0. The Contractor shall supply all polish values to the Engineer upon request.

e) **Mineral Filler:**

Conform to AASHTO M17.

f) **Warm Mix Additives:**

For any WMA technology requiring addition of any material by the producer during production, the following information will be submitted with the proposed JMF for review and approval at least 30 calendar days prior to production:

1. WMA technology and/or additive information.
2. WMA technology manufacturer's recommendation for usage.
3. WMA technology target dosage rate and tolerance envelope. Support tolerance envelope with test data demonstrating acceptable mix production properties conforming to all sections of this specification.
4. WMA technology manufacturer's material safety data sheets (MSDS).
5. Documentation of past WMA technology field application including points of contact.
6. Temperature ranges for mixing and compacting.
7. Laboratory test data, samples, and sources of all mix components, and asphalt binder viscosity-temperature relationships.

Follow the manufacturer's recommendation for incorporating additives and WMA technologies into the mix. Comply with the manufacturer's recommendation regarding receiving, storage, and delivery of additives.

If the producer performs blending of the WMA technology in their tank, a separate Quality Control plan shall be submitted by the producer to the Department for review and approval at least 30 calendar days prior to production.

g) **Anti-stripping additives**

Conform to standard specifications Section 829 and blend with the asphalt cement in accordance with this specification. Incorporate anti-stripping additives when the Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) as determined in accordance with AASHTO T283 is less than 80 or when specified for use by the Engineer.

.03 Bituminous Concrete Production – Quality Control

(a) Process Control - Material Production Quality Control.

Submit through electronic mail a QC Plan from each proposed production plant to the Engineer; no hot-mix asphalt material will be accepted until the Engineer approves the QC Plan. This plan must be submitted to the Engineer on an annual basis for review and approval prior to material production. The Engineer will send a signed copy back to the Contractor stating that it is approved. The approved QC Plan shall govern contractor operations.

The QC Plan shall include actions that will assure all materials and products will conform to the specifications, whether manufactured or processed by the Contractor, or procured from suppliers, subcontractors, or vendors. The Contractor shall perform the inspection and tests required to substantiate product conformance to contract requirements. The Contractor shall document QC inspections and tests, and provide copies to the Engineer when requested. The Contractor shall maintain records of all inspections and tests for at least one year. The records shall include the date, time, and nature of deficiency or deficiencies found; the quantities of material involved until the deficiency was corrected; and the date, time, and nature of corrective actions taken.

In the QC Plan shall detail the type and frequency of inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to measure and control the various properties of material and construction governed by the Specifications. The QC Plan shall include the following elements as a minimum:

- Production Plant - make, type, capacity, and location.
- Production Plant Calibration - components and schedule; address documentation.
- Personnel - include name and telephone number for the following individuals:
 - Person responsible for quality control.
 - Qualified technician(s) responsible for performing the inspection, sampling, and testing.
 - Person who has the authority to make corrective actions on behalf of the Contractor.

- Testing Laboratory - state the frequency of accuracy checks and calibrations of the equipment used for testing; address documentation.
- Load number of QC samples (1-10 if QA sample is not within trucks 1-10)
- Locations where samples will be obtained and the sampling techniques for each test
- Tests to be performed and their normal frequency; the following, at a minimum, shall be conducted:
 - Mixture Temperature: each of the first five trucks, and each load that is sampled for QC or acceptance testing.
 - Gradation analysis of aggregate (and RAP) stockpiles - one washed gradations per week for each aggregate stockpile; RAP: five gradations and asphalt cement contents for dedicated stockpiles where new material is not being added; one gradation and asphalt cement content test per week for stockpiles where material is continually being added to the stockpile.
 - Gradation analysis of non-payment sieves
 - Dust to effective asphalt calculation
 - Moisture content analysis of aggregates - daily.
 - Gradation analysis of the combined aggregate cold feed - one per year per mixture.
 - Bulk specific gravity and absorption of blended material - one per year per mixture.
 - Ignition Oven calibration - one per year per mixture.
 - Hot-Bins: one per year per mixture.
 - Others, as appropriate.
- Procedures for reporting the results of inspection and tests (include schedule).
- Procedures for dealing with non-compliant material or work.
- Presentation of control charts. The contractor shall plot the results of testing on individual control charts for each characteristic. The control charts shall be updated within on working day as test results for each subplot become available. The control charts shall be easily and readily accessible at the plant laboratory. The following parameters shall be plotted from the testing:
 - Asphalt cement content.
 - Volumetrics (air voids, voids in mineral aggregates [VMA])
 - Gradation values for the following sieves:
 - 4.75 mm (#4).
 - 2.36 mm (#8).
 - 0.075 mm (#200).
 - Operational guidelines (trigger points) to address times when the

following actions would be considered:

- Increased frequency of sampling and testing.
- Plant control/settings/operations change.
- JMF adjustment.
- JMF change (See 401644 Section .04(a)(1)).
- Change in the source of the component materials.
- Calibration of material production equipment (asphalt pump, belt feeders, etc.).
- Rejection of material.

When any point of non-compliance with the QC plan, or material not meeting the Specifications, comes to the attention of either the Contractor or the Engineer, the other party shall be notified immediately, and the Contractor shall take appropriate corrective actions. Failure to take corrective actions immediately shall be cause for rejection of material or work by the Engineer.

The following are considered significant violations to the Contractor's QC Plan:

- Using testing equipment that is knowingly out of calibration or is not working properly.
- Reporting false information such as test data, JMF information, or any info requested by DeIDOT
- Failure to perform materials testing per their approved QC Plan
- Deviating from AASHTO or DeIDOT testing procedures.
- Use of any material or the use of a JMF component in a proportion that exceeds the allowable tolerance as specified in section 04(a)(1) of this specification not listed in the JMF.
- Use of the wrong PG graded asphalt.
- Failure to take corrective action per action points in the Contractors approved QC plan.

The following steps will be taken for violations listed above:

1. First offence: Written notice of violation to the Contractor
2. Second offence: Written notice of violation and forfeiture of any bonus (material production or pavement construction) payment eligibility under 401699 section .03 for that production shift.
3. Third offence: Written notice of violation, forfeiture of bonus payment eligibility, and a 5% deduction of payment based upon contract unit price in addition to any calculated pay adjustment factors per 401699 Section 03.
4. Fourth offence: Written notice of violation, forfeiture of bonus payment eligibility, 50% deduction of payment based upon contract unit price in addition to any calculated payment adjustment factor per 401699 Section 03, and immediate suspension of the Contractor until corrective actions are taken. Corrective actions shall be submitted in writing to the Engineer for approval. The Engineer may request a meeting with the Contractor to discuss proposed changes prior to lifting suspension.

Violations of Contractor QC plans shall be kept on record for a period of 1 year from the date of violation at the Central Lab.

(b) Material Production Test Equipment.

Establish, maintain, and operate a qualified testing laboratory at the production plant site of sufficient size and layout that will accommodate the testing operations of both the Contractor and the Engineer.

Facilities for the use of the Engineer and inspectors shall be a minimum of 600 square feet of floor space conditioned to maintain constant temperature of 77F with two windows and a door equipped with functional locks and latches, located such that plant activities are plainly visible from one window of the building. Work space shall be furnished with illumination, tables, chairs, desks, telephone, and water including drinking water, sanitary facilities, fuel, and power necessary to conduct all necessary tests.

Maintain all the equipment used for handling, preparing, and testing materials in proper operating condition. For any laboratory equipment malfunction, the Contractor shall remedy the situation within one working day or the Engineer may suspend production. In the case of an equipment malfunction, the Engineer may elect to test the material at another qualified testing laboratory while waiting for repairs to equipment.

Maintain minimum calibration records for the referenced equipment:

- SUPERPAVE^R Gyratory Compactor: once every year; verified once every month by the Engineer.
- Ovens: once every three months, verified once every month.
- Vacuum Container and Gauge (Rice Bowls): once every three months, verified once every month.
- Balances and Scales: once every year, verified once every month.
- Thermometers: once a year; verified once every month.
- Gyratory Compactor molds and base plates: once every year
- Mechanical Shakers: once every year
- Sieve Verifications: once every year

All calibrations shall be documented and on file for review by the Engineer at any time.

(c) Material Production Test Methods

- AASHTO T312 - Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor
- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) - Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T308 - Determining the Asphalt Binder Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method
- AASHTO T30 - Mechanical Analysis of Extracted Aggregate
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

.04 Job Mix Formula (JMF)

Mix Design. Develop and submit a job mix formula for each mixture according to AASHTO R35. Each mix design shall be capable of being produced, placed, and compacted as specified. Assign a unique identification number to each JMF.

a) Development of JMF

Gradation: Use the FHWA Superpave 0.45 Power Chart to define permissible gradations for the specified mixture. Type C shall be either a No.4 (4.75 mm), 3/8" (9.5 mm), or 1/2" (12.5 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size bituminous concrete. Unless otherwise noted in the Plans, the Type C shall meet the 3/8" (9.5 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size. Type B bituminous concrete shall be the 3/4" (19.0 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size and the Bituminous Concrete Base Course (BCBC) shall be the 1" (25.0 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size. Target values for percent passing each standard sieve for the design aggregate structure shall comply with the Superpave control points and should avoid the restricted zone. Percentages shall be based on the washed gradation of the aggregate according to AASHTO T11.

In addition to the results of the material requirements specified above, the following material properties shall be provided by the contractor: bulk specific gravity G_{sb} , apparent specific gravity G_{sa} , and the absorption of the individual aggregate stockpiles to be used, tested according to AASHTO T84 and AASHTO T85 and reported to three decimal places along with the specific gravity of the mineral filler to be used, tested according to AASHTO T100 and reported to three decimal places.

Superpave Gyratory Compactive (SGC) Effort:

The Superpave Gyratory Compaction effort employed throughout mixture design, field quality control, or field quality assurance shall be as indicated below. All mixture specimens tested in the SGC shall be compacted to N_M Height data provided by the SGC shall be employed to calculate volumetric properties at N_p , N_D , and N_M

Superpave Gyratory Compactive (SGC) Effort:

DESIGN TRAFFIC LEVEL (MILLION ESAL'S)	$N_{INITIAL}$	N_{DESIGN}	$N_{MAXIMUM}$
0.3 to < 3	7	75	115
3 to < 30	8	100	160
≥30	9	125	205

Volumetric Design Parameters. The design aggregate structure at the target asphalt cement content shall satisfy the volumetric criteria below:

DESIGN ESAL'S (MILLION)	REQUIRED DENSITY (% OF THEORETICAL MAXIMUM SPECIFIC GRAVITY)			VOIDS-IN-MINERAL AGGREGATE (% - MINIMUM)					VOIDS FILLED WITH ASPHALT (%)
				NOMINAL MAX. AGGREGATE (MM)					
	N _{INITIAL}	N _{DESIGN}	N _{MAX}	25.0	19.0	9.5	12.5	4.75	
0.3 to < 3	≤ 90.5								65.0 - 78.0
3 to < 10									
10 < 30									
≥ 30	≤ 89.0	96.0	≤ 98.0	12.5	13.5	15.5	14.5	16.5	65.0 - 75.0 ¹

Air voids (V_a) at N_{design} shall be 4.0% for all ESAL designs. Air voids (V_a) at N_{max} shall be a minimum of 2.0% for all ESAL designs

The dust to binder ratio for the mix having aggregate gradations above the Primary Control Sieve (PCS) Control Points shall be 0.6-1.2. For aggregate gradations below the PCS Control Points, the dust to binder ratio shall be 0.8-1.6. For the No. 4 (4.75 mm) mix, the dust to binder ratio shall be 0.9-2.0 whether above or below the PCS Control Points.

For 3/8@ (9.5 mm) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size mixtures, the specified VFA range shall be 73.0% to 76.0% and for 4.75 mm Nominal Maximum Size mixtures, the range shall be 75 % to 78% for design traffic levels \$3 million ESALs.

Gradation Control Points:

The combined aggregates shall conform to the gradation requirement specified in the following table when tested according to T-11 and T-27.

TABLE 1

Nominal Maximum Aggregates Size Control Points, Percent Passing										
SIEVE SIZE	25.0 MM		19.0 MM		12.5 MM		9.5 MM		4.75 MM	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
37.5 MM	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25.0 MM	90	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19.0 MM	-	90	90	100	100	-	-	-	-	-
12.5 MM	-	-	-	90	90	100	100	-	100	-
9.5 MM	-	-	-	-	-	90	90	100	95	100
4.75 MM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	90	100
2.36 MM	19	45	23	49	28	58	32	67	-	-
1.18 MM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	60
0.075 MM	1	7	2	8	2	10	2	10	6	12

Note: The aggregate's gradation for each sieve must fall within the minimum and maximum limits.

Gradation Classification:

The Primary Control Sieve (PCS) defines the break point of fine and coarse mixtures. The combined aggregates shall be classified as coarse graded when it passes below the Primary Control Sieve (PCS) control point as defined below. All other gradations shall be classified as fine graded.

PCS CONTROL POINT FOR MIXTURE NOMINAL MAXIMUM AGGREGATES SIZE (% PASSING)					
Nominal maximum Aggregates Size	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.5 mm
Primary Control Sieve	4.75 mm	4.75 mm	2.36 mm	2.36 mm	1.18 mm
PCS Control Point	40	47	39	47	30-60

Plant Production Tolerances:

Volumetric Property	Superpave Criteria
Air Voids (V_a) at (%) N_m	2.0 (min)
Air Voids (V_a) at N_{design} (%)	6.0 (max)
Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) at N_{design}	
25.0 mm Bituminous Concrete Base Course	-1.5
19.0 mm Type B Hot-Mix	+2.0
12.5 mm Type C Hot-Mix	
9.5 mm Type C Hot-Mix	
4.5 mm Type C Hot-Mix	

The proposed JMF shall include the following:

Submit for approval to the Engineer the following documentation on Pinepave mixture design software prior to starting production of a new mixture:

1. Job mix formula (JMF) design of the component materials and target characteristic values for each mixture proposed for use. The component materials design shall include designating the source and the expected proportion (within 1 percent for the aggregate components and within 0.1 percent for the other components) of each component to be used in order to produce workable bituminous concrete meeting the specified properties. Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) is one individual aggregate component regardless of fractionation size. Recycled Asphalt Shingles (RAS) is a separate component from RAP.
2. The JMF target characteristic values include the mixing temperature range, core temperature range for gyration, the percentage of the asphalt cement component (both total and virgin), and the percentages of the aggregate amounts retained on the sieves to be addressed by the JMF as shown in Table 1.
3. Plot of the design aggregate structure on the FHWA Superpave 0.45 power chart showing the maximum density line and Superpave control points.
4. Plot of the three trial asphalt binder contents at +/- 0.5% gyratory compaction curves

where the percent of maximum specific gravity (% of G_{mm}) is plotted against the log base ten of the number of gyrations ($\log(N)$) showing the applicable criteria for N_d , N_d , and N_m .

5. Plot of the percent asphalt binder by total weight of the mix (P_b) versus the following:

% of G_{mm} at N_d , VMA at N_d , VFA at N_d , Fines to effective asphalt binder (P_{be}) ratio, and unit weight (kg/m^2) at both N_d and N_m .

6. Summary of the consensus property standards test results for the design aggregate structure, summary of the source property standards test results for the individual aggregates in the design aggregate structure, target value of the asphalt binder content, and a table of G_{mm} of the asphalt mixture for the four trial asphalt binder contents determined according to AASHTO T209.
7. Test data with each JMF and tests performed by a Qualified Laboratory on representative materials, verifying the adequacy of the design. Refer to the specifications for each mix type in order to determine the design requirements. The JMF sieve percentage values shall conform to the ranges shown in Table 1.

For any mixture that has a 20% or greater failure rate on any combined volumetric criteria, the JMF will not be approved for use on Department contracts.

8. Provide raw material of each JMF so NCAT Ignition Oven calibration correction numbers can be established for the Engineers and Contractors ovens. The Engineer shall provide an ignition oven correction number for each JMF.

.05 Approval of JMF

The Engineer will have up to three weeks once the JMF is submitted to review the submitted information.

All submitted JMF's shall correspond to the Pinepave mixture design software. The Engineer, for evaluation of the submitted JMF, will use the first three test samples. These test results acquired during production shall be within the following range compared to the submitted JMF on the Pinepave mixture design software: G_{mm} : + / - 0.030 and G_{mb} : + / - 0.040

a) **Design Evaluation:**

The Engineer may elect to evaluate the proposed JMF and suitability of all materials through laboratory trial batches. All materials requested by the Engineer shall be provided at the contractor's expense to the Central Laboratory in Dover in a timely manner upon request. To verify the complete mixture design and evaluate the suitability of all materials, the following approximate quantities are required:

- 5.25 gal (20 liters) of the asphalt binder;
- 0.13 gal (0.5 liters) sample of liquid heat-stable anti-strip additive;
- 254 lb. (115 kg) of each coarse aggregate;

154 lb. (70 kg) of each intermediate and fine aggregate;
 22 lb. (10 kg) of mineral filler; and
 254 lb. (115 kg) of RAP, when applicable.

For more expeditious approval, the Contractor may undertake the following steps:

1. Submit the proper documentation on Pinepave mixture design software.
2. Produce the new mixture for a non-Department project. The Engineer will test the material, by taking three series per section 401800 03(c). The mixture will be approved by the Engineer for Department projects if the test results are within the specifications.

A new JMF is required when any of the following conditions occur:

- A change in the source of any of the aggregate component materials
- A change in the proportion of any aggregate component by more than 5.0%
- A change in the aggregate components resulting in a change in percent passing any sieve as identified in Table 1 by more than 5% of the JMF target.
- A change in the target AC content by more than 0.20% from the JMF target to maintain other Volumetric properties of the approved JMF.
- For any mixture that has a 20% or greater failure rate on any combined volumetric criteria.

Although a new JMF is not required, the Contractor shall inform the Engineer of any proposed changes to an existing JMF. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer by electronic mail of the proposed changes. This notification shall include the total change made from the approved JMF proportions, and the effective time of the change. The Engineer will reply to the proposed changes within one operational day and notify the Contractor of the effective date of the changes.

.06 Construction.

(a) Pavement Construction Test Equipment.

The Contractor shall furnish and use in-place density gauges, and/or coring equipment to meet the requirements of these Specifications.

Weather Limitations.

Place mix only on dry, unfrozen surfaces and only when weather conditions allow for proper production, placement, handling, and compacting. The following table of ambient temperatures for various binder grades and lift thicknesses for placement with the following parameters:

Lift Thickness (in)	PG Binder		
	76-22	70-22	64-22
1.50	50F	45F	40F
2.00	40F	38F	35F
3.00	32F	32F	32F

- Minimum surface temperature of 32 degrees F AND
- Minimum production temperature of 275 degrees F AND
- Maximum wind speed of 8 miles per hour

Construction outside of these conditions with WMA technology will be at the discretion of the Engineer.

Compaction:

(b) Pavement Construction - Process Control.

Perform Quality Control of pavement compaction by testing in-place pavement density by the following methods.

- ASTM D2950 Standard Test Method for Density of Bituminous Concrete in Place by Nuclear Methods; the use of other density gauges shall be as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

Cores may be cut on the first day of paving or once after the change of a JMF for gauge calibration. The number of cores obtained for calibration purposes shall not exceed the number of QA samples obtained by the Department for payment. The Contractor may use any method to select locations for the Quality Control calibration cores.

Repair all core holes in accordance with 401699 Appendix A.

Method of Measurement:

Method of Measurement will be in accordance with Subsections 401.14 and 401.15 of the Standard Specifications.

Basis of Payment:

All work completed under this item shall be considered for full payment and subsequently modified in accordance with the procedures enumerated under 401699.

Material production quality shall be evaluated per item 401699 - Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete .03 (a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations.

Compaction quality shall be evaluated per Item 401699 - Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete .03 (b) Pavement Construction - Tests and Evaluations.

10/25/2013

406507 - CRACK SEALING

Description:

The work covered by these specifications consists of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to perform all operations in connection with the cleaning and sealing of construction joints and random cracks in bituminous concrete surfaces with hot poured asphaltic materials.

Materials:

The sealant shall consist of selected blends of paving grade asphalt and vulcanized granulated crumb rubber. During heating in the melting unit, the asphalt and rubber must react to form a flexible adhesive compound, which when properly applied will effectively seal cracks in either asphalt or concrete pavements. The mixture shall be a blend of paving grade asphalt cement, 21% +/- 2% (by weight of mixture) recycled/reclaimed crumb rubber as shown below and other ingredients necessary to meet the following requirements.

The material furnished under these specifications shall have been tested and found acceptable as determined by the qualification tests in accordance with the requirements under these specifications. A certified copy of the test results shall be submitted to the Materials & Research Laboratory to show that the material is duly qualified.

Physical Requirements:

The specification for asphalt rubber sealants after reaction at 350 F (177 C) for one (1) hour shall be as follows:

Test:

Penetration, Cone, 77 F (25 C); .004 in (1/10 mm), .33 lb (150 g), 5 sec	70 maximum
Softening Point, F (C)	150 F (65.6 C) minimum
Resilience, 77 F (25 C); %	30% minimum
Ductility, 39.2 F (4 C); in (cm)	2.8 in (7 cm) minimum
Viscosity at 350 F (177 C); lb/ft-sec (C Poise), ASTM D3236	26.8 - 167.7 lb/ft-s (40 - 250 C Poise)
Unit Weight	8.5 lbs/gal (1.0 kg/l)
Coverage; 1/2" x 1/2" (13 mm x 13 mm) crack	11.0 lbs per 100 ft. (5.0 kg per 30 m)

Mixture Requirements:

The pour point of the mixture shall be at least 20 F (-6.7 C) lower than the safe heating temperature, which is the maximum temperature to which the material mixture may be heated without exceeding the permitted flow.

Asphalt Compatibility:

Requirements of ASTM D3405 shall be met by the sealant as tested in accordance with ASTM D3407.

Safety Precautions:

Asphalt rubber sealants must be non-toxic and contain no carcinogenic materials.

Crumb Rubber:

The recycled/reclaimed crumb rubber used in mixture shall meet the following requirements:

- A. Shall be produced from an ambient grinding process (crushes, tears, grinds, and/or abrades the used rubber at or above ordinary room temperature) which produces rubber particles with a very ragged, sponge-like surface. Cryogenically ground rubbers are prohibited.
- B. Shall contain recycled, vulcanized crumb rubber and/or reclaimed (devulcanized) rubber.
- C. Shall contain no more than a trace of fabric.
- D. Shall be free of wire and other contaminating materials, except that up to 4% calcium carbonate or talc may be included to prevent the rubber particles from sticking together.
- E. Shall have no rubber particles greater than 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) in length.

In addition to the certified copy of the test results, the Contractor shall provide a sample, 2 lbs. (.91 kg) minimum, of the sealant to the Department's Materials and Research Section for approval.

Construction Methods:

The equipment used for heating and applying the sealant shall meet the requirements of the sealant manufacturer. The kettle shall be an oil-jacketed double wall kettle equipped with an agitator and a 2 inch (50 mm) hot asphalt pump. The equipment shall have a pump for circulating the transfer oil bath and thermometers in both the oil bath and melting chamber. The equipment used for application of the sealant material shall be equipped with a volumetric measuring device to measure the quantity of sealant material applied. The wand applicator shall utilize metal tips. Plastic tips will not be allowed.

The sealant material shall be heated as recommended by the manufacturer.

All construction and random cracks with a crack width greater than 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) are to be sealed in accordance to these specifications. All construction and random cracks with a crack width less than 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) are not to be sealed.

No crack sealant shall be applied in wet cracks or when ambient temperature is below the temperature as recommended by the product manufacturer unless a heat lance is utilized to adequately dry the crack, and as directed by the engineer.

All cracks shall be cleaned of loose dirt and debris by using compressed air of at least 100 psi (7.03 kg/cm²), measured at the source, prior to sealing. The compressor shall be equipped with traps that will maintain the compressed air free of oil and water. Any vegetation shall be removed prior to sealing utilizing a motorized wire brush.

Fill joints and cracks in such a manner to provide a band of 2 inches (50 mm) to 4 inches (100 mm), centered over the joint. The thickness of the material shall be approximately 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) not to exceed 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) above the pavement surface. Material shall be leveled by means of a squeegee or a dish mounted on the delivery wand.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of sealant material will be measured as the number of linear feet (meters) of sealant material applied which shall be checked immediately prior to application in order to determine the actual linear feet (meters) of cracks injected and accepted.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of crack sealant material will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear feet (meters). Price and payment will constitute full compensation for cleaning cracks/joints, for furnishing, heating, and applying crack sealant and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work.

5/15/13

612501 - PVC PIPE, 4
612502 - PVC PIPE, 6
612503 - PVC PIPE, 8
612504 - PVC PIPE, 10
612505 - PVC PIPE, 12
612506 - PVC PIPE, 15
612507 - PVC PIPE, 18
612518 - PVC PIPE, 21

Description:

This work consists of furnishing and installing PVC pipe, including all fittings, in accordance with the locations, details, notes on the Plans and as directed by the Engineer. The PVC pipe shall be used for subsurface drainage or for serving as conduit as specified on the Contract Plans.

Materials and Construction Methods:

The PVC pipe and fittings shall be free from defects and shall conform to the applicable requirements of ASTM D3034 Type PSM, and pipe shall be of SDR-35 or SDR-41 or SDR-42 for subsurface drainage pipe of the nominal size required by the Plans.

The PVC pipe and fittings shall be free from defects and shall conform to the applicable requirements of ASTM D2466 PVC Pipe Fitting, Schedule 40 for conduit of the size required by the Plans.

The excavation and backfill for the pipe shall be performed in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 612 of the Standard Specifications, unless otherwise modified on the Plans. The pipe shall be installed at the locations and to the lines, grades, and dimensions shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of PVC pipe will be measured as the actual number of linear feet (linear meters) of each size of pipe placed and accepted, measured from end to end of pipe, including structure wall thickness, but excluding structure interior.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of PVC pipe will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (linear meter) for each size of pipe. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing, hauling, and installing pipe, for all cribbing or foundation treatment necessary to prevent settlement, for all shoring and sheeting, for the replacement of any pipe which is not true in alignment or which shows any settlement after laying, and for all material, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work.

For pipe under 24 (600 mm) nominal inside diameter, the excavation, bedding, backfill and backfilling will be included in the price for this work. For pipe of nominal inside diameter 24 (600 mm and over), payment for excavation, bedding, backfill and backfilling will be in accordance with Section 208.

- 612520 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 15"**
- 612522 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 12"**
- 612523 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 18"**
- 612524 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 24"**
- 612525 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 30"**
- 612526 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 36"**
- 612530 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S OR D, 42"**
- 612531 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S OR D, 48"**
- 612534 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 8"**
- 612544 - CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 60"**

Description:

This work consists of furnishing and installing corrugated polyethylene pipe with a smooth interior in a reasonably close conformity with lines and grades indicated on the Plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials:

Pipes, couplings and fittings shall be made of polyethylene compounds, and shall meet all applicable requirements of AASHTO M294 current edition Type S or Type D for pipe sizes 12" (300 mm) and larger. Polyethylene pipes, couplings and fittings less than 12" (300 mm) in diameter shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 current edition. The pipes and fittings shall be free of foreign inclusions and visible defects and pipe shall be cut squarely and cleanly so as to not adversely affect joining or connecting. Visible defects such as cracks, creases, unpigmented or nonuniformly pigmented pipe are not permissible in the pipe as furnished.

Joints for all pipe and fittings shall use gasketed watertight bell/spigot or bell/bell couplers. The gaskets shall meet the requirements of ASTM F477 and the joint system shall be certified to meet a 10.8 psi (74 kPa) laboratory test per ASTM D3212. In addition, the joint system shall provide sufficient longitudinal strength to preserve pipe alignment and prevent separation at the joint.

The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certificate signed by the manufacturer's representative stating the product was manufactured, tested and supplied in accordance with all the applicable requirements of AASHTO M-294 (or ASSHTO M252 as applicable), ASTM F477 and ASTM D3212. The manufacturer shall verify compliance with AASHTO M294 through the National Transportation Product Evaluation Program.

Construction Methods:

General. The pipe shall be installed per the notes and details shown on the plans and in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D2321 or the manufactures published guidelines whichever is more stringent. The manufactures representative must be present at the beginning of the installation unless the engineer is confident in the contractors work. Having a representative on the site or not does not dismiss the contractor's liability.

Excavation. The trench in which the pipe is laid shall be excavated in accordance with Section 208 and The Standard Construction Details to the required depth. The width of the trench shall provide a minimum clearance of 18" (450 mm) between the trench wall and the O.D. of the

pipe. If flowable fill is used, trench width shall provide 6" (150 mm) between the trench wall and O.D. of the pipe. Floating of pipe must be controlled. When multiple pipes are placed side by side, a minimum of 18" (450 mm) shall be allowed between pipes or 6" (150 mm) if flowable fill is used.

Minimum cover for pipe under pavement, including local roads, subdivision roads and non-residential driveways, shall be 1' measured from the top of pipe to bottom of pavement. The minimum cover for pipe under the travel way of roads with higher classifications shall be 2' measured from the top of pipe to the bottom of pavement. Otherwise, the cover shall be 1' measured from the top of pipe to top of grade unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer to prevent pipe flotation.

Bedding of Pipe. Unless noted otherwise, all pipes shall be placed on Class C bedding as shown on The Standard Construction Details. The outside thirds of the bedding material shall be compacted. The areas around the joints shall be hand excavated to accommodate the bell when the outside diameter of the bell is greater than the pipe.

Joints. The spigot of the pipe shall be fully inserted into the bell to ensure a tight joint.

Laying Pipe. All pipe shall be laid in an upgrade direction unless otherwise directed. The pipe shall be laid with the lowest point of the inside diameter conforming to the flow line shown on the Plans. All pipe shall be carefully laid with the bell ends upgrade, with the spigot ends fully entered into the adjoining bell, and true to the lines and grades shown on the Plans, or as directed. Any pipe which is not in true alignment, or which shows any settlement after laying, shall be taken up and re-laid. Unsuitable material encountered below the flow line of the pipe shall be removed to a depth and replaced, as directed.

Backfill. Placement of backfill shall conform to Section 208 except as follows:

The initial backfill lift shall not exceed 12" (300 mm) of loose material or be higher than the spring line of the pipe. The material shall be sliced into the haunches of the pipe using a shovel. A maximum of 8" (200 mm) of loose material shall be placed for each remaining lift. Caution shall be taken not to hit the pipe with any mechanical compaction equipment. Caution shall also be taken not to disturb the pipe alignment.

Where heavy construction equipment is expected to travel over the shallow buried pipe the pipe shall be protected by temporarily placing a cover of material as recommended by the manufacturer.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of polyethylene pipe will be measured as the actual number of linear feet (linear meters) of each type of pipe placed and accepted, measured from end to end of pipe, including structure wall thickness, but excluding structure interior.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of polyethylene pipe will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (linear meter) for each type of pipe. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing, hauling, and installing pipe; for excavation and backfill, for furnishing and placing Type C Borrow, (#57 stone may be substituted under roadway), for all cribbing or foundation treatment

(Class C bedding) necessary to prevent settlement; for all shoring and sheeting; for the replacement of any pipe which is not true in alignment or which shows any settlement after laying; for verifying and correcting deflection, for protection of shallow buried pipe and for all material, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work. Payment for excavation and replacement of unsuitable material encountered below the Class C bedding will be provided for under Section 208.

For round pipe under 24" (600 mm) nominal inside diameter, the excavation (excluding rock), backfill, and backfilling will be included in the price for this work. For pipe of nominal inside diameter or horizontal dimension of 24" (600 mm) and over, payment for excavation and backfill will be in accordance with Section 208. Furnishing of Borrow Type C for pipe of nominal inside diameter or horizontal dimension of 24" (600 mm) and over, will be paid for under Section 210.

Payment for excavation and replacement of unsuitable material encountered below the flow line of pipe will be provided for under Section 208.

3/1/13

612535 - CLEANING DRAINAGE PIPE, 15 - 24 DIA.
612536 - CLEANING DRAINAGE PIPE, GREATER THAN 24 DIA.

Description:

This work consists of cleaning existing drainage pipe. It is the intent that equipment and cleaning methods used to perform this work conform to Specification Guidelines prepared by the National Association of Sewer Service Companies (NASSCO) hereinafter referred to as the NASSCO Specifications.

Materials and Construction Methods:

Water used for cleaning shall be safe for all downstream environments. The source for the cleaning water shall be approved by the Engineer.

Equipment and construction methods shall be in accordance with the requirements under Sewer Line Cleaning, High-Velocity Jet (Hydrocleaning) found in the NASSCO Specifications. Equipment shall be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The cleaning operation shall consist of up to three passes of the hydrocleaning equipment. If three passes do not adequately clean the pipe, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to use other procedures covered by other item(s) of work.

Material removed during the pipe cleaning operation shall be disposed by the Contractor at a site approved by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of drainage pipe cleaned will be measured as the actual number of linear feet (linear meters) of pipe cleaned and accepted measured from end to end.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of pipe cleaned will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot (linear meter). Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing equipment and water, disposing of removed material and for all labor, equipment, tools and incidentals to complete the work.

12/8/09

708563 - PERSONAL GRATE FOR PIPE INLET

Description:

This work consists of furnishing all materials, fabricating, delivering and constructing personal grates for pipe inlets as shown on the details on the Plans, as directed by the Engineer and as required by these Special Provisions.

Materials:

Materials shall conform to the requirements of Sections 603 and 612 and shall be galvanized in accordance with Subsection 826.07 including all rebar, hardware and fasteners as shown on the Plans.

Working drawings shall be submitted in accordance with Subsection 105.04.

Construction Methods:

Personal grates for pipe inlets shall be constructed based on the details shown on the Plans and at the size and locations shown on the Plans.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of personal grate for pipe inlet will not be measured.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of personal grate for pipe inlet will be paid for at the Contract unit price lump sum. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing, hauling and installing materials, including bar reinforcement; lock, for excavating including removal and disposal of existing end sections, backfilling, and compacting; for cribbing, shoring, sheeting, coating, and paving; and for all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work. Design services for the personal grate for pipe inlet including the preparation and submittal of working drawings shall be incidental to this item.

Note:

The breakout sheet attached to the Bid Proposal shows all personnel grate for pipe inlets proposed for this Contract. The Contractor shall fill in the per each unit price and the cost (unit price times the proposed quantity) for each size listed. The lump sum price bid for item 708563-Personal Grate for Pipe Inlet shall be in the sum of the total cost for all sizes listed. The completed breakout sheet shall be attached to the Bid Proposal. Failure to submit the breakout sheet will result in the Bid Proposal as being declared non-responsive and rejected.

The Department reserves the right to delete from the Contract the furnishing and installing of one or more of the sizes listed and the right to add or subtract from the quantity of each size listed. The lump sum to be paid will be adjusted in accordance with the Contractor's unit prices as required above. There will be no extra compensation to the Contractor if such additions and/or deletions are made.

6/11/2013

737523 - PLANTINGS

The requirements of Section 737 shall be followed except as modified below:

Subsection 737.07 Peat Moss and Peat Humus.

Add the following:

- (c) Composed leaf mulch free of wood, metallic substances, glass or other contaminants may be used in lieu of peat moss or peat humus.

Subsection 737.10 Stakes, Guys, and Related Materials.

Delete paragraphs (e),(f) and (h).

Subsection 737.16 Planting.

Delete paragraph (d).

Add the following:

Wire baskets shall be cut away and removed from the top half of the root ball.

Section 737.17 Plant Establishment.

Delete this subsection in its entirety and add the following:

The plant establishment period for all planting shall begin immediately after all planting and replacements (as specified under Section 737.16, Planting) are complete and acceptable to the Engineer. The plant establishment period will consist of one full growing season during which time the Contractor shall be responsible for all work necessary to keep the plants in a live and healthy condition. A growing season is defined as the period from May 1 through September 30. If the Contractor completes all planting (as specified under Planting) by May 1, the inspection will be held on or about October 1 of that year. In the event the Contractor does not complete all planting by May 1, the inspection will be held on or about October 1 of the following year. All replacement plant material determined to be necessary at the inspection must then be approved at the replacement plant source by October 15. At this time, the Engineer will direct the Contractor to replace those plants determined to be dead or unhealthy by December 1. The Contractor will notify the Engineer in writing that all replacement planting has been accomplished. The Engineer will conduct an inspection within 15 days after such notification to determine the acceptability of the replacements. If all replacements are determined satisfactory by the Engineer, the Contractor will be relieved of all further responsibility for care and replacement.

All planting areas shall be kept free of weeds and grass during the life of the Contract. The Contractor may utilize a pre- or post-emergent herbicide to control such grass and broadleaf weeds incidental to the cost of planting and be totally responsible for the proper use and placement of any such herbicide. As requested in writing by the Engineer, the Contractor shall be responsible to weed within all plant beds and within the saucer limits of individual plants, beginning 10 calendar days after the date of notification. The Contractor shall prune and apply insecticides or fungicides as

required, repair or replace stakes and guy wires, tighten guy cable or wire and repair plant saucer washouts when and as specified by the Engineer.

Any plants that settle below or rise above the desired finished grades shall be reset at the proper grades. All replacements shall be plants of the same kind, size and quality as originally specified in the Contract and they shall be furnished, planted, mulched, guyed, watered, etc. as specified herein for new plant material.

If dead or unhealthy plants are discovered, they shall be removed within 10 calendar days and replaced with the next appropriate planting season. The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage incurred to plant material, tree protection, wire or staking regardless of the cause.

The cost of the above described work shall be incidental to Section **737**, Planting.

The Contractor shall water all plants as required to sustain them in a healthy condition. The Contractor shall give 24 hours written notice to the Engineer prior to each watering.

Subsection 737.18 Method of Measurement.

Delete the paragraph in its entirety and insert the following:

The quantity of planting will not be measured.

Subsection 737.19 Basis of Payment.

Delete the first two paragraphs in their entirety and insert the following:

The quantity of planting will be paid for at the Contract lump sum. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing and placing all materials, including plants, soil mixes, and mulch; for protecting plants after digging and prior to planting; for staking, excavating plant pits, pruning, wrapping, and guying; for all watering until final acceptance, for the cultural care of the plants until the completion and acceptance of all landscape work; for disposing of excess and waste materials; for replacement planting; for cleanup; for repairs to plant material, tree protection, wire, or staking due to fire, theft, vehicular damage, or acts of vandalism; for repairs to damaged grassed, planted, or other landscaped area due to the Contractor's operations; for ensuring that topsoil meets the sieve analysis, acidity, and organic matter requirements; for applying sufficient materials to fertilizer that originally failed to meet the specified analysis; for using pre- or post-emergent herbicide to control grass and weeds; for the work outlined under Subsection 737.17; and for all labor, equipment, tools and incidentals required to complete the work.

Payment for the planting as described above may be processed if, in the opinion of the Engineer all work required, except that specified under Subsection 737.17 is satisfactorily completed. No partial payment will be made for any living plant until and unless planted in accordance with these specifications. No additional payment will be made for using plants larger than specified.

741501 - TREE TRIMMING

Description:

This work consists of pruning trees and disposing of the resulting trimmings in accordance with these specifications, notes and details on the Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Construction Method:

Pruning shall be done in accordance with practices recommended by the International Society of Arboriculture in their publication Tree-Pruning Guidelines. (Edition current at time of advertisement).

The extent of the pruning shall be as noted and detailed on the Plans.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of trees trimmed will be measured as the actual number of tree acceptably trimmed.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of trees trimmed will be paid for at the Contract price per each tree. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for trimming, satisfactory disposal of trimmings, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work.

8/20/02

741503 – ROOT PRUNING

Description:

This work shall consist of supplying all materials, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary for the root pruning of existing trees designated to remain on the Contract Documents.

Material Requirements:

Backfill material shall be that which was removed during the root pruning process or other topsoil containing a high organic content.

An ISA (International Society of Arboriculture) Certified Arborist shall be on-site to perform or directly supervise the root pruning operations in conformance with accepted arboricultural practices.

A vibratory knife or other equipment and tools that conform to accepted arboricultural practices shall be utilized to perform root pruning operations.

Construction Methods:

The Contractor shall contact “Miss Utility” or another approved service to identify and mark utilities in the rights-of-way and to ensure that those within the vicinity of trees designated to remain on the Contract Documents are clearly identified.

Prior to beginning operations, the Contractor shall coordinate a meeting on-site with the Engineer, Certified Arborist, and City of Newark representative to discuss conflicts that may affect operations. Areas to be root pruned shall be approved and marked in the field.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 10 days before beginning Operations.

A vibratory knife or other equipment and tools that conform to accepted arboricultural practices shall be utilized to perform root pruning operations.

Root pruning operations shall meet ANSI A300 standards for Tree Care Operations.

Cleanly cut tree roots to a depth of 24 in. along the approved line and immediately backfill trenches with excavated soil or other topsoil containing a high organic content.

Promptly remove, disperse, or dispose of wood debris and other waste materials as directed.

Avoid damage to existing structures, plants, and turfgrass. Keep turfgrass areas, paved surfaces, and sidewalks clean. Restore ruts and damaged turfgrass areas designated to remain by seeding as specified in the DelDOT Specifications.

Do not injure vegetation to be preserved. Injuries to bark, trunks, or limbs shall be repaired by cutting, smoothing, and tracing the bark in accordance with ANSI A300 Standards for Tree Care Operations.

Monetary compensation for damage or loss of trees will be calculated and assessed in conformance with the Guide for Plant Appraisal of the Council of Tree & Landscape Appraisers.

Method of Measurement:

Tree Root Pruning will be measured as the actual number of linear feet of root pruning performed.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of Tree Root Pruning shall be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot. The payment will be full compensation for all labor, material, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

7/1/10

760502 - PAVEMENT MILLING, TAPER CUT

Description:

This work consists of furnishing a pavement milling machine and milling or planing the existing bituminous concrete pavement to the average depths and widths in accordance with the locations, notes on the Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

The pavement milling machine shall be one with a proven record for use in milling/planing hot-mix pavement. The Contractor shall reuse, salvage, or dispose of the milled material as indicated on the Plans.

Construction Methods:

Milling and/or planing shall consist of one pass with a specified depth at one edge (face of the curb) and 0 depth at the other edge, or in cases where excessive crown is being removed, the required number of passes to mill a specified depth at the existing road centerline and 0 depth at the edges. The depth shall be as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of taper cut milling will be measured in square yards per inch of depth (square meters per 25 mm of depth). The average depth shall be determined by either measuring the actual depth removed at face of the curb and dividing by two or measuring the actual depth removed at road centerline and dividing by two, whichever case is applicable.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of taper cut milling will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard per inch of depth (square meter per 25 mm of depth). Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing milling machine with operator and milling/planing the roadway, removal and disposal or salvaging the milled material and for transporting, as indicated on the Plans, for all labor, equipment, tools, and necessary incidentals to complete the work.

10/25/01

760507 - PROFILE MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE
760508 - PROFILE MILLING, CONCRETE

Description:

This work consists of furnishing a pavement-milling machine or cold planer and planing the existing bituminous concrete pavement or P.C.C. Pavement at the locations and to the nominal depths shown on the Plans and/or as directed by the Engineer to obtain a smooth profile on the existing roadway surface. Unless otherwise noted on the Plans or specifications the Contractor shall reuse, salvage and/or dispose of the milled material.

Equipment:

The milling equipment shall be a commercially designed and manufactured milling machine capable of performing the work in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. The machine shall be power-operated and self-propelled, shall have sufficient power, traction and stability to remove a thickness of material to a specified depth. In addition, the machine must accurately and automatically establish profile grades by referencing the existing pavement surface. This shall be accomplished by means of 1.) a ski of 30 (9 m) minimum length with an accuracy of ± 0.125 in 30 (3 mm in 9 m) or 2.) a minimum of three (3) ultra sonic, non-ground contacting sensors with an accuracy of ± 0.100 in 25 (2.5 mm in 7.5 m). If noted on the Plans, a profile grade shall be established independent of the existing pavement surface. In such case the machine shall be capable of following the independent grade line (e.g. string line). The machine shall have an automatic system for controlling grade elevation and cross slope. The machine shall also be equipped with a means to effectively control dust generated by the cutting operation.

Construction Methods:

The surface resulting from the planing operation shall be in accordance with notes and details on the Plans and shall be characterized by uniform, discontinuous longitudinal striations and shall not be gouged or torn. Imperfections exceeding 5/16" (8 mm) at any point along the surface as a result of missing teeth or faulty operation shall be removed by approved methods.

Before opening the milled surface to traffic, all loose material shall be removed from the surface with a power vacuum sweeper.

Whenever the milling operation causes water to pond or lay within the wheelpaths of the roadway the Contractor shall alleviate this problem by cutting bleeders into the shoulder or median to provide positive drainage. Cost for such work will be incidental to this item.

If the road is to remain open to traffic, longitudinal vertical drop-offs in excess of 2" (50 mm) at lane lines or at the centerline shall not be left overnight.

Transverse faces at the beginning and end of the milling operation existing at the end of a work period shall be tapered 20:1 or flatter in a manner approved by the Engineer to avoid a hazard for traffic.

Surface material that cannot be removed by cold planing equipment because of physical or geometrical restraints shall be removed by other methods acceptable to the Engineer.

If independent grade reference is required, it shall be designated in the Plans and/or Contract documents and elevations shall be provided by the Plans or at the direction of the Engineer.

If a severe bump exist in the pavement surface extra effort shall be taken at these locations to improve the profile. Manual changes to the cutter head may be needed at these locations to achieve this. It is the intent to remove bumps and irregularities in the pavement and produce a smooth milled surface for hot-mix resurfacing.

If the existing bituminous surface is over concrete the intent is to remove all of the existing bituminous material to the top of the concrete surface unless otherwise directed by the Plans or the Engineer.

If milling to remove open graded hot mix, the milling operation must remove all of the open graded hot mix from the roadway surface.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of pavement milling will be measured as the number of square yards per inch (square meters per 25 mm) of depth as shown on the Plans or established by the Engineer. The nominal depth shown on the Plans and initially set on the milling machine, even though it will vary automatically during profiling, will be the depth measured and paid.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of pavement milling will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard per inch (square meter per 25 mm) of depth. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing an accepted pavement-milling machine and operator, for removal and disposal of the milled material or delivery to a designated site, for transporting equipment, for all labor, tools equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

10/25/13

762500 - SAW CUTTING, HOT-MIX, HORIZONTAL

Description:

The work consists of furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to horizontally cut existing hot mix curb to reduce the vertical height of the curb. The Contractor shall mechanically saw cut the curb full width to produce a smooth horizontal undamaged surface. The cut shall be maintained at an even grade to produce a new uniform curb height as specified in the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

When guardrail is present it is intended that the horizontal saw cutting be performed without need to remove any guardrail or post. Should such guardrail removal be required as a result of the Contractor's chosen means and methods for saw cutting, such guardrail removal and replacement shall be incidental to the linear foot price bid for Saw Cutting, Hot-Mix, Horizontal. Also any guardrail damaged as a result of the horizontal saw cutting of curb shall be repaired incidental to the saw cut item.

Method Measurement:

The number of linear feet (meters) of Saw Cutting, Hot-Mix, Horizontal to be paid for under this item shall be the actual number of linear feet (meters) of sawing, complete and accepted, measured along cut end to end.

Basis of Payment:

The number of linear feet (meters) of saw cutting measured as provided above shall be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot (meter) bid for Saw Cutting, Hot-Mix, Horizontal which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, tools, disposal of excess hot-mix curb, guardrail removal and replacement if necessary, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

763643 - MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC – ALL INCLUSIVE

Description:

This item shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining and/or relocating the necessary temporary traffic control devices used to maintain vehicular, bicycle and pedestrian traffic, including persons with disabilities in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended. All work shall be performed in a manner that will provide reasonably safe passage with the least practicable obstruction to all users, including vehicular, bicycle and pedestrian traffic.

All requirements of the Delaware Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), Part 6, herein referred to as the Delaware MUTCD. (latest edition with all revisions made up to the date of Advertisement of this project) shall apply for all temporary traffic control devices. Any, and all, control, direction, management and maintenance of traffic shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of the Delaware MUTCD, notes on the Plans, this specification, and as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall be aware that the Case Diagrams and safety measures outlined in the Delaware MUTCD are for common construction situations and modifications may be warranted based on the complexity of the job. The Contractor shall submit justification for modifications to the Temporary Traffic Control Plan (TTCP) to the Engineer for approval prior to implementation.

The Department reserves the right to impose additional restrictions, as needed, for the operational movement and safety of the traveling public. The Department reserves the right to suspend the Contractor's operations until compliance with the Engineer's directive for remedial action, based on but not limited to the following reasons:

1. The Contractor's operations are not in compliance with the Delaware MUTCD, the specifications or the Plans.
2. The Contractor's operations have been deemed unsafe by the Traffic Safety Engineer or District Safety Officer.

Materials and Construction Methods:

The Contractor shall submit a Temporary Traffic Control Plan (TTCP) or a Letter of Intent to use the Plan recommended Delaware MUTCD Case Diagram(s) at or prior to the pre-construction meeting. The Contractor shall submit the TTCP for all Contractor and subcontractor work to be performed on the project for the Department's approval before the start of work.

When specified by a note in the Plans, the Contractor shall be required to have an American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA) certified Traffic Control Supervisor on the project. The authorized designee must be assigned adequate authority, by the Contractor, to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Delaware MUTCD and provide remedial action when deemed necessary by the Traffic Safety Engineer or the District Safety Officer. The ATSSA certified Traffic Control Supervisor's sole responsibility shall be the maintenance of traffic throughout the project. This responsibility shall include, but is not limited to, the installation, operations, maintenance and service of temporary traffic control devices. Also required is the daily

maintenance of a log to record maintenance of traffic activities, i.e., number and location of temporary traffic control devices; and times of installation, changes and repairs to temporary traffic control devices. The ATTSA Traffic Control Supervisor shall serve as the liaison with the Engineer concerning the Contractor's maintenance of traffic. The name, contact number and certification for the designated Traffic Control Supervisor shall be submitted at or prior to the pre-construction meeting. The cost of the ATSSA certified Traffic Control Supervisor shall be incidental to this item.

Temporary traffic control devices shall be maintained in good condition in accordance with the brochure entitled "Quality Guidelines for Temporary Traffic Control Devices", published by the American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA). Any temporary traffic control devices that do not meet the quality guidelines shall be removed and replaced with acceptable devices. Failure to comply will result in work stoppage with time charges continuing to be assessed.

Any existing signs that conflict with any temporary or permanent construction signs shall be covered as needed or as directed by the Engineer. The cost for temporarily covering conflicting signs shall be incidental to this item.

Access to all transit stops located within the project limits shall be maintained unless otherwise directed by the Plans or the Engineer. Maintaining access shall include maintaining an area for the transit vehicle and also an accessible path for pedestrians to safely access the transit stop.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, no less than fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the start of any detour(s) and road closures. The Engineer will notify the following entities:

- Local 911 Center
- Local School Districts
- Local Post Offices
- DelDOT's Transportation Management Center (TMC)
- Town Managers
- Local Police
- DelDOT's Public Relations
- Delaware Transit Corporation (DTC)

Immediately prior to the implementation of any lane or road closures, the Engineer shall notify the DelDOT TMC at (302) 659-4600. Notifications shall also be provided when the closures are lifted. The Engineer shall notify TMC and the District Safety Officer if any lane closures cannot be removed prior to the end of the allowable work hours.

The Contractor shall notify the local 911 center if access to a fire hydrant is temporarily restricted. The Contractor shall provide written confirmation to the Engineer that the local 911 center has been notified.

If a detour is required during any part or the entire period of this Contract, an approved detour plan shall be obtained from the Department's Traffic Safety Section. All signs, barricades and other temporary traffic control devices required as part of the approved detour plan shall be installed and maintained by the Contractor on the route that is closed and on the detour route. Road closures without an approved detour plan shall not be allowed. If a road is closed without an approved detour plan, the Contractor's operations shall be stopped immediately.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain ingress and egress for each property abutting the construction area and each property located between the diversion points of any detour and the actual construction site. Construction activities which may temporarily or otherwise interfere with property access shall be coordinated in advance with the affected property owners.

The Contractor shall conduct construction operations in a manner which will minimize delays to traffic, and shall meet the following requirements:

1. If work is being performed within 200 feet in any direction of an intersection that is controlled by a traffic signal, the flagger(s) shall direct the flow of traffic in concert with the traffic signals in construction areas to avoid queuing, unless active work prohibits such action. The flagger shall direct traffic to prevent traffic from queuing through an intersection (i.e., blocking an intersection). Only a Traffic Officer may direct traffic against the operation of a traffic signal and only until the operation occurring within the intersection is completed.
2. When a lane adjacent to an open lane is closed to travel, the temporary traffic control devices shall be set 2 feet (0.61 m) into the closed lane from the edge of the open lane, unless an uncured patch exists or actual work is being performed closer to the open lane with minimum restriction to traffic.
3. Except for “buffer lanes” on high volume and/or high speed roadways, lanes shall not be closed unless construction activity requiring lane closure is taking place, or will take place within the next hour. Lanes shall be reopened immediately upon completion of the work. Moving operations will require the lane closures be shortened as the work progresses and as traffic conditions warrant to minimize the length of the closure. The Contractor shall conduct construction operations in a manner so as to minimize disruption to traffic during peak hours and periods of heavy flow. The Department reserves the right to stop or change the Contractor's operations, if in the opinion of the Engineer, such operations are unnecessary at that time or the operations are unnecessarily impeding traffic.
4. Work in the vicinity of traffic signals, shall be scheduled to minimize the time during which the signal is operated without detectors, and prior approval from the Engineer shall be required. TMC shall be notified in advance of cutting a loop detector, and be immediately notified once the loop detector has been reinstalled. The Contractor shall provide sufficient advance notice of the loop detector work with the Engineer to ensure the aforementioned requirements are met.

It is required that all temporary traffic control work and related items shall either be performed entirely by the Contractor's own organization, or totally subcontracted. Maintenance of equipment shall not be subject to this requirement.

Any deficiencies related to temporary traffic control that are reported to the Contractor in writing shall be corrected within 24 hours or as directed by the Engineer. Failure to comply will result in non-payment for those devices that are found to be deficient for the duration of the deficiency. Serious deficiencies that are not corrected immediately shall result in suspension of work until items identified are brought back into compliance.

At the end of each day's work, the Contractor shall correct all pavement edge drop-offs in accordance with Table 6G-1 in the Delaware MUTCD. This corrective work shall be accomplished with Temporary Roadway Material (TRM) unless an alternate method is specified in the Plans. All ruts and potholes shall be filled with TRM as soon as possible but no later than the end of each work day. Placement and Payment of TRM shall be completed in accordance with Section 402 of the Standard Specifications. If temporary elimination of a drop-off hazard cannot be accomplished, then the area should be properly marked and protected with temporary traffic control devices such as temporary barricades, warning signs, flashing lights, etc. as required by Section 6G.21 of the Delaware MUTCD.

All open trench excavation accessible by vehicular traffic must be backfilled prior to the end of each working day. Steel plates shall not be used except in emergency situations and only with prior written approval from the Engineer unless otherwise directed by the Plans.

The Contractor shall submit, at or prior to the preconstruction meeting, detailed drawings including but not limited to existing striping lengths, lane and shoulder widths, turn lane lengths, locations of stop bars, turn arrows, crosswalks and railroad crossings. The drawings shall depict the existing pavement markings for each project location. These drawings will be reviewed by the Department's Traffic Section to determine the need for modification(s) for compliance with the Delaware MUTCD. Temporary pavement markings, on the final pavement surface, shall match the Plan dimensions and layout or the approved drawings of the permanent markings in compliance with Section 3 of the Delaware MUTCD. All conflicting or errant striping shall be removed as directed by the Engineer in compliance with the specifications for Item 748530 (Removal of Pavement Striping).

At the end of each day's operation and before traffic is returned to unrestricted roadway use, temporary striping shall be utilized when the existing pavement is milled and hot mix will not be placed the same day or more than a single course of hot mix is to be placed or permanent roadway striping cannot be placed on the same day as the placement of the final course of hot mix. Placement of temporary striping shall receive prior approval from the Engineer and the contractor shall apply temporary pavement markings in accordance with the requirements of Section 748 of Delaware Standard specifications and the Delaware MUTCD. Payment for temporary pavement striping shall be made at the unit price bid for item 748 - Temporary Striping. Payment for final striping will be included in the applicable striping item.

The Contractor shall have temporary striping/delineating materials (such as raised markers, tape, and other approved materials) available at the job site for verification by the Department prior to starting the hot-mix paving operation on roads to be immediately opened to traffic. These materials shall be used by the Contractor for temporary markings if he/she fails to apply temporary marking paint, etc., as required by the Delaware MUTCD. No paving operations on roads to be immediately opened to traffic will be allowed unless such verification has been made for the availability of the materials at the job site.

Travel lane and ramp closings on multilane highways and Interstates shall not be permitted during the following holiday periods:

- December 24 through December 27 (Christmas Day)
- December 31 through January 3 (New Years Day)
- Friday prior to Easter through Easter Sunday
- Thursday prior to Memorial Day through the Tuesday following Memorial Day

- Dover International Speedway Race Weekends (Thursday prior to the race event through the day after the race event)
- July 3 through July 5 (Independence Day)
- Thursday prior to Labor Day through the Tuesday following Labor Day
- Wednesday prior to Thanksgiving Day through the Monday following Thanksgiving Day

Additional time restrictions may apply as noted in the project plans or as directed by the Engineer. Any requests to waive any restrictions must be made in writing to the Engineer for review and approval. A copy of the request shall be provided to the District Safety Officer for review.

Certification:

Temporary traffic control devices used on all highways open to the public in this State shall conform to the Delaware MUTCD. All devices shall be crashworthy in accordance with the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350, the memorandum issued August 28, 1998 by The USDOT Federal Highway Administration, and/or in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO).

The Contractor shall submit certification for temporary traffic control devices or vendors used specifically on this project at or prior to the pre-construction meeting.

Certification of compliance with NCHRP report 350 and/or MASH is required for the following categories of temporary traffic control devices:

Category I contains small and lightweight channelizing and delineating control devices which includes cones, tubular markers, flexible delineator post and drums, all without any accessories or attachments.

Category II includes temporary traffic control devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity changes to impacting vehicles. These devices which shall weigh 45 kg or less, include Type I, II and III barricades, portable sign supports with signs, and intrusion alarms. Also included are drums, cones, and vertical panels with accessories or attachments.

Category III includes temporary traffic control devices that are expected to cause significant vehicular velocity changes to impacting vehicles. These devices which weigh more than 45 kg include temporary barrier, temporary impact attenuators, and truck-mounted attenuators.

Category IV includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow panels, variable message signs, temporary traffic signals and temporary area lighting.

For Category I devices, the manufacturer or Contractor may self-certify that the devices meet the NCHRP-350 and/or MASH criteria. The Contractor shall supply the Federal Highway Administration's NCHRP-350 and/or MASH acceptance letter for each type of device that falls under Category II and III devices.

Basis of Payment:

Payment will be made at the Lump Sum price for "Maintenance of Traffic", for which price and payment constitutes full compensation for all maintenance of traffic activities accepted by the

Engineer, which shall include the cost of furnishing and relocating permanent and temporary traffic control signs, traffic cones or drums, submission of temporary traffic control plan(s), submission of existing pavement marking drawings, submission of all required certifications, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the item. Payment to furnish and maintain other temporary traffic control devices including but not limited to Portable P.C.C. Safety Barrier, Truck Mounted Attenuators, Portable Changeable Message Signs, Arrow Panels and Portable Light Assemblies will be made at the contract unit price for each item.

NOTE

If the Contractor does not complete the Contract work within the Contract completion time (including approved extension time), the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the necessary temporary traffic control devices that are required to complete any remaining work. The costs of such temporary traffic control shall be borne by the Contractor. No additional payment will be made to the Contractor to maintain traffic in accordance with the Delaware MUTCD, contract plans and specifications. Temporary traffic control items include, but not be limited to, warning lights, warning signs, barricades, plastic drums, P.C.C. safety barrier, flaggers, traffic officers, arrow panels, message boards, and portable impact attenuators.

A breakout sheet is attached to the Proposal that lists the locations for Maintenance of Traffic. The Contractor shall specify a cost for each location. The lump sum price for Item 763643 shall be the sum of the cost for all locations listed. The completed breakout sheet shall be attached to the Bid Proposal. Failure to submit the breakout sheet with the Bid Proposal will result in it being declared non responsive and rejected.

The Department reserves the right to delete from the Contract one or more of the locations listed and the lump sum price to be paid will be reduced in accordance with the Contractor's cost listed for that/those location(s). There will be no extra compensation to the Contractor if such deletion is made.

6/21/2011



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. Box 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHAILEN P. BHATT
SECRETARY

UTILITY STATEMENT

STATE CONTRACT No. T201403201
Project I.D. No. 14-99901
CTF Projects Central, FY 2015

KENT COUNTY

No utility relocation involvement is anticipated, should any conflicts be encountered during construction requiring adjustment and/or relocation, the necessary relocation work shall be accomplished by the respective agencies, as directed by the District Engineer.

Any adjustments and/or relocations of municipally owned sewer or water facilities shall be done by the State's contractor in accordance with the respective agencies' standard specifications as directed by the District Engineer.

General Notes

1. The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 105.09 Utilities, Delaware Standard Specifications, August 2001. The Contractor shall contact Miss Utility (1-800-282-8555) two working days prior to any excavation. The Contractor is responsible for the support and protection of all utilities when excavating. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring proper clearances, including safety clearances, from overhead utilities for construction equipment. The Contractor is advised to check the site for access purposes for his equipment and, if necessary, make arrangements directly with the utility companies for field adjustments for adequate clearances.
2. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in his bid all permanent and temporary utility appurtenances in their present and relocated positions as shown on the plans or described in the Utility Statement or are readily discernible and that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience, or damage due to any interference from the utility facilities and appurtenances or the operation of moving them, except that the Contractor may be granted an equitable extension of time.

3. Coordination and cooperation among the Utility Companies and the State's Contractors are of prime importance. Therefore, the Contractor is directed to contact the following Utility Company representatives with any questions regarding this work prior to submitting bids and work schedules. Proposed work schedules should reflect the Utility Companies' proposed relocations. The Utility Companies do not work on weekends or legal holidays.
4. As outlined in Chapter 3 of the DelDOT Utilities Manual, utilities are responsible for obtaining all required permits from municipal, State and federal government agencies and railroads. This includes but is not limited to water quality permits/DNREC Water Quality Certification, DNREC Subaqueous Lands/Wetlands permits, DNREC Coastal Zone Consistency Certification, County Floodplain permits (New Castle County only), U.S. Coast Guard permits, US Army Corps 404 permits, sediment and erosion permits, and railroad crossing permits.
5. Utility companies are required to restore any areas disturbed in conjunction with their relocation work. If an area is disturbed by a utility company and is not properly restored, the Department may have the highway contractor perform the necessary restoration. Any additional costs incurred as a result will be forwarded to the utility company.

Division of Transportation Solutions

June 6, 2014

Date

Deborah S. Kutubek

Utility Coordinator



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHAILEN P. BHATT
SECRETARY

June 12, 2014

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

FOR

State Contract No. T201403201

Federal Aid No.: None

Contract Title: CTF Projects Central FY 2015

In accordance with the procedural provisions for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, the referenced project has been processed through the Department's Environmental Review Procedures and has been classified as a Level D/ Class II Action.

Due to the nature of the proposed construction activities, permits are not required for this project. However, the following construction requirements and special provisions have been developed to minimize and mitigate impact to the surrounding environs. These requirements by DeIDOT not specified within the contract, but listed below, are the responsibility of the contractor and are subject to risk of shut down at the contractor's expense if not followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

1. All construction debris, excavated material, brush, rocks, and refuse incidental to such work shall be placed either on shore above the influence of flood waters or on some suitable dumping ground.
2. That effort shall be made to keep construction debris from entering adjacent waterways or wetlands. Any debris that enters those areas shall be removed immediately.
3. The disposal of trees, brush, and other debris in any stream corridor, wetland, surface water, or drainage area is prohibited.



BID PROPOSAL FORMS

CONTRACT T201403201.01

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS

SECTION 0001 Category 0001

0010	202000 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT		270.000			
		CY				
0020	208000 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING FOR PIPE TRENCHES		720.000			
		CY				
0030	210000 FURNISHING BORROW TYPE "C" FOR PIPE, UTILITY TRENCH, AND STRUCTURE BACKFILL		450.000			
		CY				
0040	211004 REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS (PIPE)		450.000			
		LF				
0050	302005 GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B		75.000			
		TON				
0060	302006 GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B, PATCHING		100.000			
		TON				
0070	302007 GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B		100.000			
		CY				
0080	302012 DELAWARE NO. 57 STONE		100.000			
		TON				
0090	401800 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 115 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)		1800.000			
		TON				

CANNOT BE
USED FOR
BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0100	401801 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)	900.000 TON				
0110	401810 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22	235.000 TON				
0120	401821 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE C, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING	450.000 TON				
0130	401822 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE, SUPERPAVE, TYPE B, 160 GYRATIONS, PG 64-22, PATCHING	100.000 TON				
0140	406001 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PATCHING	900.000 SYIN				
0150	406507 CRACK SEALING	4000.000 LF				
0160	602016 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MASONRY, CLASS C	630.000 CY				
0170	612002 REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, 15", CLASS III	216.000 LF				
0180	612003 REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, 18", CLASS III	216.000 LF				

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0190	612007 REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, 30", CLASS III	216.000 LF				
0200	612202 REINFORCED CONCRETE ELLIPTICAL PIPE, 24"X38", CLASS III	100.000 LF				
0210	612502 PVC PIPE, 6"	56.000 LF				
0220	612520 CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE, TYPE S, 15"	56.000 LF				
0230	612535 CLEANING DRAINAGE PIPE, 15"-24" DIA	450.000 LF				
0240	612536 CLEANING DRAINAGE PIPE, GREATER THAN 24" DIA	450.000 LF				
0250	614002 GALVANIZED CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE, 15", 16 GAGE, 2 2/3" X 1/2" CORRUGATION	56.000 LF				
0260	614042 GALVANIZED CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE, 24" X 18", 14 GAGE, 2 2/3" X 1/2" CORRUGATION	104.000 LF				
0270	617002 REINFORCED CONCRETE FLARED END SECTION, 15"	6.000 EACH				

CANNOT BE
USED FOR
BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0280	617003 REINFORCED CONCRETE FLARED END SECTION, 18"	4.000 EACH				
0290	617007 REINFORCED CONCRETE FLARED END SECTION, 30"	4.000 EACH				
0300	701014 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB, TYPE 1-6	180.000 LF				
0310	701021 INTEGRAL PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER, TYPE 2	300.000 LF				
0320	701022 INTEGRAL PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER, TYPE 3-8	200.000 LF				
0330	705001 P.C.C. SIDEWALK, 4"	7000.000 SF				
0340	705002 P.C.C. SIDEWALK, 6"	500.000 SF				
0350	705007 SIDEWALK SURFACE DETECTABLE WARNING SYSTEM	400.000 SF				
0360	705008 CURB RAMP, TYPE 1	500.000 SF				
0370	708045 LAWN INLET	6.000 EACH				

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0380	708053 DRAINAGE INLET, 48" X 48"	4.000 EACH				
0390	708059 DRAINAGE INLET, 72" X 72"	4.000 EACH				
0400	708060 REPLACE DRAINAGE INLET GRATE(S)	6.000 EACH				
0410	708114 MANHOLE, 66" X 48"	1.000 EACH				
0420	708563 PERSONAL GRATE FOR PIPE INLET	LUMP		LUMP		
0430	710001 ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING DRAINAGE INLET	10.000 EACH				
0440	710002 ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING MANHOLE	8.000 EACH				
0450	712005 RIPRAP, R-4	100.000 SY				
0460	712030 PRESACKED CONCRETE RIPRAP	100.000 CY				
0470	713003 GEOTEXTILES, RIPRAP	100.000 SY				
0480	714003 DITCHING	600.000 LF				

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0490	732000 TOPSOIL, 4" DEPTH	2000.000 SY				
0500	732003 TOPSOIL, 12" DEPTH	25.000 SY				
0510	732004 TOPSOIL (TON)	350.000 TON				
0520	734013 PERMANENT GRASS SEEDING, DRY GROUND	500.000 SY				
0530	734016 PERMANENT GRASS SEEDING, SUBDIVISION	2000.000 SY				
0540	736001 SODDING	100.000 SY				
0550	737523 PLANTINGS	LUMP		LUMP		
0560	741002 TREE REMOVAL 11" TO 14.9"	25.000 EACH				
0570	741003 TREE REMOVAL 15" TO 18.9"	25.000 EACH				
0580	741501 TREE TRIMMING	20.000 EACH				
0590	741503 ROOT PRUNING	1200.000 LF				

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0600	743003 ARROWPANELS, TYPE C	30.000 EADY				
0610	743004 FURNISH AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	24.000 EADY				
0620	743005 FURNISH AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE LIGHT ASSEMBLY	10.000 EADY				
0630	743006 PLASTIC DRUMS	500.000 EADY				
0640	743007 TRAFFIC OFFICERS	80.000 HOUR	75.00000		6000.00	
0650	743010 FURNISH AND MAINTAIN TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR, TYPE II	30.000 EADY				
0660	743051 FLAGGER, KENT COUNTY, STATE	1100.000 HOUR				
0670	743063 FLAGGER, KENT COUNTY, STATE, OVERTIME	40.000 HOUR				
0680	748015 PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, SYMBOL/LEGEND ALKYD-THERMOPLAST IC	175.000 SF				
0690	750000 ADJUST WATER VALVE BOXES	10.000 EACH				

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0700	758000 REMOVAL OF EXISTING PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, CURB, SIDEWALK, ETC.	1200.000 SY				
0710	760000 PAVEMENT - MILLING, HOT-MIX	2500.000 SYIN				
0720	760502 PAVEMENT MILLING, TAPER CUT	1000.000 SYIN				
0730	760507 PROFILE MILLING, HOT-MIX	1000.000 SYIN				
0740	761001 BUTT JOINTS, HOT MIX	1000.000 SY				
0750	762001 SAW CUTTING, HOT MIX	750.000 LF				
0760	762002 SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, FULL DEPTH	200.000 LF				
0770	762003 SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, VARIABLE DEPTH	100.000 LF				
0780	762500 SAW CUTTING, HOT-MIX, HORIZONTAL	100.000 LF				
0790	763000 INITIAL EXPENSE	LUMP	LUMP			

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

CONTRACT ID: T201403201.01 PROJECT(S): T201403201

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR : _____

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0800	763643 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, ALL INCLUSIVE	LUMP	LUMP			
	SECTION 0001 TOTAL					
	TOTAL BID					

CANNOT BE
USED FOR
BIDDING

BREAKOUT SHEETS

THE FOLLOWING SHEETS MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED WITH THE PROPOSAL AT THE TIME OF BID. FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE BREAKOUT SHEETS AS REQUIRED WILL RESULT IN THE BID BEING DECLARED NON-RESPONSIVE AND WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED. BREAKOUT SHEETS MUST BE COMPLETED REGARDLESS OF WHETHER BIDDING BY ELECTRONIC MEANS OR TYPEWRITTEN HARD COPY.

SECTION 1		BREAKOUT SHEET - 1		CONTRACT NO. T201403201	
ITEM - 708563 - Personal Grate for Pipe Inlet					
Location NO.	Quantity	UOM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
1	2	EA	15"	\$	\$
1	2	EA	18"	\$	\$
1	2	EA	30"	\$	\$
1	2	EA	24"x38"	\$	\$
				Item No. 708563 - Personal Grate for Pipe Inlet \$ _____ (LUMP SUM BID PRICE FOR ITEM 708563)	

CANNOT BE
 USED FOR
 BIDDING

SECTION 1		BREAKOUT SHEET - 1		CONTRACT NO. T201403201		
ITEM - 763643 - Maintenance of Traffic, All Inclusive						
NO.	QTY	UOM	DESCRIPTION	Primary MOT Case Set-ups	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
1	10	EA	Open-End Locations Kent County	TA-3	\$	\$
2	30	EA	Open-End Locations Kent County	TA-10	\$	\$
3	30	EA	Open-End Locations Kent County	TA-28	\$	\$
4	20	EA	Open-End Locations Kent County	TA-29	\$	\$
5	5	EA	Open-End Locations Kent County	TA-33	\$	\$
6	5	EA	Open-End Locations Kent County	TA-36	\$	\$
Item No. 763643 - Maintenance of Traffic, All Inclusive \$ _____ (LUMP SUM BID PRICE FOR ITEM 763643)						

CANNOT BE
 USED FOR
 BIDDING

"ATTENTION"

TO BIDDERS

This Bid Proposal includes breakout sheets. The breakout sheets **MUST ACCOMPANY** the bid proposal at the time of bid. Failure to return completed breakout sheets **WILL RESULT** in the bid proposal being declared non-responsive and **REJECTED** as irregular.

CERTIFICATION
Contract No. T201403201.01

The undersigned bidder, _____
whose address is _____
and telephone number is _____ hereby certifies the following:

I/We have carefully examined the location of the proposed work, the proposed plans and specifications, and will be bound, upon award of this contract by the Department of Transportation, to execute in accordance with such award, a contract with necessary surety bond, of which contract this proposal and said plans and specifications shall be a part, to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor and other means of construction, and to do all the work and to furnish all the materials necessary to perform and complete the said contract within the time and as required in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Transportation, and at the unit prices for the various items as listed on the preceding pages.

The foregoing quantities are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the amount of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient. Any such increase or decrease in the quantity for any item will not be regarded as a sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided in the contract.

Accompanying this proposal is a surety bond or a security of the bidder assigned to the Department of Transportation, for at least ten (10) percentum of total amount of the proposal, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this proposal is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to execute a contract with necessary bond, when required, for the performance of said contract with the Department of Transportation, under the conditions of this proposal, within twenty (20) days after date of official notice of the award of the contract as provided in the requirement and specifications hereto attached; otherwise said deposit is to be returned to the undersigned.

I/We are licensed, or have initiated the license application as required by Section 2502, Chapter 25, Title 30, of the Delaware Code.

By submission of this proposal, each bidder and each person signing on behalf of any bidder, certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of each signer's knowledge and belief:

1. The prices in this proposal have been arrived at independently without collusion, consultation, communication, or Agreement with any other bidder or with any competitor for the purpose of restricting competition.
2. Unless required by law, the prices which have been quoted in this proposal have not been knowingly disclosed and will not knowingly be disclosed by the bidder, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or competitor prior to the opening of proposals.
3. No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder to induce any other person, partnership, or corporation to submit or not to submit a proposal for the purpose of restricting competition.

=====
I/We acknowledge receipt and incorporation of addenda to this proposal as follows:

No.	Date								
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

BIDDERS MUST ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF ALL ADDENDA

MUST INSERT DATE OF FINAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ON WEBSITE: _____



AFFIRMATION:

Within the past five (5) years, has your firm, any affiliate, any predecessor company or entity, owner, Director, officer, partner or proprietor been the subject of a Federal, State, Local government suspension or debarment?

YES _____ NO _____ if yes, please explain _____

Sealed and dated this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord two thousand _____ (20____).

Name of Bidder (Organization)

Corporate
Seal

By: _____

Authorized Signature

Attest _____

Title

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME this _____ day of _____, 20____.

Notary
Seal

Notary

CANNOT BE USED FOR BIDDING

BID BOND

TO ACCOMPANY PROPOSAL
(Not necessary if security is used)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS That: _____
of _____ in the County of _____ and State of _____ as

Principal, and _____ of _____ in the County
of _____ and State of _____ as **Surety**, legally authorized to do business in the State of

Delaware ("**State**"), are held and firmly unto the **State** in the sum of _____
_____ Dollars (\$ _____), or _____ percent not to exceed

_____ Dollars (\$ _____) of amount of bid on Contract
No. T201403201.01, to be paid to the **State** for the use and benefit of its Department of Transportation ("**DelDOT**") for
which payment well and truly to be made, we do bind ourselves, our and each of our heirs, executors, administrators, and
successors, jointly and severally for and in the whole firmly by these presents.

NOW THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH That if the above bounden **Principal** who has
submitted to the **DelDOT** a certain proposal to enter into this contract for the furnishing of certain materiel and/or services
within the **State**, shall be awarded this Contract, and if said **Principal** shall well and truly enter into and execute this
Contract as may be required by the terms of this Contract and approved by the **DelDOT**, this Contract to be entered into
within twenty days after the date of official notice of the award thereof in accordance with the terms of said proposal, then
this obligation shall be void or else to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed with _____ seal and dated this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord
two thousand and _____ (20____).

SEALED, AND DELIVERED IN THE
presence of

Name of Bidder (Organization)

Corporate
Seal

By:

Authorized Signature

Attest _____

Title

Name of **Surety**

Witness: _____

By:

Title