

STATE OF DELAWARE



This Copy is for information only.
You must request a CD from
DeIDOT in order to bid.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BID PROPOSAL

for

CONTRACT T201806106.01

Pavement and Rehabilitation, North VI, 2018

New Castle County

ADVERTISEMENT DATE: September 24, 2018

COMPLETION TIME: 70 Calendar Days

SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION
DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
AUGUST 2016

Bids will be received in the Bidder's Room at the Delaware Department of Transportation's Administration Building, 800 Bay Road, Dover, Delaware prior to 2:00 P.M. local time October 23, 2018

Contract No.T201806106.01

Pavement and Rehabilitation, North VI, 2018
New Castle County

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

LOCATION

These improvements are located in New Castle County more specifically shown on the Location Map(s) of the enclosed Plans.

DESCRIPTION

The improvements consist of furnishing all labor and materials for this contract. This project involves, pavement milling bituminous concrete pavement, bituminous concrete patching, bituminous concrete Superpave Type C overlays, signing and pavement markings and other incidental construction in accordance with the location, notes and details shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

COMPLETION TIME

All work on this contract must be complete within 70 Calendar Days. It is the Department's intent to issue a Notice to Proceed such that work starts on or about November 5, 2018.

PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES:

1. BIDDERS MUST BE REGISTERED with DelDOT and request a cd of the official plans and specifications in order to submit a bid. Contact DelDOT at dot-ask@state.de.us, or (302) 760-2031. Bids will be received in the Bidder's Room at the Delaware Department of Transportation's Administration Building, 800 Bay Road, Dover, Delaware prior to 2:00 P.M. local time October 23, 2018 unless changed via addendum.
2. QUESTIONS regarding this project are to be e-mailed to dot-ask@state.de.us no less than six business days prior to the bid opening date in order to receive a response. Please include T201806106.01 in the subject line. Responses to inquiries are posted on-line at <http://www.bids.delaware.gov>.
3. THE BID PROPOSAL incorporates a cd containing **Expedite, version 5.9a** and its installation file. Bidders are to use the cd provided to enter their bid amounts into the Expedite file. The Expedite bid file must be printed and submitted in paper form along with the cd and other required documents prior to the Bid due date and time.
4. SURETY BOND - Each proposal must be accompanied by a deposit of either surety bond or security for a sum equal to at least 10% of the bid.
5. DRUG TESTING - Regulation 4104; The state Office of Management and Budget has developed regulations that require Contractors and Subcontractors to implement a program of mandatory drug testing for Employees who work on Large Public Works Contracts funded all or in part with public funds pursuant to 29 Del.C. §6908(a)(6). **Refer to the full requirements by following the below link:** <http://regulations.delaware.gov/register/september2015/final/19%20DE%20Reg%20207%2009-01-15.htm>
Regulation was revised for projects advertised beginning 01/01/18. Please review the revised regulation for details. Note a few of the requirements;
 - * At bid submission - Each Contractor must submit with the bid *a single signed affidavit certifying that the Contractor and Subcontractor(s) has in place or will implement during the entire term of the contract a Mandatory Drug Testing Program that complies with the regulation;*
 - * At least Two business days prior to contract execution - The awarded Contractor shall provide to DelDOT copies of the Employee Drug Testing Program for the Contractor, and any other listed Subcontractors;

- * ~~Testing Report Forms shall be submitted to DeIDOT monthly. No longer required.~~
 - * Subcontractors - Contractors that employ Subcontractors on the job site may do so only after submitting a copy of the Subcontractor's Employee Drug Testing Program along with the standard required subcontractor information. A Subcontractor shall not commence work until **DeIDOT** has approved the subcontractor in writing;
 - * Penalties for non-compliance are specified in the regulation.
6. NO RETAINAGE will be withheld on this contract.
 7. EXTERNAL COMPLAINT PROCEDURE can be viewed on DeIDOT's Website [here](#), or you may request a copy by calling (302) 760-2555.
 8. REMINDER; A copy of your firm's Delaware Business License must be submitted with your bid.
 9. AUGUST 2016 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS apply to this contract. The Contractor shall make himself aware of any revisions and corrections (Supplemental Specifications, if any) and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract. The 2016 Standard Specifications can be [viewed here](#).
 - 9a. FLATWORK CONCRETE TECHNICIAN CERTIFICATION TRAINING:
Section 501.03, 503.03, 505.03, 610.03, 701.03 and 702.03 of the 2016 Standard Specifications require contractor's to provide an American Concrete Institute (ACI) or National Ready Mix Concrete Association (NRMCA) certified concrete flatwork technician to supervise all finishing of flatwork concrete. Concrete flatwork certification will be effective starting on June 1, 2018.
 10. **BREAKOUT SHEETS** MUST be submitted either with your bid documents; or within seven (7) calendar days following the bid due date by the lowest apparent bidder. Refer to instructions adjacent to the Breakout Sheets in this document.

**STATE OF DELAWARE
CONSTRUCTION ITEMS UNITS OF MEASURE**

English Code	English Description	Multiply By	Metric Code	Metric Description	Suggested CEC Metric Code
ACRE	Acre	0.4047	ha	Hectare	HECTARE
BAG	Bag	N/A	Bag	Bag	BAG
C.F.	Cubic Foot	0.02832	m ³	Cubic Meter	M3
C.Y.	Cubic Yard	0.7646	m ³	Cubic Meter	M3
EA-DY	Each Day	N/A	EA-DY	Each Day	EA-DY
EA-MO	Each Month	N/A	EA-MO	Each Month	EA-MO
EA/NT	Each Night	N/A	EA-NT	Each Night	EA/NT
EACH	Each	N/A	EA	Each	EACH
GAL	Gallon	3.785	L	Liter	L
HOUR	Hour	N/A	h	Hour	HOUR
INCH	Inch	25.4	mm	Millimeter	MM
L.F.	Linear Foot	0.3048	m	Linear Meter	L.M.
L.S.	Lump Sum	N/A	L.S.	Lump Sum	L.S.
LA-MI	Lane Mile	1.609	LA-km	Lane-Kilometer	LA-KM
LB	Pound	0.4536	kg	Kilogram	KG
MFBM	Thousand Feet of Board Measure	2.3597	m ³	Cubic Meter	M3
MGAL	Thousand Gallons	3.785	kL	Kiloliter	KL
MILE	Mile	1.609	km	Kilometer	KM
S.F.	Square Foot	0.0929	m ²	Square Meter	M2
S.Y.	Square Yard	0.8361	m ²	Square Meter	M2
SY-IN	Square Yard-Inch	0.8495	m ² -25 mm	Square Meter-25 Millimeter	M2-25 MM
TON	Ton	.9072	t	Metric Ton (1000kg)	TON
N.A.*	Kip	4.448	kN	Kilonewton	N.A.*
N.A.*	Thousand Pounds per Square Inch	6.895	MPa	Megapascal	N.A.*

*Not used for units of measurement for payment.

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GENERAL NOTICES

SPECIFICATIONS:

The specifications entitled "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, August, 2016", hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications, and Supplemental Specifications, the Special Provisions, notes on the Plans, this Bid Proposal, and any addenda thereto shall govern the work to be performed under this contract. The Specifications and any Supplemental Specifications can be [viewed here](#).

CLARIFICATIONS:

Under any Section or Item included in the Contract, the Contractor shall be aware that when requirements, responsibilities, and furnishing of materials are outlined in the details and notes on the Plans and in the paragraphs preceding the "Basis of Payment" paragraph in the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions, no interpretation shall be made that such stipulations are excluded because reiteration is not made in the "Basis of Payment" paragraph.

ATTESTING TO NON-COLLUSION:

The Department requires as a condition precedent to acceptance of bids a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with such contract. The form for this sworn statement is included in the proposal and must be properly executed in order to have the bid considered.

QUANTITIES:

The quantities shown are for comparison of bids only. The Department may increase or decrease any quantity or quantities without penalty or change in the bid price.

PREFERENCE FOR DELAWARE LABOR:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (4)b:

"In the construction of all public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof, or by firms contracting with the State or any political subdivision thereof, preference in employment of laborers, workmen or mechanics shall be given to bona fide legal citizens of the State who have established citizenship by residence of at least 90 days in the State. Each public works contract for the construction of public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof shall contain a stipulation that any person, company or corporation who violates this section shall pay a penalty to the Secretary of Finance equal to the amount of compensation paid to any person in violation of this section."

EQUALITY OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY ON PUBLIC WORKS:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (7) states;

- a. As a condition of the awarding of any contract for public works financed in whole or in part by State appropriation, such contracts shall include the following provisions:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin. The contractor will take positive steps to ensure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment notices to be provided by the contracting agency setting forth this nondiscrimination clause.
2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin.
3. The contractor will ensure employees receive equal pay for equal work, without regard to sex. Employee pay differential is acceptable if pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or if the differential is based on any other factor other than sex.

TAX CLEARANCE:

As payments to each vendor or contractor aggregate \$2,000, the Division of Accounting will report such vendor or contractor to the Division of Revenue, who will then check the vendor or contractor's compliance with tax requirements and take such further action as may be necessary to insure compliance.

LICENSE:

A person desiring to engage in business in this State as a contractor shall obtain a license upon making application to the Division of Revenue.

CONTRACTOR / SUBCONTRACTOR LICENSE: 29 DEL. C. §6967:

(b) No agency shall accept a proposal for a public works contract unless such contractor has provided a proper and current copy of its occupational and/or business license, as required by Title 30, to such agency.

(c) Any contractor that enters a public works contract must provide to the agency to which it is contracting, within 30 days of entering such public works contract, copies of all occupational and business licenses of subcontractors and/or independent contractors that will perform work for such public works contract. However, if a subcontractor or independent contractor is hired or contracted more than 20 days after the contractor entered the public works contract the occupational or business license of such subcontractor or independent contractor shall be provided to the agency within 10 days of being contracted or hired.

DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS,

SUSPENSIONS OF WORK and SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CHARACTER OF WORK:

Differing site conditions: During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract are encountered at the site, the party discovering such conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

Upon written notification, the engineer will investigate the conditions, and if he/she determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the contractor will be allowed unless the contractor has provided the required written notice. No contract adjustment will be allowed under their clause for any effects caused on unchanged work.

Suspensions of work ordered by the engineer: If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the engineer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional compensation and/or contract time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the contractor shall submit to the engineer in writing a request for adjustment within 7 calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set forth the reasons and support for such adjustment.

Upon receipt, the engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the engineer agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of such suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the engineer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed.

No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

Significant changes in the character of work: The engineer reserves the right to make, in writing, at any time during the work, such changes in quantities and such alterations in the work as are necessary to satisfactorily complete the project. Such changes in quantities and alterations shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety, and the contractor agrees to perform the work as altered.

If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work under the contract, whether or not changed by any such different quantities or alterations, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made to the contract. The basis for the adjustment shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon, then an adjustment will be made either for or against the contractor in such amount as the engineer may determine to be fair and equitable.

The term "significant change" shall be construed to apply only to the following circumstances:

- (A) When the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction or
- (B) When a major item of work, as defined elsewhere in the contract, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the actual amount of work performed.

RIGHT TO AUDIT

The Department shall have the right to audit the books and records of the contractor or any subcontractor under this contract or subcontract to the extent that the books and records relate to the performance of the contract or subcontract. The books and records shall be maintained by the contractor for a period of 3 years from the date of final payment under the prime contract and by the subcontractor for a period of 3 years from the date of final payment under the subcontract (29 Del.C. §6930).

PREVAILING WAGES

Included in this proposal are the minimum wages to be paid various classes of laborers and mechanics as determined by the Department of Labor of the State of Delaware in accordance with Title 29 Del.C. §6960, relating to wages and the regulations implementing that Section.

REQUIREMENT BY DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR SWORN PAYROLL INFORMATION

Title 29 Del.C. §6960 stipulates;

(b) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that the employer shall pay all mechanics and laborers employed directly upon the site of the work, unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, the full amounts accrued at time of payment, computed at wage rates not less than those stated in the specifications, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the employer and such laborers and mechanics. The specifications shall further stipulate that the scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the employer in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of the work, and that there may be withheld from the employer so much of accrued payments as may be considered necessary by the Department of Labor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the employer the difference between the rates of wages required by the contract to be paid laborers and mechanics on the work and rates of wages received by such laborers and mechanics to be remitted to the Department of Labor for distribution upon resolution of any claims.

(c) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that sworn payroll information, as required by the Department of Labor, be furnished weekly. The Department of Labor shall keep and maintain the sworn payroll information for a period of 6 months from the last day of the work week covered by the payroll.

Bidders are specifically directed to note the Department of Labor's prevailing wage regulations implementing §6960 relating to the effective date of the wage rates, at Section 6.3, which in relevant part states:

"Public agencies (covered by the provisions of 29 Del.C. §6960) are required to use the rates which are in effect on the date of the publication of specifications for a given project. In the event that a contract is not executed within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the specifications were published, the rates in effect at the time of the execution of the contract shall be the applicable rates for the project."

Contractor may contact:

Department of Labor, Division of Industrial Affairs, 4425 N. Market Street, Wilmington, DE 19802
Telephone (302) 761-8200.

STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DIVISION OF INDUSTRIAL AFFAIRS
OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT
PHONE: (302) 761-8200

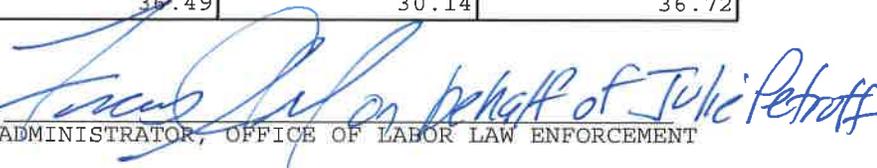
Mailing Address:
4425 North Market Street
3rd Floor
Wilmington, DE 19802

Located at:
4425 North Market Street
3rd Floor
Wilmington, DE 19802

PREVAILING WAGES FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION EFFECTIVE MARCH 15, 2018

CLASSIFICATION	NEW CASTLE	KENT	SUSSEX
BRICKLAYERS	53.89	53.89	53.89
CARPENTERS	54.62	54.81	43.57
CEMENT FINISHERS	34.63	34.85	27.71
ELECTRICAL LINE WORKERS	24.02	46.36	22.69
ELECTRICIANS	68.70	68.70	68.70
IRON WORKERS	63.68	25.48	27.06
LABORERS	43.30	40.70	39.95
MILLWRIGHTS	17.20	16.69	14.41
PAINTERS	68.79	68.79	68.79
PILEDRIVERS	70.92	25.36	28.77
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	45.46	42.29	38.73
SHEET METAL WORKERS	24.30	21.68	19.64
TRUCK DRIVERS	36.49	30.14	36.72

CERTIFIED: 09/17/2018

BY: 

ADMINISTRATOR, OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

NOTE: THESE RATES ARE PROMULGATED AND ENFORCED PURSUANT TO THE PREVAILING WAGE REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ON APRIL 3, 1992.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF WORKERS ARE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. FOR ASSISTANCE IN CLASSIFYING WORKERS, OR FOR A COPY OF THE REGULATIONS OR CLASSIFICATIONS, PHONE 3027618200

NON-REGISTERED APPRENTICES MUST BE PAID THE MECHANIC'S RATE.

PROJECT: T201806106.01 Pavement and Rehabilitation North VI 2018, New Castle County

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

401502 - ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT

For Sections 401, 402, and 403, payments to the Contractor shall be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price when compared to the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price, as defined in these Special Provisions.

The Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price will be issued monthly by the Department and will be the industry posted price for Asphalt Cement, F.O.B. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The link for the [posting is here](#).

The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price will be the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price in effect on the date of advertisement.

All deviations of the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price from the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price are eligible for cost adjustment. No minimum increases or decreases or corresponding percentages are required to qualify for cost adjustment.

Actual quantity of asphalt cement qualifying for any Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment will be computed using the weight of eligible asphalt that is shown on the QA/QC pay sheets as a percentage for the delivered material.

If the mix was not inspected and no QA/QC pay sheet was generated, then the asphalt percentage will be obtained from the job mix formula for that mix ID.

The asphalt percentage eligible for cost adjustment shall only be the virgin asphalt cement added to the mix.

There shall be no separate payment per ton cost of asphalt cement. That cost shall be included in the various unit prices bid per ton for those bid items that contain asphalt cement (mentioned above).

The Asphalt cement cost adjustment will be calculated on grade PG 64-22 asphalt regardless of the actual grade of asphalt used. The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price per ton for the project will be the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price in effect on the date of project advertisement.

If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the price of asphalt cement on the last authorized allotted work day, shall be the prices used for cost adjustment during the time liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the industry posted price for asphalt cement goes down, the asphalt-cement cost shall be adjusted downward accordingly.

NOTE:

Application of Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment requirements as indicated above shall apply only to those contracts involving items related to bituminous base and pavements, and with bitumen, having a total of 1,000 tons or more of hot-mix bid quantity in case of Sections 401, 402 and 403.

5/05/15

401580 – RIDE QUALITY OF HOT-MIX PAVEMENT

Description:

The purpose of this Special Provision is to modify Standard Specification Section 401.13 to change the method of determining an acceptable riding surface. This Special Provision replaces the entire existing wording in Section 401.13. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing smoothness characteristics that will meet the requirements of the Contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing equipment, maintenance of traffic (MOT) as required by the Delaware MUTCD, and performing testing in accordance to the processes and procedures set forth in this Special Provision. All costs for testing and MOT shall be incidental to this item. Both the International Roughness Index (IRI) and deviations located within a 10' straightedge are used to characterize smoothness in this Special Provision.

Definitions:

Class 1 Project - a project that is full depth construction based on contract documents and document modifications.

Class 2 Project - a project in which a minimum of two smoothness opportunities are performed based on contract documents and document modifications.

Class 3 Project - a project that only one smoothness opportunity is performed based on contract documents and document modifications.

Deviation – a hump or depression found to exceed the tolerances defined in this Special Provision within a 10' straightedge.

ERD File – a file storing numbers in tabular form for plotting and processing purposes. The ERD file format was developed by the Engineering Research Division of the University of Michigan Transportation Institute (UMTRI).

Full Depth Construction – a project that consists of a hot mix asphalt wearing surface placed on a hot-mix asphalt base / binder course or Portland cement concrete, on an aggregate or asphalt / cement stabilized base structure on existing or prepared subgrade materials or borrow.

Inertial Profiler – a high speed or lightweight device used to measure the pavement profile with an accelerometer to form an inertial reference and a height sensor to measure pavement height relative to that reference.

International Roughness Index (IRI) – a statistic, based on computations from a measured longitudinal profile using a quarter-car simulation, calculated to represent the amount of roughness in a pavement surface.

Rolling Ten Foot Straightedge - a rigid 10' straightedge mounted to measurement wheels and used to indicate both high and low deviations.

Smoothness Opportunity – a smoothness opportunity is roadway milling, placement of a leveling course, in place recycling, or placement of a lift of Hot Mix Asphalt. Full depth reclamation is not considered in this Special Provision as a smoothness opportunity. The final wearing surface is considered one smoothness opportunity.

Equipment:

The Contractor shall have available, at all times during paving operations, an approved 10' straightedge. The Contractor shall also have available a high speed or lightweight inertial profiling system meeting the standards set forth in AASHTO MP-11 that is capable of collecting data in both wheelpaths simultaneously. Data collected using the inertial profiling system shall be used to calculate both IRI and deviation locations using on-board computer software. Deviations, as defined in this Special Provision, shall be calculated using a rolling 10' straight edge simulation program capable of isolating deviations greater than or equal to 0.25" in 10'. If software is not available to calculate the parameters for a rolling 10' straight edge simulation, the Contractor may be permitted to use, at the Engineer's discretion, a rolling 10' straightedge capable of isolating deviations greater than or equal to 0.25" in 10'.

Documentation Required

Prior to the start of corrective actions (milling, overlaying, recycling, etc.), the Contractor shall provide to the Engineer:

1. Manufacturer, Make, and Model of the test system,
2. Equipment Owner,
3. Relevant Certifications,
4. Manufacturer Calibration Procedures, and
5. Relevant Operator Training information.

Testing cannot take place until the Engineer has received this information and provided approval of the proposed test equipment and MOT plan.

Calibration

Prior to testing, the Contractor shall verify that the inertial profiling equipment is calibrated by following the manufacturer's calibration procedure in the presence of the Engineer. Vertical and longitudinal calibrations shall be performed. The Engineer will provide calibration blocks for the Contractor's use at the time of calibration. If the equipment does not pass the calibration procedure, it will not be permitted for use.

Testing:

Testing of the pavement surface includes measurement and calculation of the IRI parameters and deviations in the longitudinal direction. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least three (3) working days prior to data collection for both initial and final testing.

Transverse Deviations / Cross Slope

After final rolling and at the Engineer's discretion, the Contractor shall test the surface of each lift and the final wearing surface for deviations in the transverse direction. The Contractor shall have available at all times, and use appropriately, an approved 10' straightedge to be placed perpendicular to the centerline for checking cross slope. Deviations in the transverse direction shall not equal or exceed 0.25".

The discount charge for deviations in the transverse direction is described in Section 'Acceptance and Payment' of this Special Provision. Deviations in the transverse direction shall require corrective actions or will be assessed a deviation discount charge at the discretion of the Engineer.

General Testing Requirements for IRI Data Collection

Data used for calculation of the IRI shall be measured in each wheel path using an approved inertial profiling system. Data collected for IRI calculation shall have longitudinal spacing no greater than 6 inches. Wavelengths exceeding 300 feet shall be removed using long wavelength filters. The International Roughness Index shall be calculated using this data and reported in 0.1 mile (528 foot) segments. Three (3) passes shall be made in each lane and direction requiring testing. The filename given to the data set shall include the contract number, the location number, the lane tested and direction tested. For example, the Eastbound left lane of Contract XX-XXX-XX, Location 1, run 3 shall be named:

XXXXXXXXLoc1LEBr3

Testing shall be performed within seven (7) days of the completion of project paving operations. Areas not subject to IRI testing for all Classes of projects include:

1. 50 feet before the first bridge deck expansion joint to 50 feet after the last expansion joint if the bridge deck is excluded from the HMA overlay.
2. 20 feet longitudinally from the center of an existing obstruction located and visible in the pavement surface such as a manhole or water main. Obstructions located within the test area shall be noted as an event on report printouts using an automated event marking system and should be removed from the calculations prior to report submission.
3. Shoulders, short acceleration and deceleration lanes, and turn lanes less than 1000 feet in length, and median crossovers.

Testing shall be performed in accordance to the following procedures.

1. Clean the roadway path to be measured of all debris and other loose material. Ensure that the roadway surface is dry and free of any standing water.
2. Locate the start of the project limits and mark them to enable automatic start sensors to be activated.
3. Locate the end of the project limits and mark them to enable automatic stop sensors to be activated.
4. Locate any obstructions in the wheelpath / test area and mark them with reflective tape to enable automatic event marking.
5. Establish a pre-test length (150' or the manufacturer's recommended pre-test length, whichever is greater) prior to the start of the project limits.
6. Position the left wheelpath sensor three feet (3') from the left edge marking of each lane tested.
7. Attain a test speed that is within the manufacturers recommendations for the equipment and maintain that test speed throughout the test.

Provide the Department the plot of one profile trace per tested lane and a summary report containing IRI values for each of the three test runs performed in each direction.

Initial Testing, IRI

The original surface for Class 3 projects shall be tested at no cost to the Department prior to performance of any smoothness opportunities in accordance to the methods and parameters in Section 'General Testing Requirements for IRI Data Collection'. Class 1 and Class 2 projects do not require initial testing. Results from initial testing for Class 3 projects shall be submitted to the Engineer within five (5) working days of test completion in the format specified by the Engineer. Results not received within the allotted time frame will be assessed a charge of \$1,000.00 per day at the Engineer's discretion. Three (3) measurements shall be taken for each lane required to meet this Special Provision. No paving shall be permitted until the Contractor has performed initial testing to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Final Testing

The final surface, after all smoothness operations have been completed, shall be tested in accordance to Section 'General Testing Requirements for IRI Data Collection'. Results of final testing for all projects shall be submitted to the Engineer within five (5) working days of test completion in the format specified by the Engineer. Results not received within the allotted time frame will be assessed a charge of \$1,000.00 per day at the Engineer's discretion. Three measurements shall be taken for each lane to meet the requirements of this Special Provision.

Final Testing for Excessive Deviations

All paved areas, whether subject to IRI testing or not, must be tested to locate deviations in each wheelpath in the longitudinal direction and in the transverse direction. A deviation is considered to be a hump or depression greater than or equal to 0.25" within 10'. Longitudinal deviations shall be located using data collected by an inertial profiling system and processed through a rolling 10'- straightedge simulation, a rolling 10' straightedge, or a rigid 10' straightedge. Transverse deviations shall be located using a rigid 10' straightedge at the discretion of the Engineer. Testing shall be performed within seven (7) days of the completion of paving.

Quality Assurance Testing:

If the Engineer chooses to perform comparison testing, the Contractor shall provide a lane closure at no cost to the Engineer. The length of the lane closure shall be determined for each project location based on site conditions. The minimum closure shall be 0.25 mile and the maximum closure shall be 1 mile. The lane closure shall be at either end of the project limits and will be determined on a project basis at the Engineer's discretion.

If comparison testing indicates a difference greater than 6 in/mi in IRI measurements per 0.1-mile section, the Contractor and Engineer shall work to resolve the differences. If the differences cannot be resolved the equipment will be rejected for use on the project and all data collected to that point will be deemed invalid for that contract. At that point, the Contractor shall propose an alternative piece of testing equipment for use.

Data Reporting:

Test results shall be provided to the Department within five (5) working days of the completion of testing. Results not received within the allotted time frame will be assessed a charge of \$1,000.00 per day at the discretion of the Engineer.

The Department recognizes that inertial profiler manufacturers use different formats for reporting capabilities. Printouts on 8 ½" by 11" paper or strip charts are acceptable.

Data collected using the inertial profiling system shall be provided to the Engineer with the following information clearly displayed on the printout:

1. Profiling Company Name
2. Date of Paving
3. Date of Test
4. Parameters used in the calculation
5. Data file name
6. Testing Personnel

A printout of the pavement profile is required for one (1) of the three (3) runs for each lane and direction tested. A summary chart may be submitted for the remaining test runs. If excessive deviations are calculated using inertial profiling data runs submitted for IRI analysis a summary chart shall be submitted as well. The summary chart shall include the station and wheelpath for deviation reporting. If excessive deviations are manually determined (using a rolling ten-foot straightedge or rigid 10' straightedge), the Engineer will be present during testing and will record the data on site.

Inertial profiling systems have the capability of producing ERD files. An ERD file is requested for each run performed and can be submitted electronically (via email) or on external media (CD). More information about the format of ERD files can be obtained through the Engineer.

Acceptance and Payment:

Acceptance of the final pavement will be based on the results of IRI values and the number of deviations. A section that has an IRI value greater than 100.0 in/mi will require corrective actions. Deviations equal to or in excess of 0.25" in 10' shall be corrected at no expense to the Engineer or have a discount charge of \$200.00 per deviation assessed at the discretion of the Engineer.

An IRI number in inches per mile will be used for each 0.1-mile (528 foot) section as the basis for payment of the surface courses designated by each contract. The average value of the three test runs will be used as the IRI value for payment. Payments for each section will be based on estimated tonnage calculated from plan thickness and widths using the average maximum specific gravity ("Rice") value for all surface mix used at that location. If the plan does not indicate the travel lane width, a default value of 12' will be used. The formula used for tonnage estimation is:

$$\text{Estimated Tonnage} = [(L * W * T) * \text{Rice} * 62.4 \text{ (lb/ft}^3\text{)} * (0.0005 \text{ tons/12 in})]$$

where: L = Length Segment (ft.)
 W = Width Lane (ft.)
 T = Plan Thickness (in.)

The percentage of improvement for Class 3 projects will be calculated using the following equation:

$$\% \text{ Improvement} = [(\text{Initial IRI} - \text{Final IRI}) / \text{Initial IRI}] * 100$$

The applicable pay adjustments for IRI will be taken from Table A (Class 1 and 2 Projects) and Table B (Class 3 Projects)

$$\text{IRI Bonus / Penalty} = \text{Estimated Tonnage} * \text{UP} * (\text{PA} - 100) / 100$$

where: UP = Contract Hot Mix Unit Price (Dollars)
 PA = Pay Adjustment (Percent)

The total pay adjustment for paving work performed on each location will be:

$$(\sum \text{IRI Adj for each section}) - \text{Total Deviations} * 200$$

It will be possible to receive bonus for IRI measurements and a discount charge for excessive deviations on the same project. If a 528' section has an IRI value resulting in a deduction of at least 30% of the section pay (i.e. IRI >100 in/mi), the deviation discount charge for that section is disregarded and the IRI discount charge is the only action taken for that section.

Table A: Payment Adjustments for Class 1 and Class 2 Projects

IRI per 0.1 mile Section (in./mi.)	Payment Adjustments	
	Class 1	Class 2
40.0 and under	103	104
40.1 - 55.0	101	102
55.1 – 65.0	100	101
65.1 – 75.0	99	100
75.1 – 100.0	96	97
>100	70	70

Class 3 projects will be paid based on the percent improvement for each 528’ section from the average of the three initial profile traces taken prior to any work action as shown in the Table B.

Table B: Payment Adjustments for Class 3 projects

Percent Improvement from Initial test	Payment Adjustments for Class 3 Projects
> 60.0%	103
45.1 – 60.0%	102
25.1 – 45.0%	101
0 – 25.0%	100
<0%	70

Corrections to the paving surface, such as diamond grinding with approved equipment, patching, or other measures may be taken at the Contractor’s expense and at the Engineer’s discretion to correct pavement surfaces assessed a discount charge. Areas corrected using these methods will not be eligible for bonus payment, but may be assessed a charge based on the resulting surface after correction. The Engineer reserves the right to require corrective actions such as remove & replace or diamond grinding if the must correct discount charge exceeds 50% of the cost of materials or the IRI exceeds 100 in/mi. The Engineer may also require corrective actions if the deviations are at a height or depth which will create a safety concern on the roadway.

3/9/09

401696 – ENTRANCE, DRIVEWAY AND INTERSECTING STREET PAVING SURCHARGE

Description:

To compensate for work associated with paving the tie-ins at entrances, driveways and intersecting streets when such work cannot be completed as part of the mainline (roadway, auxiliary lanes, shoulder) paving operation. The surcharge limits will extend from the outermost roadway element to the point of tie-in as directed by the Engineer with the following exceptions.

No Surcharge will be paid:

1. When the tie-in does not exceed three feet from the outermost roadway element.
2. For paving any portion of a tie-in which exceeds 100 feet from the outermost roadway element. The entire tie-in section will be performed under normal paving operations.
3. When the intersecting street is to be paved under the same Contract.
4. For paving of auxiliary lanes and crossovers in the median of divided highways.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of entrance, driveway and intersecting street paving surcharge will be measured as the actual number of tons of bituminous concrete placed and accepted in entrances, driveways and intersecting streets as described in this item.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of entrance, driveway and intersecting street paving surcharge will be paid for at the Contract unit price per ton. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for the additional labor and equipment costs involved with the reduced production associated with such work.

10/12/17

401699 - QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE

.01 Description

This item shall govern the Quality Assurance Testing for supplying bituminous asphalt plant materials and constructing bituminous asphalt pavements and the calculation for incentives and disincentives for materials and construction. The Engineer will evaluate all materials and construction for acceptance. The procedures for acceptance are described in this Section. Include the costs for all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to meet the requirements of this specification in the bid price per ton for the bituminous asphalt. Payment to the Contractor for the bituminous asphalt item(s) will be based on the Contract price per ton and the pay adjustments described in this specification.

.02 Bituminous Concrete Production – Quality Acceptance

(a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations.

All acceptance tests shall be performed by qualified technicians at qualified laboratories following AASHTO or DelDOT procedures, and shall be evaluated using Quality Level Analysis. The Engineer will conduct acceptance tests. The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the acceptance test results, the asphalt cement quality, the Contractor's QC Plan work, and the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the QC test results. The Engineer may elect to utilize test results of the Contractor in some situations toward judging acceptance.

Supply and capture samples, as directed by the Engineer under the purview of the Engineer from delivery trucks before the trucks leave the production plant. Hand samples to the Engineer to be marked accordingly. The sample shall represent the material produced by the Contractor, and shall be of sufficient size to allow the Engineer to complete all required acceptance tests. The Engineer will direct the Contractor when to capture these samples, on a statistically random, unbiased basis, established before production begins each day based upon the anticipated production tonnage. The captured sample shall be from the Engineer specified delivery truck. The Contractor may visually inspect the specified delivery load during sampling and elect to reject the load. If the contractor elects to reject the specified delivery truck, each subsequent load will be inspected until a visually acceptable load is produced for acceptance testing. All visually rejected loads shall not be sent to a Department project.

The first sample of the production day will be randomly generated by the Engineer between loads 0 and 12 (0-250 tons). Subsequent samples will be randomly generated by the Engineer on 500-ton sub-lots for the production day. Samples not retrieved in accordance with the Contractor's QC plan will be deemed unacceptable and may be a basis for rejection of material produced. Parallel tests or dispute resolution tests will only be performed on material captured at the same time and location as the acceptance test sample. Parallel test samples or Dispute Resolution samples will be created by splitting a large sample or obtaining multiple samples that equally represent the material. The Engineer will perform all splitting and handling of material after it is obtained by the Contractor.

The Contractor may retain dispute resolution samples or perform parallel tests with the Engineer on any acceptance sample.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the material on a lot basis. All the material within a lot shall have the same JMF (mixture ID). The lot size shall be targeted for 2000 tons or a maximum period of three days, whichever is reached first. If the 2000th ton target lot size is achieved during a production day, the lot size shall extend to the end of that production day. The Contractor may interrupt the production of one JMF in order to produce different material; this type of interruption will not alter the determination of the size or

limits of material represented by a lot. The Engineer will evaluate each lot on a subplot basis. The size for each subplot shall be 100 to 500 tons and testing for the sub lots will be completed on a daily basis. For each subplot, the Engineer will evaluate one sample.

The target size of sub-lots within each lot, except for the first sample of the production day, is equal-sized 500 ton sub lots and will be based upon anticipated production, however, more or fewer sublots, with differing sizes, may result due to the production schedule and conditions. If the actual production is less than anticipated, and it's determined a sample will not be obtained (based upon the anticipated tonnage), a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. If the actual production is going to be 50 tons or greater over the anticipated sub lot production, a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. The Engineer will combine the evaluation and test results for all of the applicable sublots in order to evaluate each individual lot.

If the Engineer is present, and the quantity exceeds 25 tons, a statistically random sample will be used for analysis. When the anticipated production is less than 100 tons and greater than 25 tons, and the Engineer is not present, the contractor shall randomly select a sample using the Engineer's random location program. The captured sample shall be placed in a suitable box, marked to the attention of the Engineer, and submitted to the Engineer for testing. A box sample shall also be obtained by the contractor at the same time and will be used as the Dispute Resolution sample if requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall also obtain one liquid asphalt sample (1 pint) per grade of asphalt used per day and properly label it with all pertinent information.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests in order to characterize the material for the pavement compaction quality and to judge acceptance and the pay adjustment for the material:

- AASHTO T312 - Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyrotory Compactor
- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) - Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T308 - Determining the Asphalt Binder Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method
- AASHTO T30 - Mechanical Analysis of Extracted Aggregate
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

(b) Pavement Construction - Tests and Evaluations.

The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the compaction acceptance test results, and on the inspection of the construction, the Contractor's QC Plan work, ride smoothness as referenced in the contract documents, lift thickness as referenced in the contract documents, joint quality as referenced in the contract documents, surface texture as referenced in the contract documents, and possibly the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the independent test results. For the compaction acceptance testing, the Engineer will sample the work on a statistically random basis, and will test and evaluate the work based on daily production.

Notify the Engineer of any locations within that road segment that may not be suitable to achieve minimum (93%) compaction due to existing conditions prior to paving the road segment. Schedule and hold a meeting in the field with the Engineer in order to discuss all areas that may potentially be applicable to Table 5a before paving starts. Areas that will be considered for Table 5a will be investigated in accordance

to the method described in Appendix B. If this meeting is not held prior to paving, no areas will be considered for Table 5a. Areas of allowable exemptions that will not be cored include the following: partial-depth patch areas, driveway entrances, paving locations of less than 100 tons, areas around manholes and driveway entrances, and areas of paving that are under 400 feet in continuous total length and/or 5 feet in width.

The exempt areas around manholes will be a maximum of 4 feet transversely on either side from the center of the manhole, and 20 feet longitudinally on either side from the center of the manhole. The exempt areas around driveway entrances shall be the entire width of the driveway, and 3 feet from the edge of the longitudinal joint next to the driveway. Areas of exemption that will be cored for informational purposes only include: areas where the mat thickness is less than three times the nominal maximum aggregate size as directed by the Engineer, violations of Section 401.08 in the Standard Specifications as directed by the Engineer, and areas shown to contain questionable subgrade properties as proven by substantial yielding under a fully legally loaded truck. Failure to obtain core samples in these areas will result in zero payment for compaction regardless of the exempt status.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the compaction work on a daily basis. Payment for the compaction will be calculated by using the material production lots as referenced in **.02 Acceptance Plan (a) Material Production - B Tests and Evaluation** and analyzing the compaction results over the individual days covered in the material production lot. The compaction results will be combined with the material results to obtain a payment for this item.

The minimum size of a compaction lot shall be 100 tons. If the compaction lot is between 101 and 1000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine four compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1001 and 1500 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine six compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1501 and 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine eight compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is greater than 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine two compaction acceptance test locations per 500 tons.

If a randomly selected area falls within an Engineer approved exemption area, the Engineer will select one more randomly generated location to be tested per the requirements of this Specification. If that cannot be accomplished, or if an entire location has been declared exempt, the compaction testing shall be performed as per these Specifications but a note will be added to the results that the location was an Engineer approved exempt location.

Testing locations will be a minimum of 1.0 feet from the newly placed longitudinal joint and 50 feet from a new transverse joint.

Cut one six (6) inch diameter core through the full lift depth at the exact location marked by the Engineer. Cores submitted that are not from the location designated by the Engineer will not be tested and will be paid at zero pay.

Notify the Engineer prior to starting paving operations with approximate tonnage to be placed. The Contractor is then responsible for notifying the appropriate Engineer test personnel within 12 hours of material placement. The Engineer will mark core locations within 24 hours of notification. After determination of locations, the Contractor shall complete testing within two operational days of the locations being marked. If the cores are not cut within two operational days, the area in question will be paid at zero pay for compaction testing.

Provide any traffic control required for the structural number investigation, sampling, and testing work at no additional cost to the Department.

Commence coring of the pavement after the pavement has cooled to a temperature of 140°F or less. Cut each core with care in order to prevent damaging the core. Damaged cores will not be tested. Label each core with contract number, date of construction, and number XX of XX upon removal from the roadway. Place cores in a 6-inch diameter plastic concrete cylinder mold or approved substitute for protection. Separate cores in the same cylinder mold with paper. Attach a completed QC test record for the represented area with the corresponding cores. The Engineer will also complete a test record for areas tested for the QA report and provide to Materials & Research. Deliver the cores to the Engineer for testing, processing, and report distribution at the end of each production day.

Repair core holes per Appendix A, Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements. Core holes shall be filled immediately. Failure to repair core holes at the time of coring will result in zero pay for compaction testing for the area in question.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests on the applicable portion of the cores in order to evaluate their quality:

- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) – Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

The Engineer will use the average of the last five test values of the same JMF (mixture ID) material at the production plant in order to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity of the cores. The average will be based on the production days test results and as many test results needed from previous days production to have an average of five samples. If there are less than five values available, the Engineer will use the JMF design value in addition to the available values to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity.

.03 Payment and Pay Adjustment Factors.

The Engineer will determine pay adjustments for the bituminous asphalt item(s) in accordance with this specification. The Engineer will determine a pay adjustment factor for the material produced and a pay adjustment factor for the pavement construction. Pay adjustments for material and construction will be calculated independently. When the pay adjustment calculation for either material or construction falls to zero payment per tables 4, 5, or 5a, the maximum pay adjustment for the other factor will not exceed 100.

Pay Adjustment factors will only be calculated on in place material. Removed material will not be used in payment adjustment calculations.

Material Production Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 70% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(a) of this specification. Pavement construction Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 30% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(b) of this specification.

(a) Material Production - Pay Adjustment.

Calculate the material pay adjustment by evaluating the production material based on the following parameters:

Table 2 - Material Parameter Weight Factors		
Material Parameter	Single Test Tolerance (+/-)	Weight Factor
Asphalt Content	0.4	0.30
#8 Sieve (≥ 19.0 mm)	7.0	0.30
#8 Sieve (≤ 12.5 mm)	5.0	0.30
#200 Sieve (0.075mm Sieve)	2.0	0.30
Air Voids (4.0% Target)	2.0	0.10

Using the JMF target value, the single test tolerance (from Table 2), and the test values, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the material pay adjustment factor for each lot of material:

1. For each parameter, calculate the mean value and the standard deviation of the test values for the lot to the nearest 0.1 unit.
2. For each parameter, calculate the Upper Quality Index (QU):

$$QU = ((\text{JMF target}) + (\text{single test tolerance}) - (\text{mean value})) / (\text{standard deviation}).$$
3. For each parameter, calculate the Lower Quality Index (QL):

$$QL = ((\text{mean value}) - (\text{JMF target}) + (\text{single test tolerance})) / (\text{standard deviation}).$$
4. For each parameter, locate the values for the Upper Payment Limit (PU) and the Lower Payment Limit (PL) from Table 3 - Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method. (Use the column for “n” representing the number of sublots in the lot. Use the closest value on the table when the exact value is not listed).
5. Calculate the PWL for each parameter from the values located in the previous step:

$$PWL = PU + PL - 100.$$
6. Calculate each parameter’s contribution to the payment adjustment by multiplying its PWL by the weight factor shown in Table 2 for that parameter.
7. Add the calculated adjustments of all the parameters together to determine the Composite PWL for the lot.
8. From Table 4, locate the value of the Pay Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated PWL. When all properties of a single test are within the single test tolerance of Table 2, Pay Adjustment factors shall be determined by Column B. When any property of a single test is outside of the Single Test Tolerance parameters defined in Table 2, the Material Pay Adjustment factor shall be determined by Column C.
9. For each lot, determine the final material price adjustment:

Final Material Pay Adjustment =

(Lot Quantity) x (Item Bid Price) x (Pay Adjustment Factor) x 70%. This final pay calculation will be paid to the cent.

In lieu of being assessed a pay adjustment penalty, the Contractor may choose to remove and replace the material at no additional cost to the Department. When the PWL of any material parameter in Table 2 is below 60, the Engineer may require the removal and replacement of the material at no additional cost to the Department. Test results on removed material shall not be used in calculation of future PWL calculations for Mixture ID.

The test results from the Engineer on production that is less than 100 tons will be combined with the two most recently completed Engineer tests with the same Mixture ID to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. If that cannot be accomplished, the approved JMF will be used to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. Payment for previously closed lots will not be affected by the analysis.

When a sample is outside of the allowable single test tolerance for any Materials criteria in Table 2, that sample will be isolated. For payment purposes, the test result of the out of acceptable tolerance sample will be combined with the two previous acceptable samples of the same JMF and analyzed per this specification. The material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will only include the material within the represented sub-lot (i.e., a maximum of 500 tons). If the previous acceptable test result is from the previous production day, only the material produced on the second production day will be considered out of tolerance. All future sub lots will not include the isolated test. The pay factors for the out of tolerance sample lot will be calculated using column C of table 4.

If, during production, a QA sample test result does not meet the acceptable tolerances and the Contractors QC sample duplicates the QA sample test result, the Contractor can make an appropriate change to the mixture (within the JMF boundaries), and request to have that sample further isolated. After the Contractor has made appropriate changes, the Contractor will visually inspect each produced load. The first visually acceptable load will be sampled and tested. If that sample test result shows compliance with the specifications, the material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will include the material from the previous acceptable test result to the third load after the initially sampled and tested sample. If the sample does not meet the specification requirements, the Engineer will no longer accept material. Production may resume when changes have been made and an acceptable sample and test result is obtained.

Table 3 - Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method							
PU or PL	QU and QL for "n" Samples						
	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 6	n = 7	n = 8	n = 9
100	1.16	1.50	1.79	2.03	2.23	2.39	2.53
99	-	1.47	1.67	1.80	1.89	1.95	2.00
98	1.15	1.44	1.60	1.70	1.76	1.81	1.84
97	-	1.41	1.54	1.62	1.67	1.70	1.72
96	1.14	1.38	1.49	1.55	1.59	1.61	1.63
95	-	1.35	1.44	1.49	1.52	1.54	1.55
94	1.13	1.32	1.39	1.43	1.46	1.47	1.48
93	-	1.29	1.35	1.38	1.40	1.41	1.42
92	1.12	1.26	1.31	1.33	1.35	1.36	1.36
91	1.11	1.23	1.27	1.29	1.30	1.30	1.31
90	1.10	1.20	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.25	1.26
89	1.09	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.20	1.21	1.21
88	1.07	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.17
87	1.06	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
86	1.04	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08
85	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04
84	1.01	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
83	1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.96

82	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.93
81	0.96	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.90	0.89	0.89
80	0.93	0.90	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.86
79	0.91	0.87	0.85	0.84	0.83	0.82	0.82
78	0.89	0.84	0.82	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.79
77	0.87	0.81	0.78	0.77	0.76	0.76	0.76
76	0.84	0.78	0.75	0.74	0.73	0.73	0.72
75	0.82	0.75	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.69
74	0.79	0.72	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.66
73	0.75	0.69	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63
72	0.74	0.66	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.60	0.60
71	0.71	0.63	0.60	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.57
70	0.68	0.60	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.54
69	0.65	0.57	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.52	0.51
68	0.62	0.54	0.51	0.50	0.49	0.49	0.48
67	0.59	0.51	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.46
66	0.56	0.48	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43
65	0.52	0.45	0.43	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40
64	0.49	0.42	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.37
63	0.46	0.39	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35
62	0.43	0.36	0.34	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.32

Table 3 - Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method

PU or PL	QU and QL for "n" Samples						
	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 6	n = 7	n = 8	n = 9
61	0.39	0.33	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29
60	0.36	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26
59	0.32	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24

Table 4 - PWL Pay Adjustment Factors

PWL	Pay Adjustment Factor (%) Column B	Pay Adjustment Factor (%) Column C
100	+5	0
99	+4	-1
98	+3	-2
97	+2	-3
96	+1	-4
95	0	-5

94	-1	-6
93	-2	-7
92	-3	-8
91	-4	-9
PWL<91	PWL - 100	PWL - 100

(b) Pavement Construction - Pay Adjustments.

The Engineer will determine the pavement construction pay adjustment by evaluating the construction of the pavement, based on the following parameter:

- Degree of compaction of the in-place material

Using the test values for the cores, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the pavement construction pay adjustment for each lot of work.

1. Calculate the core bulk specific gravity values from the subplot tests values, to the nearest 0.001 unit. Obtain the Theoretical maximum Specific Gravity values from the corresponding laboratory subplot tests.
2. Calculate the Degree of Compaction:
Degree of Compaction =
 $((\text{Core Bulk Specific Gravity}) / (\text{Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity})) \times 100\%$ recorded to the nearest 0.1%.
3. The average compaction for the sublots shall be averaged together for the compaction level of the lot. The lots compaction test level shall be averaged and recorded to the nearest whole percent.
4. Locate the value of the Payment Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated degree of compaction from Table 5 or Table 5a.
5. Determine the pavement construction price adjustment by using the following formula:
Construction Pay adjustment = (Lot Quantity) x (Bid Price) x (Pay Adjustment Factor) x 30%.

Table 5: Compaction Price Adjustment Highway Locations		
Degree of Compaction (%)	Range	Pay Adjustment Factor (%)
≥ 97.0	≥ 96.75	-100*
96.5	96.26 – 96.74	-5
96.0	95.75 – 96.25	-3
95.5	95.26 – 95.74	-2
95.0	94.75 – 95.25	0

94.5	94.26 – 94.74	0
94.0	93.75 – 94.25	1
93.5	93.26 – 93.74	3
93.0	92.75 – 93.25	5
92.5	92.26 – 92.74	3
92.0	91.75 – 92.25	0
91.5	91.26 – 91.74	0
91.0	90.75 – 91.25	-5
90.5	90.26 – 90.74	-15
90.0	89.75 – 90.25	-20
89.5	89.26 – 89.74	-25
89.0	88.75 – 89.25	-30
88.5	88.26 – 88.74	-50
=<88.0	=<88.25	-100*

* or remove and replace it at Engineer's discretion

Table 5A: Compaction Price Adjustment Other¹ Locations		
Degree of Compaction	Range	Pay Adjustment Factor (%)
>= 97.0	>= 96.75	-100*
96.5	96.26 – 96.74	-5
96.0	95.75 – 96.25	-3
95.5	95.26 – 95.74	-2
95.0	94.75 – 95.25	0
94.5	94.26 – 94.74	0
94.0	93.75 – 94.25	0
93.5	93.26 – 93.74	1
93.0	92.75 – 93.25	3
92.5	92.26 – 92.74	1
92.0	91.75 – 92.25	0
91.5	91.26 – 91.74	0
91.0	90.75 – 91.25	0
90.5	90.26 – 90.74	0
90.0	89.75 – 90.25	0
89.5	89.26 – 89.74	0

89.0	88.75 – 89.25	-1
88.5	88.26 – 88.74	-3
88.0	87.75 – 88.25	-5
87.5	87.26 – 87.74	-10
87.0	86.75 – 87.25	-15
86.5	86.26 – 86.74	-20
86.0	85.75 – 86.25	-25
85.5	85.26 – 85.74	-30
85.0	84.75 – 85.25	-40
84.5	84.26 – 84.74	-50
=< 84.0	=<84.25	-100*

* or remove and replace at Engineer's discretion

¹ This chart is to be used for areas where the structural value of the area to be paved is less than 1.75 as determined by the Engineer. See Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure. This chart is applicable to rehabilitation work only; full depth construction will not be considered for Table 5a.

.04 Dispute Resolution.

Disputes or questions about any test result shall be brought to the attention of the Contractor and the Engineer within two operational days of reported test results. The following dispute resolution procedures will be used.

The Engineer and the Contractor will review the sample quality, the test method, the laboratory equipment, and the laboratory technician. If these factors are not the cause of the dispute, a third party dispute resolution will be used.

Third party resolution testing can be performed at either another Contractor’s laboratory, the Engineer’s laboratory, or an independent accredited laboratory. Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon by DAPA and the Engineer, the Engineer’s qualified laboratory in Dover and qualified personnel shall conduct the necessary testing for third party Dispute Resolution after the Engineer has provided reasonable notice to allow the Contractor to witness this testing.

When disputes over production testing occur, the samples used for Dispute Resolution testing will be those samples the properly captured, labeled, and stored, as described in the second paragraph of the section of these specifications titled **.02 Acceptance Plan, (a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations**. If no samples are available, the original testing results will be used for payment calculations.

Dispute Resolution samples for air void content will be heated by a microwave oven.

If there is a discrepancy between the Engineer's acceptance test result and the Contractor's test result, the Contractor may ask for the Dispute Resolution sample to be tested. The Contractor may request up to two dispute resolution samples be tested per calendar year without charge. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples run at the Contractors request where the results substantiate the acceptance test result will be assessed a fee of \$125. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples that substantiate the Contractors test result will not be assessed the fee.

When disputes over compaction core test results occur, the Engineer's acceptance core will be used for the dispute resolution sample. The Contractor will be advised on when the testing will occur as referenced above to witness the testing. The results of the dispute resolution testing shall replace all of the applicable disputed test results for payment purposes.

Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavement

Description.

This appendix describes the procedure required to repair core holes in a bituminous concrete pavement.

Materials and Equipment.

The following material shall be available to complete this work:

- Patch Material - DelDOT approved High Performance Cold Patch material shall be used.

The following equipment shall be available to complete this work:

- Sponge or other absorbent material - Used to extract water from the hole.
- Compaction Hammer - mechanical (electrical, pneumatic, or gasoline driven) tamping device with a flat, circular tamping face smaller than 6 inches in diameter.

Construction Method.

After core removal from the hole, remove all excess water from within the hole, and prevent water from re-entering the hole.

Place the patch material in lifts no greater than 3 inches and compact with mechanical tamping device. If the hole is deeper than 3 inches, use two lifts of approximately equal depths so that optimum compaction is achieved. Make sure that the patch surface matches the grade of the existing roadway. Make every effort to achieve the greatest possible compaction

Performance Requirements.

The Engineer will judge the patch on the following basis:

- The patch shall be well compacted
- The patch surface shall match the grade of the surrounding roadway surface.

Basis of Payment.

No measurement or payment will be made for the patching work. The Contractor must gain the Engineer's acceptance of the patching work before the Engineer will accept the material represented by the core.

Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure

The Contractor is responsible for obtaining cores in areas that they propose are eligible for compaction price adjustments according to Table 5a in this specification. Table 5a is not applicable for new full-depth pavement box construction. Cores submitted for this process shall be obtained according to the following process.

1. Contact Materials & Research (M&R) personnel to determine if information about the area is already available. If M&R has already obtained cores in the location that is being investigated, the contractor may opt to use the laboratory information for the investigation and not core the area on their own.
2. If M&R does not have information concerning the section of the roadway, the contractor needs to contact M&R to arrange for verification of coring operations. Arrangements shall be made to allow for an individual from M&R to be on the site when the cores are obtained. Cores will be turned over to M&R for evaluation.
3. The Contractor is responsible for providing all traffic control and repairing core holes in accordance to 401699 Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements.
4. Cores are to be taken throughout the entire project for the area in question. Cores will be spaced, from the start of the project in increments determined based on field and project specifics. Cores will be evenly distributed throughout the project location. The cores will be taken in the center of the lane in question.
5. Additional cores may be taken at other locations, if surface conditions indicate that there may be a substantial difference in the underlying section. The location of these cores should be documented and submitted to M&R.
6. Cores shall be full depth and include underlying materials. If there is a stone base included in the pavement section, at a minimum 1 core must have information concerning the thickness of the base. This is determined by augering to the subgrade surface.
7. The calculations used to determine the structural capacity of the roadway is as follows. If the contractor finds, upon starting the coring process, that the areas are of greater thickness than applicable to Table 5a, they may terminate the coring process on their own and retract the request.

Structural Number Calculations

Each pavement box material is assigned a structural coefficient based upon AASHTO design guides. The structural coefficient is used to determine the total strength of the pavement section.

Materials used in older pavement sections are assigned lower structural coefficients to compensate for aging of the materials. The coefficients used to determine the structural number of an existing pavement are:

Existing Material	Structural Coefficient
HMA	0.32
Asphalt Treated Base	0.26
Soil Cement	0.16
Surface Treatment (Tar & Chip)	0.10
GABC	0.14
Concrete	0 - 0.7*

* The Structural Coefficient of Concrete is dependent upon the condition of the concrete. Compressive strengths & ASR analysis are used to determine condition - contact the Engineer if this situation arises.

Newly placed materials use a different set of structural coefficients. They are as follows:

New Material	Structural Coefficient
HMA	0.40
Asphalt Treated Base (BCBC)	0.32
Soil Cement	0.20
GABC	0.14

Example:

Location includes placement of a 1.25" Type C overlay on 2.25" Type B. Existing roadway is cored and is shown to consist of 2" HMA on 7" GABC.

Calculation:

For the Type B lift the calculation would be:

Existing HMA	$2 * 0.32 =$	0.64
GABC	$7 * 0.14 =$	<u>0.98</u>
		1.62

For the Type C lift the calculation would be:

Newly Placed B	$2.25 * 0.4 =$	0.90
Existing HMA	$2 * 0.32 =$	0.64
GABC	$7 * 0.14 =$	<u>0.98</u>
		2.52

11/3/14

720500 - GALVANIZED AND FUSION-BONDED POLYESTER COATED GUARDRAIL

Description:

This work consists of surface preparation, application, and applying fusion-bonded polyester coating over galvanized metal railing elements, posts, guardrail end terminals, guardrail transitions and any associated hardware in shop facilities as specified in the Contract documents, the Standard Construction Details, this specification, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials:

Prior to coating any guardrail end terminals, submit written approval from the end terminal manufacturer allowing the fusion-bonded polyester coating to be installed on the end terminal.

Approved rust-proof spray paint, color to match fusion-bonded polyester coating.

Galvanizing Coating:

Prior to galvanizing operations, the galvanizing facility shall inspect and remove all sharp edges on rails, posts, or other hardware used in assemblies. The easing of all sharp edges is essential to the durability of the fusion-bonded polyester coating process and failure on the part of the galvanizing facility to perform this step will be cause for rejection of the material.

All surfaces of beams, components and assemblies receiving fusion-bonded polyester coating shall not be water-quenched, nor receive a chromate conversion coating after the galvanizing process.

Galvanized surfaces receiving fusion-bonded polyester coating shall be cleaned and prepared for coating in accordance with SSPC SP 16, including all information noted in Appendix A and ASTM D 6386, Sections 5.1 through 5.3, Section 5.4.1 and Section 5.4.3 respectively. Prior to sweep blasting, all surfaces shall be inspected to ensure the galvanized layer is smooth. Should any locations be found to have excessive liquid zinc run-off, dross or zinc oxide particles they shall be smoothed until the location is level with the surrounding area using hand or power tools as described in SSPC SP 2 and 3. The resultant profile of galvanized layer produced after sweep blasting shall be 1.0 to 1.5 mils as determined by ASTM D 4417, Method C.

Thickness of the galvanized layer shall be measured before and after sweep blasting in accordance with SSPC PA-2 to ensure all components conform to ASTM A 123 or ASTM A 153 as applicable. Any locations found having insufficient thickness shall be repaired in accordance with ASTM A 780.

All shapes, except beams, shall be hot-dipped galvanized in accordance with AASHTO M 111. The Contractor may elect to use either hot-dipped galvanized rolled H sections or fabricated sections, that conform to the requirements of ASTM A 769, Grade 36 (Grade 250) (b) Beams. All beams shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 180, Class A, Type I or Type II. 397.

After galvanizing, all components shall be thoroughly inspected and protected from rain or moisture during storage and shipment by a secured cover to the fusion-bonded polyester coating facility.

Fusion-Bonded Polyester Coating:

The fusion-bonded polyester coating applicator shall identify to the galvanizer all guardrail beam, components, and assemblies surfaces receiving fusion-bonded polyester coating to ensure the galvanizing method used on assemblies is compatible with subsequent application of powder coating. Coating and cleaning systems shall be applied in an environmentally controlled plant that is fully enclosed and preapproved by the Department's Materials & Research Section. A low pressure power washing to ensure removal of any organic contaminants prior to fusion-bonded polyester coating is required. Also, to ensure water and air molecules do not get trapped in the zinc coating and turn into pinholes and blisters due to outgassing, a "pre-heat" treatment of the piece prior to fusion-bonded polyester coating is required.

Cleaned surfaces shall be protected from conditions of high humidity, rainfall, or surface moisture and shall not be allowed to flash rust. Sweep or brush blast to SSPC SP16. Blast profile shall be approximately 1 to 1.5 mils, but not greater than 2 mils, as checked with a Test-O-Tex or Keane-Tator surface profile gauge or as approved by the Engineer. The fusion-bonded polyester coating shall be applied as an electrostatically charged dry powder sprayed onto grounded components using an electrostatic spray system. The coated components shall be given a thermal time/temperature cure to provide a fully cured finish. The coating thickness, after cure, shall be 7 mils plus or minus 2 mils in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation when measured in accordance with ASTM D7091 and SSPC PA2.

After coating, each component shall be checked for continuity using a 67-1/2 volt wet sponge detector to check for holidays, pinholes, and discontinuities. Coating thickness shall be checked with a properly calibrated magnetic gauge. All components shall be padded and shall be handled with nylon slings during loading, unloading and installation. Control and acceptance of the Fusion-Bonded Polyester Coating will be based on the following tests as used on projects for the National Park Service:

Quality	Test	Limits
Abrasion	Tabor Abraser CS-10	100 Mg. Max.
	1000 Gram Load	Weight Loss
	1000 Cycles	Weight Loss
Adhesion	ASTM D1044	
	ASTM D-3359	5A
	Initial	5A
Gloss	1000 Hrs. (Item H)	
	ASTM D-523	82%-60 degrees
	Initial 500 Hrs.	90%-60 degrees
Hardness	1000 Hrs. (Item H)	
	ASTM D-3363	2H - No Gouge
	Impact	Pass 80 Inc. Lb.
Salt Spray Resistance	Direct	
	ASTM B-117	
	ASTM D-1654	
Thickness	1000 Hrs. Unscribed	Table 2 - 10
	400 Hrs. Scribed	Table 2 - 10
	ASTM G-12	6 mils ± 2 mils
Weather Resistance	ASTM G-23, 1000 Hrs., 18 min.	
	1000 Hrs. Unscribed	Water Spray
	400 Hrs. Scribed	No Film Failure
Color		Brown Polyester No. 20040, Mid-Gloss Chocolate Brown
Identify	Infrared Finger Print	Match Original

Flexibility	180 degrees Bend-120 Min. Light within 10 seconds	No Breaks, Flaking or Cracks. Tested w/a Q-Panel w/2 mils (50 mm) or less of Cracking
Humidity	ASTM D-2247/1000 Hrs.	No. Blister or Film Failure

Construction Methods:

Installation of guardrail, guardrail end terminals and guardrail transitions is specified in Sections 720 and 721 of the Standard Specifications and paid for under the respective guardrail pay items of the Contract.

After curing and acceptance, the fusion-bonded polyester coating applicator shall protect the coated assemblies with multiple layers of wrapping, or other protective materials specified in the project specific fusion-bonded polyester coating plan. During storage and subsequent shipping, each assembly shall be separated from other assemblies by expanded polystyrene spacers and other spacing materials specified in the project specific fusion-bonded polyester coating plan.

All guardrail and components shall be off-loaded and installed using extreme care to ensure coatings are not damaged. Upon delivery to the project site, coated assemblies and hardware shall be thoroughly inspected by the Engineer for any coating defects or damage. If damage is found, the Engineer will determine if the extent of the damage will constitute a cause for rejection. It is required a representative from the fusion-bonded polyester coating applicator's firm be present to witness proper handling and erection processes are being employed by the Contractor to minimize or eliminate coating damage. Wood or other suitable material shall be used to protect tops of posts when pile driving.

All coating damage due to shipping, storage, handling, and installation operations shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Department. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer access to all locations of all powder coated members for verification of coating conditions prior to and following all coating repairs.

Repair damaged surfaces as follows:

1. Prepare surfaces in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 followed by SSPC-SP 2 or SSPC-SP 3. Solvents or degreasers used in SP 1 preparation shall be acceptable to the powder manufacturer and the manufacturer of the coating used for repair. Proof of acceptability shall be furnished to the Engineer. Extend the prepared area at least 2 inches into adjacent, tightly adhering, intact coating.
2. Feather the existing coating system surrounding each repair location. Feather the repair area for a distance of 1 inch to 2 inches to provide a smooth, tapered transition into the existing intact coating.
3. When the steel substrate is exposed in the repair area, the surface shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC SP11. Apply a coat of Organic Zinc primer conforming to ASTM A 780 in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and feather back existing coatings as stated above before re-application of topcoat.
4. The coating thickness of the touch-up material shall be the same thickness as the polyester and can be applied in multiple coats.

After installation, coat all exposed hardware (bolts, nuts and washers) with an approved spray paint that matches the color of the fusion-bonded polyester coating.

Warranty

Fusion-bonded polyester coated guardrail shall be warranted as specified herein for a period of three years from the date of acceptance. Should the coating system fail within three years after the project has been accepted, the coating shall be repaired by the Contractor in conjunction with the fusion-bonded polyester coating applicator at no cost to the Department. The extent and method of repair must be acceptable and agreed upon by the Department. System failure does not include damage from external agents, such as scraping from snow removal equipment, vandalism, debris impacts, collisions, etc., or normal loss of gloss and color. Once the duplex system (galvanizing and fusion-bonded polyester coating) has been accepted, a failure shall mean any visible corrosion, blistering, checking, cracking, or delamination (peeling) of the coating.

Method of Measurement:

Measure the quantity of fusion-bonded polyester coated guardrail as the number of linear feet of guardrail, including end terminals, transitions and associated hardware coated with fusion-bonded polyester coating.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of guardrail coated with fusion-bonded polyester coating will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot. Price and payment constitute surface preparation of all guardrail materials, including end terminals and guardrail transitions, fusion-bonded polyester coating materials, application of the fusion-bonded polyester coating on all guardrail components, delivery of coated materials to the project location, warranty, labor, equipment, tools, and necessary incidentals to complete the work as specified and as directed by the Engineer.

10/5/16

763621 - CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING, REHABILITATION

Description:

Collect survey information and provide layout as described in this provision and as noted on the Plans. Assume full responsibility for any errors and/or omissions in the work of all engineering staff employed.

Provide and have available for the project adequate engineering staff that is:

1. Competent and experienced to set lines and grades needed to construct the project;
2. Able to perform the work to the scope and magnitude outlined herein.

Construction Engineering functions and requirements:

1. Provide all necessary surveying equipment required for all engineering work on the project.
 - a. Check all equipment/instruments prior to use on the project.
 - b. Immediately replace or recalibrate equipment found to be out of adjustment or inadequate to perform its function to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
2. Perform all computations necessary to establish the exact position of the work from control points and preserve.
 - a. Maintain adequate workbooks of all computations survey notes and other records.
 - b. Make available to the Department, neat and legible, all computations, survey notes and other records necessary to accomplish the work.
3. Preliminary topographic survey for all proposed curb ramps locations identified in the Plans and the layout of grade information provided by the Engineer for curb ramp construction;
4. Obtain topographic information a minimum of 25' in each direction from the back of curb where the curb ramp is proposed;
 - a. Grades for the edge of pavement, gutter line (if applicable), top of curb, front and back edge of sidewalk, existing obstructions such as utility poles, junction wells, traffic poles and cabinets, manholes, valves, fire hydrants, drainage inlets, steps, retaining walls, building faces or other obstructions that are directly adjacent or within the proposed curb ramp limits.
 - b. Collect data in a format that is compatible with DeIDOT Design Standards and submit to the Engineer for evaluation curb ramps that are located in areas with multiple obstructions, limited area, or other unique characteristics that require more detailed layout. The Engineer will provide the final grades for construction of these curb ramps.

3. Establish necessary grades to ensure all proposed curb ramps, roadways or ditches, installation of drainage structures, or other items of work as determined by the Engineer, have positive drainage;

Note:

Professional services performed under this item by individuals/firms other than the Contractor are not subject to the subcontracting requirements of Subsection 108.01 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of Construction Engineering - Rehabilitation will be measured as the actual number of hours the Contractor's survey crew is in the field actively engaged in Construction Engineering – Rehabilitation Work.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of Construction Engineering – Rehabilitation will be paid for at the Contract unit price per hour. Price and payment constitutes full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment, instruments, stakes, and other material necessary to satisfactorily complete the work as herein described under this item.

3/16/17

801500 - MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC - ALL INCLUSIVE

Description:

This item shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining and/or relocating the necessary temporary traffic control devices used to maintain vehicular, bicycle and pedestrian traffic, including persons with disabilities in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended. All work shall be performed in a manner that will provide reasonably safe passage with the least practicable obstruction to all users, including vehicular, bicycle and pedestrian traffic.

All requirements of the Delaware Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), Part 6, herein referred to as the Delaware MUTCD. (latest edition with all revisions made up to the date of Advertisement of this project) shall apply for all temporary traffic control devices. Any, and all, control, direction, management and maintenance of traffic shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of the Delaware MUTCD, notes on the Plans, this specification, and as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall be aware that the Case Diagrams and safety measures outlined in the Delaware MUTCD are for common construction situations and modifications may be warranted based on the complexity of the job. The Contractor shall submit justification for modifications to the Temporary Traffic Control Plan (TTCP) to the Engineer for approval prior to implementation.

The Department reserves the right to impose additional restrictions, as needed, for the operational movement and safety of the traveling public. The Department reserves the right to suspend the Contractor's operations until compliance with the Engineer's directive for remedial action, based on but not limited to the following reasons:

1. The Contractor's operations are not in compliance with the Delaware MUTCD, the specifications or the Plans.
2. The Contractor's operations have been deemed unsafe by the Traffic Safety Engineer or District Safety Officer.

Materials and Construction Methods:

The Contractor shall submit a Temporary Traffic Control Plan (TTCP) or a Letter of Intent to use the Plan recommended Delaware MUTCD Case Diagram(s) at or prior to the pre-construction meeting. The Contractor shall submit the TTCP for all Contractor and subcontractor work to be performed on the project for the Department's approval before the start of work. When specified by a note in the Plans, the Contractor shall be required to have an American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA) certified Traffic Control Supervisor on the project. The authorized designee must be assigned adequate authority, by the Contractor, to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Delaware MUTCD and provide remedial action when deemed necessary by the Traffic Safety Engineer or the District Safety Officer. The ATSSA certified Traffic Control Supervisor's sole responsibility shall be the maintenance of traffic throughout the project. This responsibility shall include, but is not limited to, the installation, operations, maintenance and service of temporary traffic control devices. Also required is the daily maintenance of a log to record maintenance of traffic activities, i.e., number and location of temporary traffic control devices; and times of installation, changes and repairs to temporary traffic control devices. The ATSSA Traffic Control Supervisor shall serve as the liaison with the Engineer concerning the Contractor's maintenance of traffic. The name, contact number and certification for the designated Traffic Control Supervisor shall be submitted at or prior to the pre-construction meeting. The cost of the ATSSA certified Traffic Control Supervisor shall be incidental to this item.

Temporary traffic control devices shall be maintained in good condition in accordance with the brochure entitled "Quality Guidelines for Temporary Traffic Control Devices", published by the American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA). Any temporary traffic control devices that do not meet the quality guidelines shall be removed and replaced with acceptable devices. Failure to comply will result in work stoppage with time charges continuing to be assessed.

Any existing signs that conflict with any temporary or permanent construction signs shall be covered as needed or as directed by the Engineer. The cost for temporarily covering conflicting signs shall be incidental to this item.

Access to all transit stops located within the project limits shall be maintained unless otherwise directed by the Plans or the Engineer. Maintaining access shall include maintaining an area for the transit vehicle and also an accessible path for pedestrians to safely access the transit stop.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, no less than fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the start of any detour(s) and road closures. The Engineer will notify the following entities:

- Local 911 Center
- Local School Districts
- Local Post Offices
- DelDOT's Transportation Management Center (TMC)
- Town Managers
- Local Police
- DelDOT's Public Relations
- Delaware Transit Corporation (DTC)

Immediately prior to the implementation of any lane or road closures, the Engineer shall notify the DelDOT TMC at (302) 659-4600. Notifications shall also be provided when the closures are lifted. The Engineer shall notify TMC and the District Safety Officer if any lane closures cannot be removed prior to the end of the allowable work hours.

The Contractor shall notify the local 911 center if access to a fire hydrant is temporarily restricted. The Contractor shall provide written confirmation to the Engineer that the local 911 center has been notified.

If a detour is required during any part or the entire period of this Contract, an approved detour plan shall be obtained from the Department's Traffic Safety Section. All signs, barricades and other temporary traffic control devices required as part of the approved detour plan shall be installed and maintained by the Contractor on the route that is closed and on the detour route. Road closures without an approved detour plan shall not be allowed. If a road is closed without an approved detour plan, the Contractor's operations shall be stopped immediately.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain ingress and egress for each property abutting the construction area and each property located between the diversion points of any detour and the actual construction site. Construction activities which may temporarily or otherwise interfere with property access shall be coordinated in advance with the affected property owners.

The Contractor shall conduct construction operations in a manner which will minimize delays to traffic, and shall meet the following requirements:

1. If work is being performed within 200 feet in any direction of an intersection that is controlled by a traffic signal, the flagger(s) shall direct the flow of traffic in concert with the traffic signals in construction areas to avoid queuing, unless active work prohibits such

action. The flagger shall direct traffic to prevent traffic from queuing through an intersection (i.e., blocking an intersection). Only a Traffic Officer may direct traffic against the operation of a traffic signal and only until the operation occurring within the intersection is completed.

2. When a lane adjacent to an open lane is closed to travel, the temporary traffic control devices shall be set 2 feet (0.61 m) into the closed lane from the edge of the open lane, unless an uncured patch exists or actual work is being performed closer to the open lane with minimum restriction to traffic.
3. Except for “buffer lanes” on high volume and/or high speed roadways, lanes shall not be closed unless construction activity requiring lane closure is taking place, or will take place within the next hour. Lanes shall be reopened immediately upon completion of the work. Moving operations will require the lane closures be shortened as the work progresses and as traffic conditions warrant to minimize the length of the closure. The Contractor shall conduct construction operations in a manner so as to minimize disruption to traffic during peak hours and periods of heavy flow. The Department reserves the right to stop or change the Contractor's operations, if in the opinion of the Engineer, such operations are unnecessary at that time or the operations are unnecessarily impeding traffic.
4. Work in the vicinity of traffic signals, shall be scheduled to minimize the time during which the signal is operated without detectors, and prior approval from the Engineer shall be required. TMC shall be notified in advance of cutting a loop detector, and be immediately notified once the loop detector has been reinstalled. The Contractor shall provide sufficient advance notice of the loop detector work with the Engineer to ensure the aforementioned requirements are met.

It is required that all temporary traffic control work and related items shall either be performed entirely by the Contractor's own organization, or totally subcontracted. Maintenance of equipment shall not be subject to this requirement.

Any deficiencies related to temporary traffic control that are reported to the Contractor in writing shall be corrected within 24 hours or as directed by the Engineer. Failure to comply will result in non-payment for those devices that are found to be deficient for the duration of the deficiency. Serious deficiencies that are not corrected immediately shall result in suspension of work until items identified are brought back into compliance.

At the end of each day's work, the Contractor shall correct all pavement edge drop-offs in accordance with Table 6G-1 in the Delaware MUTCD. This corrective work shall be accomplished with Temporary Roadway Material (TRM) unless an alternate method is specified in the Plans. All ruts and potholes shall be filled with TRM as soon as possible but no later than the end of each work day. Placement and Payment of TRM shall be completed in accordance with Section 403 of the Standard Specifications. If temporary elimination of a drop-off hazard cannot be accomplished, then the area should be properly marked and protected with temporary traffic control devices such as temporary barricades, warning signs, flashing lights, etc. as required by Section 6G.21 of the Delaware MUTCD.

All open trench excavation accessible by vehicular traffic must be backfilled prior to the end of each working day. Steel plates shall not be used except in emergency situations and only with prior written approval from the Engineer unless otherwise directed by the Plans.

The Contractor shall submit, at or prior to the preconstruction meeting, detailed drawings including but not limited to existing striping lengths, lane and shoulder widths, turn lane lengths, locations of stop bars, turn arrows, crosswalks and railroad crossings. The drawings shall depict the existing pavement markings for each

project location. These drawings will be reviewed by the Department's Traffic Section to determine the need for modification(s) for compliance with the Delaware MUTCD. Temporary pavement markings, on the final pavement surface, shall match the Plan dimensions and layout or the approved drawings of the permanent markings in compliance with Section 3 of the Delaware MUTCD. All conflicting or errant striping shall be removed as directed by the Engineer in compliance with the specifications for Item 817031 - Removal of Pavement Striping.

At the end of each day's operation and before traffic is returned to unrestricted roadway use, temporary striping shall be utilized when the existing pavement is milled and hot mix will not be placed the same day or more than a single course of hot mix is to be placed or permanent roadway striping cannot be placed on the same day as the placement of the final course of hot mix. Placement of temporary striping shall receive prior approval from the Engineer and the contractor shall apply temporary pavement markings in accordance with the requirements of Section 817 of Delaware Standard specifications and the Delaware MUTCD. Payment for temporary pavement striping shall be made at the unit price bid for item 817 - Temporary Striping. Payment for final striping will be included in the applicable striping item.

The Contractor shall have temporary striping/delineating materials (such as raised markers, tape, and other approved materials) available at the job site for verification by the Department prior to starting the hot-mix paving operation on roads to be immediately opened to traffic. These materials shall be used by the Contractor for temporary markings if he/she fails to apply temporary marking paint, etc., as required by the Delaware MUTCD. No paving operations on roads to be immediately opened to traffic will be allowed unless such verification has been made for the availability of the materials at the job site.

Travel lane and ramp closings on multilane highways and Interstates shall not be permitted during the following holiday periods:

- December 24 through December 27 (Christmas Day)
- December 31 through January 3 (New Years Day)
- Friday prior to Easter through Easter Sunday
- Thursday prior to Memorial Day through the Tuesday following Memorial Day
- Dover International Speedway Race Weekends (Thursday prior to the race event through the day after the race event)
- July 3 through July 5 (Independence Day)
- Thursday prior to Labor Day through the Tuesday following Labor Day
- Wednesday prior to Thanksgiving Day through the Monday following Thanksgiving Day

Additional time restrictions may apply as noted in the project plans or as directed by the Engineer. Any requests to waive any restrictions must be made in writing to the Engineer for review and approval. A copy of the request shall be provided to the District Safety Officer for review.

Certification:

Temporary traffic control devices used on all highways open to the public in this State shall conform to the Delaware MUTCD. All devices shall be crashworthy in accordance with the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350, the memorandum issued August 28, 1998 by The USDOT Federal Highway Administration, and/or in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO).

The Contractor shall submit certification for temporary traffic control devices or vendors used specifically on this project at or prior to the pre-construction meeting.

Certification of compliance with NCHRP report 350 and/or MASH is required for the following categories of temporary traffic control devices:

Category I contains small and lightweight channelizing and delineating control devices which includes cones, tubular markers, flexible delineator post and drums, all without any accessories or attachments.

Category II includes temporary traffic control devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity changes to impacting vehicles. These devices which shall weigh 100 pounds or less, include Type I, II and III barricades, portable sign supports with signs, and intrusion alarms. Also included are drums, cones, and vertical panels with accessories or attachments.

Category III includes temporary traffic control devices that are expected to cause significant vehicular velocity changes to impacting vehicles. These devices which weigh more than 100 pounds include temporary barrier, temporary impact attenuators, and truck-mounted attenuators.

Category IV includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow panels, variable message signs, temporary traffic signals and temporary area lighting.

For Category I devices, the manufacturer or Contractor may self-certify that the devices meet the NCHRP-350 and/or MASH criteria. The Contractor shall supply the Federal Highway Administration's NCHRP-350 and/or MASH acceptance letter for each type of device that falls under Category II and III devices.

Basis of Payment:

Payment will be made at the Lump Sum price for "Maintenance of Traffic", for which price and payment constitutes full compensation for all maintenance of traffic activities accepted by the Engineer, which shall include the cost of furnishing and relocating permanent and temporary traffic control signs, traffic cones or drums, submission of temporary traffic control plan(s), submission of existing pavement marking drawings, submission of all required certifications, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the item. Payment to furnish and maintain other temporary traffic control devices including but not limited to Portable P.C.C. Safety Barrier, Truck Mounted Attenuators, Portable Changeable Message Signs, Arrow Panels and Portable Light Assemblies will be made at the contract unit price for each item.

NOTE

If the Contractor does not complete the Contract work within the Contract completion time (including approved extension time), the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the necessary temporary traffic control devices that are required to complete any remaining work. The costs of such temporary traffic control shall be borne by the Contractor. No additional payment will be made to the Contractor to maintain traffic in accordance with the Delaware MUTCD, contract plans and specifications. Temporary traffic control items include, but not be limited to, warning lights, warning signs, barricades, plastic drums, P.C.C. safety barrier, flaggers, traffic officers, arrow panels, message boards, and portable impact attenuators.

10/5/16



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. Box 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

JENNIFER COHAN
SECRETARY

February 12, 2018
UTILITY STATEMENT
STATE CONTRACT # T2018-061-06
F.A.P. # NONE
P6#18-06106
PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION
NORTH VI, 2018
NEW CASTLE COUNTY

LOCATIONS:

- Location #1 – Little Baltimore Road from 300' West of Heatherstone Way to Pennsylvania Line**
- Location #2 – Yeatmans Mill Road from Doe Run Road to Pennsylvania Line**
- Location #3 – Doe Run Road from Corner Ketch Road to Little Baltimore Road**
- Location #4 – Corner Ketch Road from Jobs Lane to 292' West of Paper Mill Road**

General Scope of work – 2" PROFILE MILL, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PATCHING, 2" BITUMINOUS CONCRETE TYPE C , SIGNING, AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS

The following utility companies may own and/or maintain facilities within the project limits:

ARTESIAN WATER COMPANY
COMCAST
DELDOT
DELMARVA POWER
DELMARVA POWER GAS
EASTERN SHORE NATURAL GAS
NEW CASTLE DEPT SPECIAL SVC
VERIZON

Utility adjustments and/or relocations shall be performed as narrated, but are not limited to the following:

ARTESIAN WATER COMPANY:

Artesian Water Company maintains steel and plastic water mains throughout locations #1, 2, 3, and 4, with services crossing under the roadway. The Contractor must use care when working in these areas. The Contractor is not permitted to draw water from any hydrant for any use, without the written permission of the Artesian Water Company and proper metering and backflow prevention equipment in place. Any adjustments, including valve risers, to Artesian Water Company facilities shall be performed by the utility after a fourteen (14) calendar day notice from the contractor. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments will depend on the nature of the work.

At location #1, Meeting House/Lee Road, Artesian Water Company owns and maintains a 12” water main along the north bound shoulder with water valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection.

At location #2, Old Wilmington Road, Artesian Water Company owns and maintains 12” and 8” water main along the west bound shoulder with water valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection from Yorklyn Road to Cameron Drive. Artesian Water Company owns and maintains 12” water main along the east bound shoulder with water valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection from Valley Road to South Wyndtree Court.

At location #3, Evanson Road, Artesian Water Company owns and maintains 12” water main along the east bound shoulder with water valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection from Valley Road to Millcreek Road.

At location #4, Southwood Road, Artesian Water Company owns and maintains 6” water main along the east bound shoulder with water valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection from Piersons Ridge Road to Ridon Drive/Sassafras Drive.

**No working/existing Comcast facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

COMCAST:

Comcast maintains overhead and underground facilities within all four locations. The contractor must use care when working in these underground areas as well as overhead cable crossings. Any adjustments to Comcast facilities shall be performed by the utility after a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar day notice from the contractor. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments will depend on the nature of the work.

**No working/existing Comcast facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

DEL DOT:

Del Dot maintains ITMS, fiber, lighting and/or signal systems throughout the project limits of these locations. The Contractor must use care when working in these areas. Any adjustments to Del DOT facilities shall be performed by the State’s contractor in accordance with the Standard Specifications as directed by the District Engineer. The contractor shall report any impacts to any vehicle detection system to the Traffic Management Center (TMC) (Cell #77) (24 HR 302-659-4600), seven (7) calendar days before the loop system is impacted by construction activities.

DELMARVA POWER – ELECTRIC:

Delmarva Power maintains overhead and underground facilities within all four locations. The contractor must use care when working in these underground areas as well as overhead conductor crossings. Any adjustments to Delmarva facilities shall be performed by the utility with fourteen (14) calendar day notice from the contractor.

**No working/existing Delmarva facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

Delmarva Power has a written requirement regarding working near overhead power lines.

Customer/Contractor Acknowledgement

Performing Work within Dangerous Proximity of High Voltage Lines

“You are hereby notified by Delmarva Power that NO work can be performed at this location within dangerous proximity to Delmarva’s overhead lines and that you are required by law to comply with applicable OSHA regulations and the applicable state High Voltage Safety Act. Performance of any activity or causing any person, equipment or things to come within dangerous proximity of Delmarva’s overhead lines creates an extreme risk of severe injury or death. You are further notified that no activities may be conducted within dangerous proximity of Delmarva’s overhead lines until mutually agreeable measures to prevent contact with overhead lines have been reached with Delmarva and Delmarva has provided you with written authorization to perform the activities.

Additionally any work involving the use of a crane with intentions to remain outside of dangerous proximity, but within 20 feet of the Company’s overhead lines, requires an Encroachment Prevention Plan in order to satisfy OSHA”

DELMARVA POWER GAS:

Delmarva Power–Gas maintains steel and plastic gas mains throughout all four locations with services. The Contractor must use care when working in these areas. Any adjustments, including valve risers, to Delmarva Power–Gas facilities shall be performed by the utility after a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar day notice from the contractor. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments will depend on the nature of the work.

At location #1, Meeting House/Lee Road, Delmarva Power–Gas owns and maintains a 6” gas main along the north bound shoulder with gas valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection.

At location #2, Old Wilmington Road, Delmarva Power–Gas owns and maintains a 6” gas main along the east bound shoulder from Yorklyn Road to #1612/1610 Old Wilmington Road, with gas valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection. At #1612/1610 Old Wilmington Road the 6” gas main crosses under the roadway to the west bound shoulder, and ends at South Wyndtree Court.

At location #3, Evanson Road, Delmarva Power–Gas owns and maintains a 2” gas main along the west bound shoulder for approximately 250’ from Valley Road.

At location #4, Southwood Road, Delmarva Power–Gas owns and maintains 4” gas main along the east bound shoulder with gas valve risers in the road way and road crossings at each roadway intersection from Valley Road to #709 Southwood Road. Before Pierson Road the gas main crosses under the roadway to the west bound side and crossed back under the roadway after Pierson Road.

**No working/existing Delmarva Power–Gas facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

EASTERN SHORE NATURAL GAS:

Eastern Shore Natural Gas (ESNG) owns and maintains underground facilities at location #4, Southwood Road. ESNG owns and maintains, a 10" gas transmission pipeline that crosses Southwood Road approximately 1,950 feet east of the PA border (or 1,135 east of Wyeth Lane) at a perpendicular angle with no apparent conflicts. There are both a casing vent and pipeline marker along the north side (west bound direction) of Southwood Road at the crossing. The Contractor must use care when working in this area. Any adjustments, including valve risers, to ESNG facilities shall be performed by the utility after a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar day notice from the contractor. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments will depend on the nature of the work.

**No working/existing ESNG facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

Requirements while near Eastern Shore's Pipeline

Note: These requirements are general in nature and not specific. These requirements are not intended to be all-inclusive. Actual field conditions may change the requirements. Contractor should consult with their engineer prior to initiating construction and abide by all Federal, State, and Local rules and regulations.

Please coordinate construction activity with your assigned line locator according to the general guidelines below. Your line locator can help determine if additional contacts are required with Eastern Shore Engineering Department before start of excavation activity.

1. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to use the Miss Utility One Call System.
2. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to contact and coordinate with Eastern Shore before starting any construction above or near the pipeline. Eastern Shore may elect to have standby personnel on the job site during construction activity.
3. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to contact and coordinate with Eastern Shore before moving heavy equipment above or near the pipeline. Eastern Shore may require extra cover, berm or ramp, timber mats, etc. These measures are to be determined by Eastern Shore depending on field conditions.
4. If the pipeline is exposed and suspended, it shall be the responsibility of the contractor to coordinate with Eastern Shore the appropriate supporting measures. These measures are to be determined by Eastern Shore depending on field conditions.
5. If the pipeline is exposed, it shall be the responsibility of the contractor to protect the pipeline from construction activity and the traveling public.
6. A minimum clearance of 12" shall be maintained between Eastern Shore's pipeline and other underground utilities and structures. If this cannot be maintained, Eastern Shore shall determine an appropriate means of protection to the pipeline.

IN EVENT OF PIPELINE EMERGENCY CALL ESNG 24 HOUR GAS CONTROL CENTER AT 302-734-6720 or TOLL FREE AT 1-877-650-1257

NEW CASTLE DEPT SPECIAL SERVICES:

New Castle County Special Services maintains underground sanity sewer at locations #2, 3 and 4, with no anticipated impacts except to manhole and clean out riser elevations.

Any adjustments and/or relocations of municipally owned sewer or water facilities shall be performed by the State's contractor in accordance with the respective agencies' standard specifications as directed by the District Engineer. The State contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts with facility owners and provide adequate notice prior to performing work.

**No working/existing New Castle County facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

VERIZON:

Verizon maintains overhead and underground facilities within all four locations. The contractor must use care when working in these underground areas as well as overhead cable crossings. Any adjustments to Verizon facilities shall be performed by the utility after twenty 28 (28) calendar notice from the contractor. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments will depend on the nature of the work.

**No working/existing Verizon facilities can be taken out of service.
These facilities will remain in place and active during the duration of this contract.**

General Utility Notes

Outside of the companies and facilities discussed above, no additional utility involvement is anticipated. Should any conflicts be encountered as a result of the contractor's means and methods during construction requiring adjustment and/or relocation, the necessary relocation work shall be accomplished by the respective utility company and funded by the State's Contractor as directed by the District Engineer. The State Contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts with utility companies and provide adequate notice prior to performing work.

Any utility conflicts that are not readily discernable shall be coordinated by the State Contractor once the conflict is recognized. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments found to be necessary during construction of the highway project will depend on the nature of the work.

Once the State's contractor has given the Utility the advance notice required above, it is the responsibility of the State's contractor to have the work area prepared and accessible for the Utility to perform the tasks listed above. If the site conditions are not ready and the state contractor has given notice to the utility on when the work is to be accomplished, the State's Contractor shall be responsible for any extra cost incurred by the utility company and the State Contractor shall also be responsible for any time delays. Between when the required notice is given to the Utility and when the work is performed and completed, the coordination and scheduling of the Utility is the sole responsibility of the State's Contractor. All costs related to the coordination and scheduling of the utilities is incidental to the contract.

Any adjustments and/or relocations of municipally or county owned sewer or water facilities shall be performed by the State's Contractor in accordance with the respective agency's standard specifications as directed by the District Engineer. The State contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts of municipally or county owned sewer or water facilities with facility owners and provide adequate notice to the municipally or county and to the District Engineer prior to performing work.

General Notes

1. The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 105.09 Utilities, Delaware Standard Specifications, August 2016. The Contractor shall contact Miss Utility (1-800-282-8555) two working days prior to any excavation. The Contractor is responsible for the support and protection of all utilities when excavating. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring proper clearances, including safety clearances, from overhead utilities for construction equipment. The Contractor is advised to check the site for access and operating purposes for his equipment and, if necessary, make arrangements directly with the utility companies for field adjustments for adequate clearances.
2. The information shown in the Contract Documents, including the Utility Statement and the Utility Schedule contained herein, concerning the location, type and size of existing and proposed utilities, their locations, and construction timing has been compiled by the preparer based on information furnished by each of the involved Utility Companies. It shall be the responsibility of the State's Contractor to verify all information and coordinate with the Utility Companies prior to and during construction, as specified in Section 105.09 of the Standard Specifications.

3. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in his bid all permanent and temporary utility appurtenances in their present and relocated positions as shown on the plans or described in the Utility Statement or are readily discernible and that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience, or damage due to any interference from the utility facilities and appurtenances or the operation of moving them, except that the Contractor may be granted an equitable extension of time unless the delay is caused by the Contractor's delay in having the site conditions ready for the utility relocation work after the Contractor has provided the advance notice that the site conditions would be ready for the utility relocation work. The contractor's means and method of construction are not taken into account when known utility conflicts are identified. If the Contractor's means and method of construction create a utility conflict the Utility Statement will prevail in discussions with the utility and the Contractor. The State's Contractor shall be responsible for any costs associated with any temporary outages; holding, bracing and shielding of utility facilities; temporary relocations; or permanent relocations that are not specifically identified in this utility statement or shown in the contract plan set.

4. Coordination and cooperation among the Utility Companies and the State's Contractor are of prime importance. Therefore, the Contractor is directed to contact the following Utility Company representatives with any questions regarding this work prior to submitting bids and work schedules. Proposed work schedules should reflect the Utility Companies' proposed relocations. The Utility Companies do not work on weekends, nights or legal holidays.

Wayne Tyler	Artesian Water Company	wtyler@artesianwater.com	302-453-6987
Keith Allridge	Comcast	keith@americomm-llc.com	717-776-1073
Knol McRae	Comcast	Knol_mcrac@cable.comcast.com	302-661-4462
Angel Collazo	Delmarva Power Electric	Angel.collazo@delmarva.com	302-454-4370
Kristin Stanfil	Delmarva Power Gas	Kristin.stanfil@delmarva.com	302-429-3706
James Bunting	DelDOT Traffic	Jim.Bunting@state.de.us	302-760-4814
Jason Scott	Eastern Shore Natural Gas	jscott@chpk.com	302-213-7273
Dave Clark	New Castle County Dept. of Spec. Services	dclark@nccde.org	302-395-5705
George Zang	Verizon Delaware Inc	George.w.zang@verizon.com	302- 422-1238

5. As outlined in Chapter 3 of the DelDOT Utilities Manual, individual utility companies are responsible for obtaining all required permits from municipal, State and federal government agencies and railroads. This includes but is not limited to water quality permits/DNREC Water Quality Certification, DNREC Subaqueous Lands/Wetlands permits, DNREC Coastal Zone Consistency Certification, County Floodplain permits (New Castle County only), U.S. Coast Guard permits, US Army Corps 404 permits, sediment and erosion permits, and railroad crossing permits.

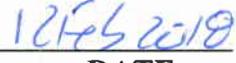
6. Individual utility companies are required to restore any areas disturbed in conjunction with their relocation work. If an area is disturbed by a utility company and is not properly restored, the Department may have the State's Contractor perform the necessary restoration. Any additional costs incurred as a result will be forwarded to the utility company.

7. 16 Del. C. § 7405B requires notification to and mutually agreeable measures from the public utility operating the electric line for any person intending to carry on any function, activity, work or operation within dangerous proximity of any high voltage overhead electric lines. All contractors/other utilities must also maintain a minimum distance of 10'- 0" from all overhead energized lines. Additional clearance may be required from high voltage transmission lines.
8. Any existing facilities that are comprised of hazardous materials will be removed by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above. Any existing facilities containing hazardous materials will be purged by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above.

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS



UTILITY COORDINATOR
Chuck.ferguson@state.de.us



DATE

STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
PO BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

CERTIFICATE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY STATUS

STATE PROJECT NO. T201806106

F.A.P. NO. N/A for R/W

PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, NORTH VI, 2018

NEW CASTLE COUNTY

Certificate of Right-of-Way Status – 100%

Status - LEVEL 1

As required by 23 CFR, Part 635, and other pertinent Federal and State regulations or laws, the following certifications are hereby made in reference to this highway project:

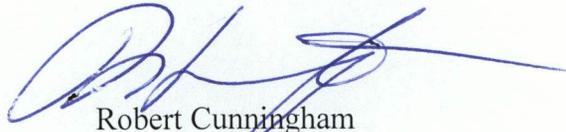
All project construction or work shall be performed within existing rights of way and permanent easements; and,

All necessary real property interests, including control of access rights when pertinent, were acquired as part of previous highway projects, and include legal and physical possession; and,

This project does not cause any persons to be displaced as defined in 49 CFR, Part 24; and,

The State has the right to remove, salvage, or demolish any improvements or personal property that may be located within project limits.

RIGHT OF WAY SECTION



Robert Cunningham
Chief of Right of Way

January 11, 2018



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

JENNIFER COHAN
SECRETARY

August 21, 2018

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

FOR
State Contract No. T201806106
Federal Aid No.: N/A

Contract Title: Pavement & Rehabilitation, North VI, 2018

Due to the nature of the proposed construction activities, permits are not required for this project. However, the following construction requirements and special provisions have been developed to minimize and mitigate impact to the surrounding environs. These requirements by DelDOT, not specified within the contract, are listed below. These requirements are the responsibility of the contractor and are subject to risk of shut down at the contractor's expense if not followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

1. All construction debris, excavated material, brush, rocks, and refuse incidental to such work shall be placed either on shore above the influence of flood waters or on some suitable dumping ground.
2. That effort shall be made to keep construction debris from entering adjacent waterways or wetlands. Any debris that enters those areas shall be removed immediately.
3. The disposal of trees, brush, and other debris in any stream corridor, wetland, surface water, or drainage area is prohibited.
4. DelDOT Environmental Studies Section must be notified ((302)760-2264) if there are any changes to the project methods, footprint, materials, or designs, to allow the Department to coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (COE, DNREC, and SHPO), for approval.



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 800 BAY ROAD
 P.O. BOX 778
 DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

JENNIFER COHAN
 SECRETARY

RAILROAD STATEMENT

For

State Contract No.: T201806106

Federal Aid No.:N/A

Project Title: Pavement and Rehabilitation, North VI, 2018

The following railroad companies maintain facilities within the contract limits:

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amtrak | <input type="checkbox"/> Maryland & Delaware |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CSX | <input type="checkbox"/> Norfolk Southern |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Delaware Coast Line | <input type="checkbox"/> Wilmington & Western |
| <input type="checkbox"/> East Penn | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Delmarva Central | |

DOT Inventory No.: _____ No. Trains/Day: _____ Passenger Trains (Y / N): _____

In accordance with 23 CFR 635, herein is the railroad statement of coordination (check one):

- No Railroad involvement.

- Railroad Agreement unnecessary but railroad flagging required. The contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DeIDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with DeIDOT's Railroad Program Manager at (302) 760-2183.

- Railroad Agreement required. The necessary Railroad Agreement is pending. The Contractor cannot begin work until the Agreement is complete and fully executed. Railroad related work to be undertaken and completed as required for proper coordination with physical construction schedules. The Contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DeIDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with DeIDOT's Railroad Program Manager at (302) 760-2183.

Approved As To Form:



 Robert A. Perrine
 DeIDOT Railroad Program Manager

7Nov17

 DATE

BID PROPOSAL FORMS

CONTRACT T201806106.01

UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, SUBMIT ALL FOLLOWING PAGES TO:

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BIDDERS ROOM (B1.11.01)
800 BAY ROAD
DOVER, DELAWARE 19901

Identify the following on the outside of the sealed envelope:

- Contract Number T201806106.01
- Name of Contractor

CONTRACT ID: T201806106.01 PROJECT(S): T201806106

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR :

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS

SECTION 0001 Category 0001

0010	202000 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT	65.000 CY				
0020	202004 UNDERCUT EXCAVATION, PATCHING	10.000 CY				
0030	211000 REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS	LUMP		LUMP		
0040	211001 REMOVAL OF PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, CURB AND SIDEWALK	65.000 SY				
0050	301002 GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B, PATCHING	62.000 CY				
0060	301003 GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B	120.000 TON				
0070	301008 RECYCLED ASPHALT PAVEMENT	1060.000 TON				
0080	401005 SUPERPAVE TYPE C, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)	3915.000 TON				
0090	401029 SUPERPAVE TYPE C, PG 64-22, PATCHING	3.000 TON				

CONTRACT ID: T201806106.01 PROJECT(S): T201806106

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR :

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0100	401030 SUPERPAVE TYPE B, PG 64-22, PATCHING	5.000 TON				
0110	401031 SUPERPAVE TYPE BCBC, PG 64-22, PATCHING	790.000 TON				
0120	401044 SUPERPAVE TYPE C, PG 64-22 (NON-CARBONATE STONE)	5662.000 TON				
0130	401696 ENTRANCE, DRIVEWAY, AND INTERSECTING STREET PAVING SURCHARGE	370.000 TON				
0140	402000 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PATCHING	12500.000 SYIN				
0150	403000 BITUMINOUS CONCRETE AND/OR COLD-LAID BITUMINOUS (TRM) CONCRETE	265.000 TON				
0160	602131 ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING DOUBLE DRAINAGE INLET	1.000 EACH				
0170	602132 ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING MANHOLE	1.000 EACH				
0180	701013 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB, TYPE 1-8	60.000 LF				
0190	701017 INTEGRAL PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER, TYPE 1-6	60.000 LF				

CONTRACT ID: T201806106.01 PROJECT(S): T201806106

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR :

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0200	701019 INTEGRAL PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER, TYPE 2	180.000 LF				
0210	702000 TRIANGULAR CHANNELIZING ISLANDS	485.000 SF				
0220	720021 GALVANIZED STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, TYPE 1-31	700.000 LF				
0230	720028 CURVED GUARDRAIL SECTION	25.000 LF				
0240	720500 GALVANIZED FUSION BONDED POLYESTER COATED GUARDRAIL	387.500 LF				
0250	721003 GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT, TYPE 2-31, TEST LEVEL 3	7.000 EACH				
0260	721007 ENTRANCE SPECIAL END ANCHORAGE	2.000 EACH				
0270	721008 BURIED END SECTION	1.000 EACH				
0280	760010 PAVEMENT MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT	161500.000 SYIN				
0290	762000 SAW CUTTING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE	3592.500 LF				

DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

PAGE: 4
DATE:

CONTRACT ID: T201806106.01 PROJECT(S): T201806106

All figures must be typewritten.

CONTRACTOR :

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0300	762001 SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, FULL DEPTH	50.000 LF				
0310	763000 INITIAL EXPENSE/DE-MOBILIZATION	LUMP	LUMP			
0320	763621 CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING, REHABILITATION	35.000 HOUR				
0330	801500 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, ALL INCLUSIVE	LUMP	LUMP			
0340	803001 FURNISH AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	225.000 EADY				
0350	806001 TRAFFIC OFFICERS	320.000 HOUR	75.00000		24000.00	
0360	808002 FURNISH AND MAINTAIN TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR, TYPE II	75.000 EADY				
0370	811001 FLAGGER, NEW CASTLE COUNTY STATE	2058.000 HOUR				
0380	811013 FLAGGER, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, STATE, OVERTIME	1012.000 HOUR				
0390	817002 PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, SYMBOL/LEGEND, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC	1707.000 SF				

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CONTRACTOR :

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0400	817003 TEMPORARY MARKINGS, PAINT, 4"	201986.000 LF				
0410	817004 TEMPORARY MARKINGS, PAINT, SYMBOL/LEGEND	3414.000 SF				
0420	817013 PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 5"	105813.000 LF				
0430	819016 INSTALLATION OF 4" DIAMETER HOLE, LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 6" DEPTH	1.000 EACH				
0440	819018 INSTALLATION OR REMOVAL OF TRAFFIC SIGN(S) ON SINGLE SIGN POST	238.000 EACH				
0450	905004 INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL, DRAINAGE INLET	20.000 EACH				
0460	908001 TOPSOIL	880.000 TON				
0470	908004 TOPSOIL, 6" DEPTH	556.000 SY				
0480	908014 PERMANENT GRASS SEEDING, DRY GROUND	6846.000 SY				
0490	908020 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MULCH	756.000 SY				
	SECTION 0001 TOTAL					
	TOTAL BID					

BREAKOUT SHEET INSTRUCTIONS

BREAKOUT SHEET(S) MUST BE SUBMITTED EITHER WITH YOUR BID DOCUMENTS; OR WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING THE BID DUE DATE BY THE LOWEST APPARENT BIDDER.

BREAKOUT SHEETS ARE TO BE SUBMITTED TO DELDOT'S CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION AS SHOWN BELOW. BREAKOUT SHEETS CANNOT BE CHANGED AFTER AWARD. THE DEPARTMENT WILL REVIEW THE FIGURES SUBMITTED ON THE BREAKOUT SHEET(S) TO ENSURE THEY MATCH THE RESPECTIVE LUMP SUM BID AMOUNT(S). MATHEMATICALLY INCORRECT BREAKOUT SHEETS WILL BE RETURNED FOR IMMEDIATE CORRECTION.

BREAKOUT SHEETS MAY BE SUBMITTED;

VIA E-MAIL TO: DOT-ASK@STATE.DE.US
SUBJECT: **T201806106.01** Breakout Sheet

OR MAILED TO: DELDOT
CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION
PO BOX 778, DOVER, DE 19903

'BREAKOUT SHEET' AND THE PROJECT NUMBER
MUST APPEAR ON THE ENVELOPE.

BREAKOUT SHEET - 1**CONTRACT NO. T201806106.01****Item 801500 - MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC - ALL INCLUSIVE**

LOCATION NO.	LOCATION - DESCRIPTION	WORKING HOURS	PRIMARY MOT CASE SET-UPS	UOM	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT	CALENDAR DAYS
1	Little Baltimore Road from Pennsylvania Line to Bituminous Joint 300' West of Heatherstone Way	7:00pm-7:00am	ROAD CLOSURE w/DETOUR	LS	\$	\$	
2	Doe Run Road from Corner Ketch Road to Little Baltimore Road	7:00am-7:00pm	TA3, TA10	LS	\$	\$	
3	Yeatman Mill Road from Pennsylvania Line to Doe Run Road	7:00am-7:00pm	TA10	LS	\$	\$	
4	Corner Ketch Road from Bituminous Concrete Joint 292' West of Route 72 - Paper Mill Road to Jobs Lane	8:00am-7:00pm	TA10	LS	\$	\$	

TOTAL ITEM 801500 - MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC - ALL INCLUSIVE \$ _____ TOTAL DAYS _____

(LUMP SUM BID PRICE FOR ITEM 801500 - MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC - ALL INCLUSIVE)

*TOTAL DAYS SHOULD EQUAL ORIGINAL CONTRACT DURATION

"ATTENTION"

TO BIDDERS

**BREAKOUT SHEET(S) MUST BE SUBMITTED EITHER WITH YOUR BID DOCUMENTS;
OR WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING THE BID DUE DATE BY THE
LOWEST APPARENT BIDDER.**

BREAKOUT SHEETS ARE TO BE SUBMITTED TO DELDOT'S CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION AS SHOWN BELOW. BREAKOUT SHEETS CANNOT BE CHANGED AFTER AWARD. THE DEPARTMENT WILL REVIEW THE FIGURES SUBMITTED ON THE BREAKOUT SHEET(S) TO ENSURE THEY MATCH THE RESPECTIVE LUMP SUM BID AMOUNT(S). MATHEMATICALLY INCORRECT BREAKOUT SHEETS WILL BE RETURNED FOR IMMEDIATE CORRECTION.

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**AFFIDAVIT
OF
EMPLOYEE DRUG TESTING PROGRAM**

4104 Regulations for the Drug Testing of Contractor and Subcontractor Employees Working on Large Public Works Projects requires that Contractors and Subcontractors implement a program of mandatory drug testing for Employees who work on Large Public Works Contracts funded all or in part with public funds.

We hereby certify that we have in place or will implement during the entire term of the contract a Mandatory Drug Testing Program for our employees on the jobsite, including subcontractors, that complies with this regulation:

Contractor Name: _____

Contractor Address: _____

Authorized Representative (typed or printed): _____

Authorized Representative (signature): _____

Title: _____

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this _____ day of _____ 20____.

My Commission expires _____. NOTARY PUBLIC _____.

THIS PAGE MUST BE SIGNED, NOTARIZED, AND RETURNED WITH YOUR BID.

(This form is required from the prime contractor only)

CERTIFICATION
Contract No. T201806106.01

The undersigned bidder, _____
whose address is _____
and telephone number is _____ hereby certifies the following:

I/We have carefully examined the location of the proposed work, the proposed plans and specifications, and will be bound, upon award of this contract by the Department of Transportation, to execute in accordance with such award, a contract with necessary surety bond, of which contract this proposal and said plans and specifications shall be a part, to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor and other means of construction, and to do all the work and to furnish all the materials necessary to perform and complete the said contract within the time and as required in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Transportation, and at the unit prices for the various items as listed on the preceding pages.

The foregoing quantities are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the amount of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient. Any such increase or decrease in the quantity for any item will not be regarded as a sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided in the contract.

Accompanying this proposal is a surety bond or a security of the bidder assigned to the Department of Transportation, for at least ten (10) percentum of total amount of the proposal, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this proposal is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to execute a contract with necessary bond, when required, for the performance of said contract with the Department of Transportation, under the conditions of this proposal, within twenty (20) days after date of official notice of the award of the contract as provided in the requirement and specifications hereto attached; otherwise said deposit is to be returned to the undersigned.

I/We are licensed, or have initiated the license application as required by Section 2502, Chapter 25, Title 30, of the Delaware Code.

By submission of this proposal, each bidder and each person signing on behalf of any bidder, certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of each signer's knowledge and belief:

1. The prices in this proposal have been arrived at independently without collusion, consultation, communication, or Agreement with any other bidder or with any competitor for the purpose of restricting competition.
2. Unless required by law, the prices which have been quoted in this proposal have not been knowingly disclosed and will not knowingly be disclosed by the bidder, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or competitor prior to the opening of proposals.
3. No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder to induce any other person, partnership, or corporation to submit or not to submit a proposal for the purpose of restricting competition.

I/We acknowledge receipt and incorporation of addenda to this proposal as follows:

No.	Date								
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

BIDDERS MUST ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF ALL ADDENDA

MUST INSERT DATE OF FINAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ON WEBSITE: _____

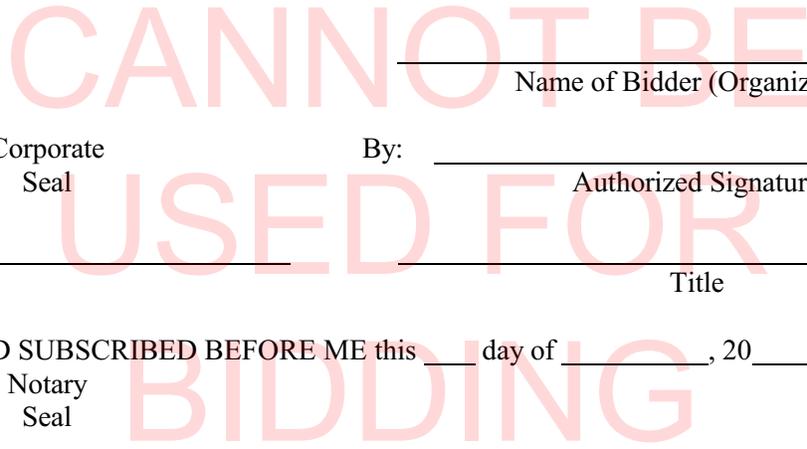


AFFIRMATION:

Within the past five (5) years, has your firm, any affiliate, any predecessor company or entity, owner, Director, officer, partner or proprietor been the subject of a Federal, State, Local government suspension or debarment?

YES _____ NO _____ if yes, please explain _____

Sealed and dated this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord two thousand _____ (20____).



Name of Bidder (Organization)

Corporate
Seal

By: _____
Authorized Signature

Attest _____
Title

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME this _____ day of _____, 20____.

Notary
Seal

Notary

BID BOND

TO ACCOMPANY PROPOSAL
(Not necessary if security is used)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS That: _____

of _____ in the County of _____ and State of _____
as **Principal**, and _____ of _____ in the County of _____
and State of _____ as **Surety**, legally authorized to do business in the
State of Delaware ("**State**"), are held and firmly bound unto the **State** in the sum of _____
Dollars (\$ _____), or _____ percent not to exceed _____

_____ Dollars (\$ _____) of amount of bid on
Contract No. T201806106.01, to be paid to the **State** for the use and benefit of its Department of
Transportation ("**DelDOT**") for which payment well and truly to be made, we do bind ourselves, our and
each of our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally for and in the whole
firmly by these presents.

NOW THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH That if the above bounden **Principal**
who has submitted to the **DelDOT** a certain proposal to enter into this contract for the furnishing of
certain materiel and/or services within the **State**, shall be awarded this Contract, and if said **Principal**
shall well and truly enter into and execute this Contract as may be required by the terms of this Contract
and approved by the **DelDOT**, this Contract to be entered into within twenty days after the date of official
notice of the award thereof in accordance with the terms of said proposal, then this obligation shall be
void or else to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed with _____ seal and dated this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord
two thousand and _____ (20__).

SEALED, AND DELIVERED IN THE
presence of

Name of Bidder (Organization)

Corporate
Seal

By: _____
Authorized Signature

Attest _____

Title

Name of Surety

Witness: _____

By: _____

Title