STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BID PROPOSAL

CONTRACT T202001101

PAVEMENT AND REHABILITATION, OLD BALTIMORE PIKE, 2020

Advertisement Date: April 15, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCLUDED IN THIS DOCUMENT:</th>
<th>ADDITIONAL BID PROPOSAL ITEMS:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BID PROPOSAL:</td>
<td>ATTACHED OR POSTED DOCUMENTS:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- GENERAL DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>- PROJECT PLANS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES</td>
<td>- QUESTIONS &amp; ANSWERS (if posted)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- GENERAL NOTICES</td>
<td>- GUARDRAIL END-TREATMENT INFO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- PREVAILING WAGES</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- SPECIAL PROVISIONS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- STATEMENTS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- QUANTITY SHEET SUMMARY</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This Bid Proposal and related documents can be viewed on bids.delaware.gov and, for subscribers bidx.com/de/.

Bids will be received at BIDX.com/de for subscribers of Bid Express; OR;

Paper Bids With CD will be received at the DelDOT Administration Building, Dover, DE;

ALL BIDS DUE PRIOR TO 2:00 P.M. Local Time, May 12, 2020
A. **BIDS DUE:** May 12, 2020 PRIOR TO 2:00 P.M. Local Time – unless changed via Addendum.  
**LOCATION:** DelDOT Administration Building, 800 South Bay Road, Dover, DE 19901.

B. **PRE-BID MEETING:** n/a

C. **DBE GOAL:** n/a

D. **OJT TRAINEES:** n/a

E. **LOCATION:** NEW CASTLE County  
These improvements are more specifically shown on the Location Map(s) of the attached Plans.

F. **DESCRIPTION:** This project includes the Pavement & Rehabilitation work needed along Old Baltimore Pike from SR 72 to Salem Church Road. In addition, the left turn lanes along Old Baltimore Pike between both legs of Salem Church Road are going to be lengthened to accommodate protected only left-turn signal phasing.

G. **COMPLETION TIME:** All work on this contract must be complete within 103 Calendar Days.  
The Contract Time includes an allowance for 11 Weather Days.  
The Department's intent is to issue a Notice to Proceed for work to start on or about July 27, 2020.

H. **SPECIFICATIONS** FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, AUGUST 2016 apply to this Bid Proposal and Project. The Contractor shall make himself aware of any revisions and corrections (Supplemental Specifications, if any) and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract. The Standard and Supplemental Specifications can be viewed at [http://www.deldot.gov/Publications/manuals/standard_specifications/index.shtml](http://www.deldot.gov/Publications/manuals/standard_specifications/index.shtml).

I. **ATTACHMENTS:** Included as part of this Bid Proposal are; Project Plans; Questions & Answers (if posted); Addenda, Referenced Documents, Documents Posted with this Bid Proposal; and Bid documents mailed to contractors.

J. **ADDENDA:** All Addenda are posted on the internet at [bids.delaware.gov](http://bids.delaware.gov) and [bidx.com/de](http://bidx.com/de/) and are included as part of the Bid Proposal. The Bidder is responsible to check the Website as needed to ensure that the Bidder is aware of Addenda that are included in the Bid Proposal. If Addenda are issued, the final Addendum will be posted no later than the end of the day two business days prior to the bid date. Each Addendum number and issue date must be entered on the submitted Certification Form.

K. **QUESTIONS:** E-MAIL TO: [dot-ask@delaware.gov](mailto:dot-ask@delaware.gov)  
Questions regarding this project are to be e-mailed to the above address no less than six business days prior to the bid opening date in order to receive a posted response. Please include the Contract number in the subject line. Questions and responses are posted at [bids.delaware.gov](http://bids.delaware.gov), and [bidx.com/de](http://bidx.com/de/). The date of the final posted Questions and Answers document must be entered on the submitted Certification Form.

L. **PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES:**  
Refer to following page…
PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES

1. **BIDDERS MUST BE REGISTERED** with DelDOT in order to submit a bid. Bids must be submitted via:
   
   (a) **BID EXPRESS**, by subscribers at [https://bidx.com/de/](https://bidx.com/de/);
   OR:
   
   (b) **Paper Bid** along with a CD or thumb drive containing the electronic bid file, paper bid form, and all required documents and forms.

   For paper bids, contact DelDOT at [dot-ask@delaware.gov](mailto:dot-ask@delaware.gov) or (302) 760-2031 to request a cd containing; the electronic bid file, required forms, and instructions. Bidders are to use the cd provided to enter their bid amounts into the electronic bid file. The electronic bid file must be saved to the disc, printed and submitted in paper form along with the electronic bid file on cd, and other required documents prior to the Bid due date and time.

   *Do not submit both BIDX.com and Paper Bids. If so, the BIDX.com bid and attached documents will be rejected.*

2. **SURETY BOND** - Each proposal must be accompanied by a deposit of either surety bond or security for a sum equal to at least 10% of the amount bid.

3. **DRUG TESTING** - Regulation 4104; The state Office of Management and Budget has developed regulations that require Contractors and Subcontractors to implement a program of mandatory drug testing for Employees who work on Large Public Works Contracts funded all or in part with public funds pursuant to 29 Del.C. §6908(a)(6). Refer to the full requirements at the following link:

   Note a few of the requirements;
   * At bid submission - Each bidder must submit with the bid a single signed affidavit certifying that the bidder and its subcontractors has in place or will implement during the entire term of the contract a Mandatory Drug Testing Program that complies with the regulation (*a blank affidavit form is attached*);
   * At least two business days prior to contract execution - The awarded Contractor shall provide to DelDOT copies of the Employee Drug Testing Program for the Contractor, each participating DBE firm, and all other listed Subcontractors;
   * Subcontractors - Contractors that employ Subcontractors on the job site may do so only after submitting a copy of the Subcontractor's Employee Drug Testing Program along with the standard required subcontractor information. A Subcontractor shall not commence work until DelDOT has approved the program in writing.

4. **PERFORMANCE-BASED RATING SYSTEM** - 29 Del.C. §6962 (c)(12)(a) requires DelDOT to include a performance-based rating system for contractors. The Performance Rating for each Contractor shall be used as a prequalification to bid at the time of bid. Refer to 'General Notices' for details.

5. **NO RETAINAGE** will be withheld on this contract unless through the Performance-Based Rating System.


7. **DELAWARE BUSINESS LICENSE**; a copy of your firm's License must be submitted with your bid.

8. **SECTION 106.06 BUY AMERICA** Contract Requirement in the Delaware Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, August, 2016 does not apply to this contract.

9. **FLATWORK CONCRETE** TECHNICIAN CERTIFICATION TRAINING:
   Section 501.03, 503.03, 505.03, 610.03, 701.03 and 702.03 of the 2016 Standard Specifications require contractors to provide an American Concrete Institute (ACI) or National Ready-Mix Concrete Association (NRMCA) certified concrete flatwork technician to supervise all finishing of flatwork concrete.

   - end -
GENERAL NOTICES

SPECIFICATIONS:

The Delaware specifications entitled "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction August, 2016", hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications; the Supplemental Specifications to the Standard Specifications effective as of the advertisement date of this Bid Proposal and hereby included by reference; the Special Provisions; Notes on the Plans; this Bid Proposal including referenced documents; any Addenda thereto; and any posted Questions and Answers; shall govern the work to be performed under this contract. The Contractor shall make itself aware of these specifications, revisions and corrections, and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract.

CLARIFICATIONS:

Under any Section or Item included in the Contract, the Contractor shall be aware that when requirements, responsibilities, and furnishing of materials are outlined in the details and notes on the Plans and in the paragraphs preceding the "Basis of Payment" paragraph in the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions, no interpretation shall be made that such stipulations are excluded because reiteration is not made in the "Basis of Payment" paragraph.

ATTESTING TO NON-COLLUSION:

The Department requires as a condition precedent to acceptance of bids a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with such contract. The form for this sworn statement is included in the proposal and must be properly executed in order to have the bid considered.

QUANTITIES:

The quantities shown are for comparison of bids only. The Department may increase or decrease any quantity or quantities without penalty or change in the bid price.

PERFORMANCE-BASED RATING SYSTEM

29 Del.C. §6962 (c)(12)(a) requires a Department of Transportation project, excluding a Community Transportation Fund or municipal street aid contract, to include a performance-based rating system. At the time of bid, the Performance Rating for each Contractor shall be used as a prequalification to bid.

Bidders with Performance Rating scores equal to or greater than 85% shall be permitted to bid. Bidders with scores of less than 85% who comply with the retainage requirements of 29 Del.C. §6962 shall be permitted to bid provided the Agreement to Accept Retainage (located on the Certification Page) is executed and submitted with the bid. Lack of an executed Agreement to Accept Retainage will result in the rejection of the bid by the Department. Successful bidders awarded Department contracts who have no performance history within the last five (5) years will be assigned a provisional Performance Rating of 85% at the date of advertisement.

Notification of Performance Rating. The Department shall post publicly the Performance Rating for all Contractors on the Department's website. DelDOT will complete performance-based evaluations on the construction company contracted by the Department to build the project (the "Contractor"). Provisions to appeal Performance Ratings are described in the regulations. The regulations are set forth in Section 2408 of Title 2, Delaware Administrative Code, found here.

PREFERENCE FOR DELAWARE LABOR:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (4)b: "In the construction of all public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof, or by firms contracting with the State or any political subdivision thereof, preference in employment of laborers, workmen or mechanics shall be given to bona fide legal citizens of the State who have established citizenship by residence of at least 90 days in the State. Each public works contract for the construction
of public works for the State or any political subdivision thereof shall contain a stipulation that any person, company or corporation who violates this section shall pay a penalty to the Secretary of Finance equal to the amount of compensation paid to any person in violation of this section."

**EQUALITY OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY ON PUBLIC WORKS:**

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (7) states;

a. As a condition of the awarding of any contract for public works financed in whole or in part by State appropriation, such contracts shall include the following provisions:

   During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

   1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin. The contractor will take positive steps to ensure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment notices to be provided by the contracting agency setting forth this nondiscrimination clause.

   2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin.

   3. The contractor will ensure employees receive equal pay for equal work, without regard to sex. Employee pay differential is acceptable if pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or if the differential is based on any other factor other than sex.

**TAX CLEARANCE:**

As payments to each vendor or contractor aggregate $2,000, the Division of Accounting will report such vendor or contractor to the Division of Revenue, who will then check the vendor or contractor's compliance with tax requirements and take such further action as may be necessary to ensure compliance.

**LICENSE:**

A person desiring to engage in business in this State as a contractor shall obtain a license upon making application to the Division of Revenue.

**CONTRACTOR / SUBCONTRACTOR LICENSE:** 29 DEL. C. §6967:

(b) No agency shall accept a proposal for a public works contract unless such contractor has provided a proper and current copy of its occupational and/or business license, as required by Title 30, to such agency.

(c) Any contractor that enters a public works contract must provide to the agency to which it is contracting, within 30 days of entering such public works contract, copies of all occupational and business licenses of subcontractors and/or independent contractors that will perform work for such public works contract. However, if a subcontractor or independent contractor is hired or contracted more than 20 days after the contractor entered the public works contract the occupational or business license of such subcontractor or independent contractor shall be provided to the agency within 10 days of being contracted or hired.
DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS:

SUSPENSIONS OF WORK and SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CHARACTER OF WORK:

Differing site conditions: During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract are encountered at the site, the party discovering such conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

Upon written notification, the engineer will investigate the conditions, and if he/she determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the contractor will be allowed unless the contractor has provided the required written notice. No contract adjustment will be allowed under their clause for any effects caused on unchanged work.

Suspensions of work ordered by the engineer: If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the engineer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional compensation and/or contract time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the contractor shall submit to the engineer in writing a request for adjustment within 7 calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set forth the reasons and support for such adjustment.

Upon receipt, the engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the engineer agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of such suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the engineer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed. No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

Significant changes in the character of work: The engineer reserves the right to make, in writing, at any time during the work, such changes in quantities and such alterations in the work as are necessary to satisfactorily complete the project. Such changes in quantities and alterations shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety, and the contractor agrees to perform the work as altered.

If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work under the contract, whether or not changed by any such different quantities or alterations, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made to the contract. The basis for the adjustment shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon, then an adjustment will be made either for or against the contractor in such amount as the engineer may determine to be fair and equitable.

The term "significant change" shall be construed to apply only to the following circumstances:

(A) When the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction, or
(B) When a major item of work, as defined elsewhere in the contract, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the actual amount of work performed.
RIGHT TO AUDIT

The Department shall have the right to audit the books and records of the contractor or any subcontractor under this contract or subcontract to the extent that the books and records relate to the performance of the contract or subcontract. The books and records shall be maintained by the contractor for a period of 3 years from the date of final payment under the prime contract and by the subcontractor for a period of 3 years from the date of final payment under the subcontract (29 Del.C. §6930)

PREVAILING WAGES

Included in this proposal are the minimum wages to be paid various classes of laborers and mechanics as determined by the Department of Labor of the State of Delaware in accordance with Title 29 Del.C. §6960, relating to wages and the regulations implementing that Section.

REQUIREMENT BY DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR SWORN PAYROLL INFORMATION

Title 29 Del.C. §6960 stipulates;

(b) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that the employer shall pay all mechanics and laborers employed directly upon the site of the work, unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, the full amounts accrued at time of payment, computed at wage rates not less than those stated in the specifications, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the employer and such laborers and mechanics. The specifications shall further stipulate that the scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the employer in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of the work, and that there may be withheld from the employer so much of accrued payments as may be considered necessary by the Department of Labor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the employer the difference between the rates of wages required by the contract to be paid laborers and mechanics on the work and rates of wages received by such laborers and mechanics to be remitted to the Department of Labor for distribution upon resolution of any claims.

(c) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that sworn payroll information, as required by the [Delaware] Department of Labor, be furnished weekly. The Department of Labor shall keep and maintain the sworn payroll information for a period of 6 months from the last day of the work week covered by the payroll.

Bidders are specifically directed to note the Department of Labor's prevailing wage regulations implementing §6960 relating to the effective date of the wage rates, at Part VI., Section C., which in relevant part states:

"Public agencies (covered by the provisions of 29 Del.C. §6960) are required to use the rates which are in effect on the date of the publication of specifications for a given project. In the event that a contract is not executed within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the specifications were published, the rates in effect at the time of the execution of the contract shall be the applicable rates for the project."

Contractors with questions may contact:

Department of Labor, Division of Industrial Affairs,
4425 N. Market Street, Wilmington, DE 19802
Telephone (302) 761-8200
https://dia.delawareworks.com/labor-law/
# Prevailing Wages for Highway Construction Effective March 13, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>New Castle</th>
<th>Kent</th>
<th>Sussex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bricklayers</td>
<td>57.94</td>
<td>57.94</td>
<td>57.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpenters</td>
<td>57.07</td>
<td>56.46</td>
<td>44.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cement Finishers</td>
<td>59.27</td>
<td>36.35</td>
<td>28.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical Line Workers</td>
<td>29.93</td>
<td>48.35</td>
<td>23.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricians</td>
<td>72.49</td>
<td>72.49</td>
<td>72.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron Workers</td>
<td>72.84</td>
<td>26.57</td>
<td>28.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborers</td>
<td>46.12</td>
<td>42.45</td>
<td>41.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millwrights</td>
<td>17.94</td>
<td>17.41</td>
<td>15.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Painters</td>
<td>73.29</td>
<td>73.29</td>
<td>73.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piledrivers</td>
<td>79.62</td>
<td>26.45</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Equipment Operators</td>
<td>69.07</td>
<td>44.10</td>
<td>40.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheet Metal Workers</td>
<td>25.34</td>
<td>22.61</td>
<td>20.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck Drivers</td>
<td>38.23</td>
<td>31.44</td>
<td>38.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Certified: 04/03/2020  
By: Administrator, Office of Labor Law Enforcement

**NOTE:** These rates are promulgated and enforced pursuant to the prevailing wage regulations adopted by the Department of Labor on April 3, 1992.

Classifications of workers are determined by the Department of Labor. For assistance in classifying workers, or for a copy of the regulations or classifications, phone (302) 451-3423.

Non-registered apprentices must be paid the mechanic's rate.

**Project:** T202001101.01 Pavement and Rehabilitation Old Baltimore Pike, New Castle County
Included on the following pages:

UTILITY STATEMENTS

RIGHT-OF-WAY STATEMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENTS

RAILROAD STATEMENTS
UTILITY STATEMENT
February 19, 2020
State Contract No. T202001101
Pavement and Rehabilitation, Old Baltimore Pike, 2020
F.A.P. No. N/A
Project I.D. No - 20-01101
New Castle County, Delaware

The following utility companies may own and/or maintain facilities within the project limits:

AT&T Corporation
City of Newark Electric
City of Newark Water
Comcast Cable Communications, Inc.
Delmarva Power, Electric Distribution
Delmarva Power, Gas
Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company
New Castle County Department of Special Services
Suez Water of Delaware
Verizon Delaware LLC

The following is a breakdown of the Utilities involved, adjustments and/or relocations as required:

AT&T Corporation:

The Company maintains aerial and underground communication facilities within the project limits with no apparent conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

City of Newark - Electric:

The City maintains electric facilities at the intersection of Old Baltimore Pike and Chapel Street. All facilities maintained by the City of Newark are beyond the western project limits and have no conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.
City of Newark - Water:

The City maintains water facilities at the intersection of Old Baltimore Pike and Chapel Street. All facilities maintained by the City of Newark are beyond the western project limits and have no conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

Comcast Cable Communications, Inc:

The Company maintains aerial communication facilities and services within the project limits with no apparent conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

Delmarva Power Electric Distribution:

The Company maintains aerial and underground electrical facilities and services within the project limits with no apparent conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

Delmarva Power Gas:

The Company maintains underground gas facilities within the project limits with no apparent conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company:

The Company maintains underground gas facilities along Old Baltimore Pike between Salem Church Roads (station 103+50 to station 118+00). Their main runs along both Salem Church Roads away from the project. There is no apparent conflict with their main. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

Should any conflicts be encountered during construction requiring adjustment and/or relocation to the aforementioned utilities existing facilities, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer and Eastern Shore Natural Gas (ESNG) for coordination. In event of pipeline emergency call ESNG 24 hour Gas Control Center at 302-734-6720 or toll free at 1-877-650-1257.

New Castle County Department of Special Services:

The County maintains underground sewer facilities within the project. The State’s Contractor shall vertically adjust one manhole within the project mill and overlay limits to match the proposed grades.
Suez Water of Delaware:
The Company maintains underground water facilities and services within the project limits with no apparent conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

Two water valves will need to be adjusted by the state’s contractor to match proposed grade at the following locations:

- Station 168+45, 40’ RT
- Station 117+65, 36’ RT

The state’s contractor shall also vertically adjust two valves within the project mill and overlay limits to match the proposed grades.

Verizon Delaware, LLC:
The Company maintains aerial and underground communications facilities within the project limits with no anticipated conflicts. These facilities will remain in place and active for the duration of this contract.

GENERAL UTILITY NOTES
Outside of the companies and facilities discussed above, no additional utility involvement is anticipated. Should any conflicts be encountered as a result of the contractor's means and methods during construction requiring adjustment and/or relocation, the necessary relocation work shall be accomplished by the respective utility company and funded by the State’s Contractor as directed by the District Engineer. The State Contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts with utility companies and provide adequate notice prior to performing work. Any utility conflicts that are not readily discernable shall be coordinated by the State Contractor once the conflict is recognized. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments found to be necessary during construction of the highway project will depend on the nature of the work.

Once the State’s contractor has given the Utility the advance notice required above, it is the responsibility of the State’s contractor to have the work area prepared and accessible for the Utility to perform the tasks listed above. If the site conditions are not ready and the state contractor has given notice to the utility on when the work is to be accomplished, the State’s Contractor shall be responsible for any extra cost incurred by the utility company and the State Contractor shall also be responsible for any time delays. Between when the required notice is given to the Utility and when the work is performed and completed, the coordination and scheduling of the Utility is the sole responsibility of the State’s Contractor. All costs related to the coordination and scheduling of the utilities is incidental to the contract.
Any adjustments and/or relocations of municipally owned sewer or water facilities shall be performed by the State’s Contractor in accordance with the respective agency’s standard specifications as directed by the District Engineer. The State contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts of municipally owned sewer or water facilities with facility owners and provide adequate notice to the municipally and to the District Engineer prior to performing work.

General Notes

1. The Contractor’s attention is directed to Section 105.09 Utilities, Delaware Standard Specifications, August 2016. The Contractor shall contact Miss Utility (1-800-282-8555) two working days prior to any excavation. The Contractor is responsible for the support and protection of all utilities when excavating. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring proper clearances, including safety clearances, from overhead utilities for construction equipment. The Contractor is advised to check the site for access purposes for his equipment and, if necessary, make arrangements directly with the utility companies for field adjustments for adequate clearances.

2. The information shown in the Contract Documents, including the Utility Statement and the Utility Schedule contained herein, concerning the location, type and size of existing and proposed utilities, their locations, and construction timing has been compiled by the preparer based on information furnished by each of the involved Utility Companies. It shall be the responsibility of the State’s Contractor to verify all information and coordinate with the Utility Companies prior to and during construction, as specified in Section 105.09 of the Standard Specifications.

3. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in his bid all permanent and temporary utility appurtenances in their present and relocated positions as shown on the plans or described in the Utility Statement or are readily discernible and that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience, or damage due to any interference from the utility facilities and appurtenances or the operation of moving them, except that the Contractor may be granted an equitable extension of time. The contractor's means and method of construction are not taken into account when known utility conflicts are identified. If the Contractor’s means and method of construction create a utility conflict the Utility Statement will prevail in discussions with the utility and the Contractor. The State's Contract shall be responsible for any costs associated with any temporary outages; holding, bracing and shielding of utility facilities; temporary relocations; or permanent relocations that are not specifically identified in this utility statement or shown in the contract plan set.

4. Coordination and cooperation among the Utility Companies and the State’s Contractor are of prime importance. Therefore, the Contractor is directed to contact the following Utility Company representatives with any questions regarding this work prior to submitting bids and work schedules. Proposed work schedules
should reflect the Utility Companies’ proposed relocations. The Utility Companies do not work on weekends or legal holidays.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>COMPANY</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
<th>EMAIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jay Everly</td>
<td>AT&amp;T (TREC Group)</td>
<td>(610) 238-6465</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jay@trecgroup.com">jay@trecgroup.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shawn Gealy</td>
<td>City of Newark Electric</td>
<td>302-366-7055</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sgealy@newark.de.us">sgealy@newark.de.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhadresh Patel</td>
<td>City of Newark Water</td>
<td>302-366-7000 X2081</td>
<td><a href="mailto:bpatel@newark.de.us">bpatel@newark.de.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matthew Murray</td>
<td>Comcast Cable (Americomm)</td>
<td>(717) 509-7873 x1002</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mattr@americomlcc.com">mattr@americomlcc.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tom Smith</td>
<td>Delmarva Power Electric</td>
<td>(302) 283-5757</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Thomas.Smith1@delmarva.com">Thomas.Smith1@delmarva.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laszlo A. Keszler</td>
<td>Delmarva Power Gas</td>
<td>302-429-3069</td>
<td><a href="mailto:laszlo.keszler@delmarva.com">laszlo.keszler@delmarva.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark Parker</td>
<td>Eastern Shore Natural Gas</td>
<td>(302)-213-7270</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Mcparker@chpk.com">Mcparker@chpk.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David Clark</td>
<td>New Castle County Sewer</td>
<td>(302)-395-5741</td>
<td><a href="mailto:DCClark@ncscde.org">DCClark@ncscde.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Licht</td>
<td>Suez Water of DE</td>
<td>(302) 633-5900 x3036</td>
<td><a href="mailto:john.licht@suez-na.com">john.licht@suez-na.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George Zang</td>
<td>Verizon Delaware, LLC</td>
<td>(302) 422-1238</td>
<td><a href="mailto:george.w.zang@verizon.com">george.w.zang@verizon.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. As outlined in Chapter 3 of the DelDOT Utilities Manual, individual utility companies are responsible for obtaining all required permits from municipal, State and federal government agencies and railroads. This includes but is not limited to water quality permits/DNREC Water Quality Certification, DNREC Subaqueous Lands/Wetlands permits, DNREC Coastal Zone Consistency Certification, County Floodplain permits (New Castle County only), U.S. Coast Guard permits, US Army Corps 404 permits, sediment and erosion permits, and railroad crossing permits.

6. Individual utility companies are required to restore any areas disturbed in conjunction with their relocation work. If an area is disturbed by a utility company and is not properly restored, the Department may have the highway contractor
perform the necessary restoration. Any additional costs incurred as a result will be forwarded to the utility company.

7. 16 Del. C. § 7405B requires notification to and mutually agreeable measures from the public utility operating the electric line for the any person intending to carry on any function, activity, work or operation within dangerous proximity of any high voltage overhead electric lines. All contractors/other utilities must also maintain a distance of 10'-0” from all energized lines.

8. Any existing facilities that are comprised of hazardous materials will be removed by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above. Any existing facilities containing hazardous materials will be purged by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above.

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

PREPARED AND RECOMMENDED BY:

[Signature]
Century Engineering, Inc.

[Signature]
Pennoni

2/27/2020
DATE

APPROVED AS TO FORM BY:

[Signature]
Utility Coordinator, DelDOT
Deborah Kukulich

3/2/2020
DATE
STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
PO BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

CERTIFICATE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY STATUS

STATE PROJECT NO. T202001101

F.A.P. NO. N/A for R/W

PAVEMENT AND REHABILITATION
OLD BALTIMORE PIKE 2020

NEW CASTLE COUNTY

Certificate of Right-of-Way Status – 100%

Status - LEVEL 1

As required by 23 CFR, Part 635, and other pertinent Federal and State regulations or laws, the following certifications are hereby made in reference to this highway project:

All necessary real property interests have been acquired in accordance with current FHWA/State directives covering the acquisition of real property; and,

All necessary rights-of-way, including control of access rights when pertinent, have been acquired including legal and physical possession; and,

All project rights of way are currently available in accordance with the project right-of-way plans; and,

Any residential displaced individuals or families have been relocated to decent, safe and sanitary housing, or adequate replacement housing has been made available in accordance with the provisions of the current Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) directive(s) covering the administration of the Highway Relocation Assistance Program; and,

All occupants have vacated the lands and improvements; and,

The State has physical possession and the right to remove, salvage, or demolish any improvements acquired as part of this project, and enter on all land.

RIGHT OF WAY SECTION

Monroe C. Hite, III
Chief of Right of Way

January 17, 2020
ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

FOR
State Contract No. T202001101
Federal Aid No.: N/A

Contract Title: Pavement and Rehabilitation, Old Baltimore Pike, 2020

Due to the nature of the proposed construction activities, permits are not required for this project. However, the following construction requirements and special provisions have been developed to minimize and mitigate impact to the surrounding environs. These requirements by DelDOT, not specified within the contract, are listed below. These requirements are the responsibility of the contractor and are subject to risk of shut down at the contractor’s expense if not followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

1. All construction debris, excavated material, brush, rocks, and refuse incidental to such work shall be placed either on shore above the influence of flood waters or on some suitable dumping ground.

2. That effort shall be made to keep construction debris from entering adjacent waterways or wetlands. Any debris that enters those areas shall be removed immediately.

3. The disposal of trees, brush, and other debris in any stream corridor, wetland, surface water, or drainage area is prohibited.

4. DelDOT Environmental Studies Section must be notified if there are any changes to the project methods, footprint, materials, or designs, to allow the Department to coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (COE, DNREC, and SHPO), for approval at DOT_EnvironmentalStudies@delaware.gov and/or 302-760-2259.
RAILROAD STATEMENT

For

State Contract No.: T202001101
Federal Aid No.: N/A

Project Title: Pavement and Rehabilitation Old Baltimore Pike 2020

The following railroad companies maintain facilities within the contract limits:

- Amtrak
- CSX
- State of Delaware Delmarva Central
- East Penn
- Maryland & Delaware
- Norfolk Southern
- Wilmington & Western
- Delmarva Central
- None

DOT Inventory No.: N/A No. Trains/Day: N/A Passenger Trains (Y / N): N/A

In accordance with 23 CFR 635, herein is the railroad statement of coordination (check one):

☐ No Railroad involvement.

☐ Railroad Agreement unnecessary but railroad flagging required. The contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DelDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with DelDOT's Railroad Program Manager at (302) 659-4060.

☐ Railroad Agreement required. The necessary Railroad Agreement is pending. The Contractor cannot begin work until the Agreement is complete and fully executed. Railroad related work to be undertaken and completed as required for proper coordination with physical construction schedules. The Contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DelDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with DelDOT's Railroad Program Manager at (302) 659-4060.

Approved As To Form:

DelDOT Railroad Program Manager

Page 18 of 85

1/24/20

DATE
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.P. Code</th>
<th>SPECIAL PROVISION DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>401502-15</td>
<td>ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401580-15</td>
<td>RIDE QUALITY OF HOT-MIX PAVEMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401699-15</td>
<td>QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>602502-15</td>
<td>CONVERTING EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO MANHOLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>615519-15</td>
<td>RELOCATING BUS STOP SHELTER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>711500-15</td>
<td>ADJUST AND REPAIR EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763501-15</td>
<td>CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763508-15</td>
<td>PROJECT CONTROL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT PLAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763509-15</td>
<td>CPM SCHEDULE UPDATES AND/OR REVISED UPDATES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831502-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 3&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831514-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831515-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 3&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831516-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 4&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831523-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 2&quot; GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831528-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 2&quot; GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831545-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 4&quot; HDPE SDR-13.5 CONDUIT (BORE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831564-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2&quot; GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831574-15</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 4&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>834501-15</td>
<td>PARTIAL REMOVAL OF CONCRETE POLE BASES AND CABINET FOUNDATIONS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For Sections 304, 401, 402, 403, 404, and 405, payments to the Contractor shall be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price when compared to the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price, as defined in these Special Provisions.

The Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price will be issued monthly by the Department and will be the industry posted price for Asphalt Cement, F.O.B. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price will be the anticipated Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price expected to be in effect at the time of receipt of bids.

All deviations of the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price from the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price are eligible for cost adjustment. No minimum increases or decreases or corresponding percentages are required to qualify for cost adjustment.

Actual quantity of asphalt cement qualifying for any Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment will be computed using the weight of eligible asphalt that is shown on the QA/QC pay sheets as a percentage for the delivered material.

If the mix was not inspected and no QA/QC pay sheet was generated, then the asphalt percentage will be obtained from the job mix formula for that mix ID.

The asphalt percentage eligible for cost adjustment shall only be the virgin asphalt cement added to the mix.

There shall be no separate payment per ton cost of asphalt cement. That cost shall be included in the various unit prices bid per ton for those bid items that contain asphalt cement (mentioned above).

The Asphalt cement cost adjustment will be calculated on grade PG 64-22 asphalt regardless of the actual grade of asphalt used. The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price for the project will be $_____ per ton ($_____ per metric ton).
Contract No. T202001101.01

If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the price of asphalt cement on the last authorized allotted work day, shall be the prices used for cost adjustment during the time liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the industry posted price for asphalt cement goes down, the asphalt-cement cost shall be adjusted downward accordingly.

NOTE

Application of Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment requirements as indicated above shall apply only to those contracts involving items related to bituminous base and pavements, and with bitumen, having a total of 1,000 tons or more of hot-mix bid quantity in case of Sections 401, 402 and 403; and 15,000 gallons or more in case of Sections 304, 404 and 405.

08/07/14
**Description:**

This specification outlines requirements for an acceptable ride surface in addition to requirements established in DelDOT Standard Specifications. The Contractor is responsible for providing smoothness characteristics that meet these requirements. The Contractor is responsible for providing equipment, maintenance of traffic (MOT) as required by the Delaware MUTCD, and performing testing in accordance to this specification. All costs for testing and MOT are incidental to this item. Both the International Roughness Index (IRI) and deviations located within a 10' straightedge are used to characterize smoothness in this Special Provision.

**Definitions:**

*Class 1 Project* - a project that consists of full depth construction. Full depth construction is considered to be when contract documents or modifications provide opportunity for preparation of the subgrade prior to paving.

*Class 2 Project* - a project that consists of a minimum of two smoothness opportunities.

*Class 3 Project* - a project that consists of one smoothness opportunity.

*Deviation* - a hump or depression that exceeds defined tolerances.

*Smoothness Opportunity* - a smoothness opportunity is considered to be any of the following; roadway milling, placement of a leveling course, in-place recycling, or placement of a lift of bituminous concrete. The final wearing surface is considered one smoothness opportunity.

**Equipment:**

The Contractor must have a 10' straightedge available during all paving operations.

The Contractor must also have a high speed or lightweight inertial profiling system that meets requirements of AASHTO M328 capable of collecting data in both wheelpaths simultaneously.
Prior to the start of corrective actions, the Contractor must provide to the Engineer:

1. Manufacturer, Make, and Model of the test system
2. Equipment Owner,
3. Relevant Certifications,
4. Manufacturer Calibration Procedures, and
5. Relevant Operator Training information.

Testing:

The Contractor is responsible for testing the pavement surface using an approved inertial profiler in accordance to manufacturer and AASHTO R57 from the start of paving limits to the end of pavement limits. Testing must be performed 3 times in each lane paved in the direction of traffic flow. Testing must be performed within seven (7) days of completion of project paving operations in each location.

The Contractor is responsible for providing information relative to locations that are to be excluded from calculation of the International Roughness Index. These areas must still meet 10' straightedge requirements.

Areas that are to be tested but will be removed prior to IRI analysis are:

1. 50 feet prior to the first bridge deck expansion joint and 50 feet after the last expansion joint if a bridge deck is excluded from smoothness operations.
2. 50' longitudinally from the center of an existing obstruction within the test area such as a manhole, water main, or catch basin that impedes paving operations.
3. 50' longitudinally from transverse joints that separate it from existing pavement not included on this contract.

Areas that are not to be profiled but are still subject to 10' straightedge requirements are:

1. Shoulder areas
2. Parking lots
3. Ramps, Streets, or Acceleration / Deceleration lanes less than 1000' in length.

**Submission Requirements:**

Test results must be submitted to the Engineer within five working days of completion of testing. Results not received within the allotted time frame will be assessed a charge of $1,000.00 per day at the discretion of the Engineer.

The Contractor is required to submit summary table IRI reports from their test equipment for 1 run for each lane and direction of paving. This report must also include:

1. Profiling Company Name
2. Date of Test
3. Contract Number
4. Location Description
5. Testing Personnel

The Contractor is required to submit ERD files for each of the 3 tests run in each lane and direction of paving to the Engineer for analysis.

The Contractor must provide to the Engineer written documentation indicating the start and end of bridges and the center of obstructions relative to the stationing used on the testing that are not subject to IRI analysis.

**Acceptance and Payment:**

Acceptance of the final pavement will be based on Engineer calculated IRI values using ProVAL software upon removal of allowable areas of exemption and the number of deviations found in the pavement surface.

The IRI measurements will be calculated in 0.1 mile (528 foot) sections for payment purposes. The average value of the three test runs will be used and the average value will be rounded to the nearest tenth.
Payments for each section will be based on estimated tonnage calculated from plan thickness and widths using the average maximum specific gravity ("Rice") for all surface mix used at that location.

Deviations equal to or in excess of 0.25" in 10' are to be corrected at the Contractor's expense or will have a discount charge of $200.00 per deviation.

\[
Estimated \, Tonnage = (L \times W \times T) \times Rice \times 62.4 \,(lb/ft^3) \times (0.0005 \, tons/12 \,in.)
\]

Where:  
L = Length Segment (ft.)
W = Lane Width (ft.)
T = Plan Thickness (in.)

\[
IRI \, Incentive/\, \, Disincentive = Estimated \, Tonnage \times UP \times (PA-100)/100
\]

Where:  
UP = Contract Unit Price (Dollars)
PA = Pay Adjustment (Table A)

The total pay adjustment for paving work performed on each location is:

\[
(\sum IRI \, adj \, for \, each \, section) - Total \, Deviations \times 200
\]

It is possible to receive incentive for IRI measurements and a discount charge for excessive deviations on the same project. If a 528' section has an IRI value resulting in a deduction of at least 84% of the section pay, the deviation discount charge for that section is disregarded and the IRI discount charge is the only action taken for that section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IRI per 0.1 mile Segment (in./mi.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Correction to the paving surface, such as diamond grinding with approved equipment, patching, or other measures may be taken at the Contractor's expense and at the Engineer's discretion to correct pavement surfaces assessed a discount charge. The Engineer may require corrective actions including remove & replace if the deviation discount charge exceeds 50% of the cost of materials or the IRI pay adjustment is 84%. Deviations must be corrected if it is determined that they are at a height or depth that may create a safety concern.

4/10/2019
.01 Description

This item shall govern the Quality Assurance Testing for supplying bituminous asphalt plant materials and constructing bituminous asphalt pavements and the calculation for incentives and disincentives for materials and construction. The Engineer will evaluate all materials and construction for acceptance. The procedures for acceptance are described in this Section. Include the costs for all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to meet the requirements of this specification in the bid price per ton for the bituminous asphalt. Payment to the Contractor for the bituminous asphalt item(s) will be based on the Contract price per ton and the pay adjustments described in this specification.

.02 Bituminous Concrete Production – Quality Acceptance

(a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations.

All acceptance tests shall be performed by qualified technicians at qualified laboratories following AASHTO or DelDOT procedures, and shall be evaluated using Quality Level Analysis. The Engineer will conduct acceptance tests. The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the acceptance test results, the asphalt cement quality, the Contractor’s QC Plan work, and the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the QC test results. The Engineer may elect to utilize test results of the Contractor in some situations toward judging acceptance.

Supply and capture samples, as directed by the Engineer under the purview of the Engineer from delivery trucks before the trucks leave the production plant. Hand samples to the Engineer to be marked accordingly. The sample shall represent the material produced by the Contractor, and shall be of sufficient size to allow the Engineer to complete all required acceptance tests. The Engineer will direct the Contractor when to capture these samples, on a statistically random, unbiased basis, established before production begins each day based upon the anticipated production tonnage. The captured sample shall be from the Engineer specified delivery truck. The Contractor may visually inspect the specified delivery load during sampling and elect to reject the load. If the contractor elects to reject the specified delivery truck, each subsequent load will be inspected until a visually acceptable load is produced for acceptance testing. All visually rejected loads shall not be sent to a Department project.

The first sample of the production day will be randomly generated by the Engineer between loads 0 and 12 (0-250 tons). Subsequent samples will be randomly generated by the Engineer on 500-ton sub-lots for the production day. Samples not retrieved in accordance with the Contractor’s QC plan will be deemed unacceptable and may be a basis for rejection of material produced. Parallel tests or dispute resolution tests will only be performed on material captured at the same time and location as the acceptance test sample. Parallel test samples
or Dispute Resolution samples will be created by splitting a large sample or obtaining multiple samples that equally represent the material. The Engineer will perform all splitting and handling of material after it is obtained by the Contractor.

The Contractor may retain dispute resolution samples or perform parallel tests with the Engineer on any acceptance sample.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the material on a lot basis. All the material within a lot shall have the same JMF (mixture ID). The lot size shall be targeted for 2000 tons or a maximum period of three days, whichever is reached first. If the 2000\textsuperscript{th} ton target lot size is achieved during a production day, the lot size shall extend to the end of that production day. The Contractor may interrupt the production of one JMF in order to produce different material; this type of interruption will not alter the determination of the size or limits of material represented by a lot. The Engineer will evaluate each lot on a sublot basis. The size for each sublot shall be 100 to 500 tons and testing for the sublots will be completed on a daily basis. For each sublot, the Engineer will evaluate one sample.

The target size of sub‐lots within each lot, except for the first sample of the production day, is equal-sized 500 ton sub lots and will be based upon anticipated production, however, more or fewer sublots, with differing sizes, may result due to the production schedule and conditions. If the actual production is less than anticipated, and it’s determined a sample will not be obtained (based upon the anticipated tonnage), a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. If the actual production is going to be 50 tons or greater over the anticipated sub lot production, a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. The Engineer will combine the evaluation and test results for all of the applicable sublots in order to evaluate each individual lot.

If the Engineer is present, and the quantity exceeds 25 tons, a statistically random sample will be used for analysis. When the anticipated production is less than 100 tons and greater than 25 tons, and the Engineer is not present, the contractor shall randomly select a sample using the Engineer’s random location program. The captured sample shall be placed in a suitable box, marked to the attention of the Engineer, and submitted to the Engineer for testing. A box sample shall also be obtained by the contractor at the same time and will be used as the Dispute Resolution sample if requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall also obtain one liquid asphalt sample (1 pint) per grade of asphalt used per day and properly label it with all pertinent information.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests in order to characterize the material for the pavement compaction quality and to judge acceptance and the pay adjustment for the material:

- AASHTO T312 - Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor
- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) - Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
(b) Pavement Construction - Tests and Evaluations.

The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the compaction acceptance test results, and on the inspection of the construction, the Contractor's QC Plan work, ride smoothness as referenced in the contract documents, lift thickness as referenced in the contract documents, joint quality as referenced in the contract documents, surface texture as referenced in the contract documents, and possibly the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the independent test results. For the compaction acceptance testing, the Engineer will sample the work on a statistically random basis, and will test and evaluate the work based on daily production.

Notify the Engineer of any locations within that road segment that may not be suitable to achieve minimum (93%) compaction due to existing conditions prior to paving the road segment. Schedule and hold a meeting in the field with the Engineer in order to discuss all areas that may potentially be applicable to Table 5a before paving starts. Areas that will be considered for Table 5a will be investigated in accordance to the method described in Appendix B. If this meeting is not held prior to paving, no areas will be considered for Table 5a. Areas of allowable exemptions that will not be cored include the following: partial-depth patch areas, driveway entrances, paving locations of less than 100 tons, areas around manholes and driveway entrances, and areas of paving that are under 400 feet in continuous total length and/or 5 feet in width.

The exempt areas around manholes will be a maximum of 4 feet transversely on either side from the center of the manhole, and 20 feet longitudinally on either side from the center of the manhole. The exempt areas around driveway entrances shall be the entire width of the driveway, and 3 feet from the edge of the longitudinal joint next to the driveway. Areas of exemption that will be cored for informational purposes only include: areas where the mat thickness is less than three times the nominal maximum aggregate size as directed by the Engineer, violations of Section 401.08 in the Standard Specifications as directed by the Engineer, and areas shown to contain questionable subgrade properties as proven by substantial yielding under a fully legally loaded truck. Failure to obtain core samples in these areas will result in zero payment for compaction regardless of the exempt status.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the compaction work on a daily basis. Payment for the compaction will be calculated by using the material production lots as referenced in .02 Acceptance Plan (a) Material Production - B Tests and Evaluation and analyzing the compaction results over the individual days covered in the material production lot. The compaction results will be combined with the material results to obtain a payment for this item.
The minimum size of a compaction lot shall be 100 tons. If the compaction lot is between 101 and 1000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine four compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1001 and 1500 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine six compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1501 and 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine eight compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is greater than 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine two compaction acceptance test locations per 500 tons.

If a randomly selected area falls within an Engineer approved exemption area, the Engineer will select one more randomly generated location to be tested per the requirements of this Specification. If that cannot be accomplished, or if an entire location has been declared exempt, the compaction testing shall be performed as per these Specifications but a note will be added to the results that the location was an Engineer approved exempt location.

Testing locations will be a minimum of 1.0 feet from the newly placed longitudinal joint and 50 feet from a new transverse joint.

Cut one six (6) inch diameter core through the full lift depth at the exact location marked by the Engineer. Cores submitted that are not from the location designated by the Engineer will not be tested and will be paid at zero pay.

Notify the Engineer prior to starting paving operations with approximate tonnage to be placed. The Contractor is then responsible for notifying the appropriate Engineer test personnel within 12 hours of material placement. The Engineer will mark core locations within 24 hours of notification. After determination of locations, the Contractor shall complete testing within two operational days of the locations being marked. If the cores are not cut within two operational days, the area in question will be paid at zero pay for compaction testing.

Provide any traffic control required for the structural number investigation, sampling, and testing work at no additional cost to the Department.

Commence coring of the pavement after the pavement has cooled to a temperature of 140°F or less. Cut each core with care in order to prevent damaging the core. Damaged cores will not be tested. Label each core with contract number, date of construction, and number XX of XX upon removal from the roadway. Place cores in a 6-inch diameter plastic concrete cylinder mold or approved substitute for protection. Separate cores in the same cylinder mold with paper. Attach a completed QC test record for the represented area with the corresponding cores. The Engineer will also complete a test record for areas tested for the QA report and provide to Materials & Research. Deliver the cores to the Engineer for testing, processing, and report distribution at the end of each production day.
Repair core holes per Appendix A, Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements. Core holes shall be filled immediately. Failure to repair core holes at the time of coring will result in zero pay for compaction testing for the area in question.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests on the applicable portion of the cores in order to evaluate their quality:

- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) B Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

The Engineer will use the average of the last five test values of the same JMF (mixture ID) material at the production plant in order to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity of the cores. The average will be based on the production days test results and as many test results needed from previous days production to have an average of five samples. If there are less than five values available, the Engineer will use the JMF design value in addition to the available values to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity.

.03 Payment and Pay Adjustment Factors.

The Engineer will determine pay adjustments for the bituminous asphalt item(s) in accordance with this specification. The Engineer will determine a pay adjustment factor for the material produced and a pay adjustment factor for the pavement construction. Pay adjustments for material and construction will be calculated independently. When the pay adjustment calculation for either material or construction falls to zero payment per tables 4, 5, or 5a, the maximum pay adjustment for the other factor will not exceed 100.

Pay Adjustment factors will only be calculated on in place material. Removed material will not be used in payment adjustment calculations.

Material Production Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 70% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(a) of this specification. Pavement construction Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 30% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(b) of this specification.

(a) Material Production - Pay Adjustment.
Calculate the material pay adjustment by evaluating the production material based on the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material Parameter</th>
<th>Single Test Tolerance (+/-)</th>
<th>Weight Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Content</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#8 Sieve (&gt;=19.0 mm)</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#8 Sieve (&lt;=12.5 mm)</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#200 Sieve (0.075mm Sieve)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Voids (4.0% Target)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Using the JMF target value, the single test tolerance (from Table 2), and the test values, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the material pay adjustment factor for each lot of material:

1. For each parameter, calculate the mean value and the standard deviation of the test values for the lot to the nearest 0.1 unit.
2. For each parameter, calculate the Upper Quality Index (QU):
   \[
   QU = \frac{(JMF \text{ target}) + (\text{single test tolerance}) - (\text{mean value})}{(\text{standard deviation})}
   \]
3. For each parameter, calculate the Lower Quality Index (QL):
   \[
   QL = \frac{(\text{mean value}) - (JMF \text{ target}) + (\text{single test tolerance})}{(\text{standard deviation})}
   \]
4. For each parameter, locate the values for the Upper Payment Limit (PU) and the Lower Payment Limit (PL) from Table 3 - Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method. (Use the column for "n" representing the number of sublots in the lot. Use the closest value on the table when the exact value is not listed).
5. Calculate the PWL for each parameter from the values located in the previous step:
   \[
   PWL = PU + PL - 100.
   \]
6. Calculate each parameter’s contribution to the payment adjustment by multiplying its PWL by the weight factor shown in Table 2 for that parameter.

7. Add the calculated adjustments of all the parameters together to determine the Composite PWL for the lot.

8. From Table 4, locate the value of the Pay Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated PWL. When all properties of a single test are within the single test tolerance of Table 2, Pay Adjustment factors shall be determined by Column B. When any property of a single test is outside of the Single Test Tolerance parameters defined in Table 2, the Material Pay Adjustment factor shall be determined by Column C.

9. For each lot, determine the final material price adjustment:

\[
\text{Final Material Pay Adjustment} = (\text{Lot Quantity}) \times (\text{Item Bid Price}) \times (\text{Pay Adjustment Factor}) \times 70%. \quad \text{This final pay calculation will be paid to the cent.}
\]

In lieu of being assessed a pay adjustment penalty, the Contractor may choose to remove and replace the material at no additional cost to the Department. When the PWL of any material parameter in Table 2 is below 60, the Engineer may require the removal and replacement of the material at no additional cost to the Department. Test results on removed material shall not be used in calculation of future PWL calculations for Mixture ID.

The test results from the Engineer on production that is less than 100 tons will be combined with the two most recently completed Engineer tests with the same Mixture ID to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. If that cannot be accomplished, the approved JMF will be used to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. Payment for previously closed lots will not be affected by the analysis.

When a sample is outside of the allowable single test tolerance for any Materials criteria in Table 2, that sample will be isolated. For payment purposes, the test result of the out of acceptable tolerance sample will be combined with the two previous acceptable samples of the same JMF and analyzed per this specification. The material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will only include the material within the represented sub-lot (i.e., a maximum of 500 tons). If the previous acceptable test result is from the previous production day, only the material produced on the second production day will be considered out of tolerance. All future sub lots will not include the isolated test. The pay factors for the out of tolerance sample lot will be calculated using column C of table 4.

If, during production, a QA sample test result does not meet the acceptable tolerances and the Contractors QC sample duplicates the QA sample test result, the Contractor can make an appropriate change to the mixture (within the JMF boundaries), and request to have that sample further isolated. After the Contractor has made appropriate changes, the Contractor will visually inspect each produced load. The first visually acceptable load will
be sampled and tested. If that sample test result shows compliance with the specifications, the material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will include the material from the previous acceptable test result to the third load after the initially sampled and tested sample. If the sample does not meet the specification requirements, the Engineer will no longer accept material. Production may resume when changes have been made and an acceptable sample and test result is obtained.

### Table 3 B Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PU or PL</th>
<th>QU and QL for An@ Samples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>n = 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>1.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>1.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>1.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>1.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>1.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>1.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>1.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86</td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>1.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>1.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>0.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>0.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>0.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>0.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>0.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>0.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>0.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>0.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>0.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>0.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>0.68</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3: Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method

#### QU and QL for An@ Samples

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PU or PL</th>
<th>n = 3</th>
<th>n = 4</th>
<th>n = 5</th>
<th>n = 6</th>
<th>n = 7</th>
<th>n = 8</th>
<th>n = 9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>0.31</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.29</td>
<td>0.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.28</td>
<td>0.27</td>
<td>0.27</td>
<td>0.27</td>
<td>0.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>0.32</td>
<td>0.27</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.24</td>
<td>0.24</td>
<td>0.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 4: PWL Pay Adjustment Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PWL</th>
<th>Pay Adjustment Factor (%)</th>
<th>Pay Adjustment Factor (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Column B</td>
<td>Column C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>+5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) Pavement Construction - Pay Adjustments.

The Engineer will determine the pavement construction pay adjustment by evaluating the construction of the pavement, based on the following parameter:

- Degree of compaction of the in-place material

Using the test values for the cores, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the pavement construction pay adjustment for each lot of work:

1. Calculate the core bulk specific gravity values from the subplot tests values, to the nearest 0.001 unit. Obtain the Theoretical maximum Specific Gravity values from the corresponding laboratory subplot tests.

2. Calculate the Degree of Compaction:

   Degree of Compaction =

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>PWL&lt;91</th>
<th>PWL - 100</th>
<th>PWL - 100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>+4</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98</td>
<td>+3</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>+2</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>+1</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>-6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>-7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>-8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td>-9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. The average compaction for the sublots shall be averaged together for the compaction level of the lot. The lots compaction test level shall be averaged and recorded to the nearest whole percent.

4. Locate the value of the Payment Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated degree of compaction from Table 5 or Table 5a.

5. Determine the pavement construction price adjustment by using the following formula:

   Construction Pay adjustment = (Lot Quantity) x (Bid Price) x (Pay Adjustment Factor) x 30%.

Table 5: Compaction Price Adjustment Highway Locations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Degree of Compaction (%)</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Pay Adjustment Factor (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 97.0</td>
<td>&gt;= 96.75</td>
<td>-100*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96.5</td>
<td>96.26 – 96.74</td>
<td>-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96.0</td>
<td>95.75 – 96.25</td>
<td>-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95.5</td>
<td>95.26 – 95.74</td>
<td>-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95.0</td>
<td>94.75 – 95.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94.5</td>
<td>94.26 – 94.74</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94.0</td>
<td>93.75 – 94.25</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93.5</td>
<td>93.26 – 93.74</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93.0</td>
<td>92.75 – 93.25</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92.5</td>
<td>92.26 – 92.74</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92.0</td>
<td>91.75 – 92.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91.5</td>
<td>91.26 – 91.74</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91.0</td>
<td>90.75 – 91.25</td>
<td>-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90.5</td>
<td>90.26 – 90.74</td>
<td>-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90.0</td>
<td>89.75 – 90.25</td>
<td>-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89.5</td>
<td>89.26 – 89.74</td>
<td>-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89.0</td>
<td>88.75 – 89.25</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88.5</td>
<td>88.26 – 88.74</td>
<td>-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>=&lt;88.0</td>
<td>=&lt;88.25</td>
<td>-100*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* or remove and replace it at Engineer’s discretion
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Degree of Compaction</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Pay Adjustment Factor (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 97.0</td>
<td>&gt;= 96.75</td>
<td>-100*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96.5</td>
<td>96.26 – 96.74</td>
<td>-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96.0</td>
<td>95.75 – 96.25</td>
<td>-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95.5</td>
<td>95.26 – 95.74</td>
<td>-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95.0</td>
<td>94.75 – 95.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94.5</td>
<td>94.26 – 94.74</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94.0</td>
<td>93.75 – 94.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93.5</td>
<td>93.26 – 93.74</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93.0</td>
<td>92.75 – 93.25</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92.5</td>
<td>92.26 – 92.74</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92.0</td>
<td>91.75 – 92.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91.5</td>
<td>91.26 – 91.74</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91.0</td>
<td>90.75 – 91.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90.5</td>
<td>90.26 – 90.74</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90.0</td>
<td>89.75 – 90.25</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89.5</td>
<td>89.26 – 89.74</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89.0</td>
<td>88.75 – 89.25</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88.5</td>
<td>88.26 – 88.74</td>
<td>-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88.0</td>
<td>87.75 – 88.25</td>
<td>-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87.5</td>
<td>87.26 – 87.74</td>
<td>-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87.0</td>
<td>86.75 – 87.25</td>
<td>-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86.5</td>
<td>86.26 – 86.74</td>
<td>-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86.0</td>
<td>85.75 – 86.25</td>
<td>-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85.5</td>
<td>85.26 – 85.74</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85.0</td>
<td>84.75 – 85.25</td>
<td>-40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84.5</td>
<td>84.26 – 84.74</td>
<td>-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;= 84.0</td>
<td>&lt;= 84.25</td>
<td>-100*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* or remove and replace at Engineer's discretion

1 This chart is to be used for areas where the structural value of the area to be paved is less than 1.75 as determined by the Engineer. See Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure. This chart is applicable to rehabilitation work only; full depth construction will not be considered for Table 5a.
.04 Dispute Resolution.

Disputes or questions about any test result shall be brought to the attention of the Contractor and the Engineer within two operational days of reported test results. The following dispute resolution procedures will be used.

The Engineer and the Contractor will review the sample quality, the test method, the laboratory equipment, and the laboratory technician. If these factors are not the cause of the dispute, a third party dispute resolution will be used.

Third party resolution testing can be performed at either another Contractor's laboratory, the Engineer's laboratory, or an independent accredited laboratory. Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon by DAPA and the Engineer, the Engineer's qualified laboratory in Dover and qualified personnel shall conduct the necessary testing for third party Dispute Resolution after the Engineer has provided reasonable notice to allow the Contractor to witness this testing.

When disputes over production testing occur, the samples used for Dispute Resolution testing will be those samples the properly captured, labeled, and stored, as described in the second paragraph of the section of these specifications titled .02 Acceptance Plan, (a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations. If no samples are available, the original testing results will be used for payment calculations.

Dispute Resolution samples for air void content will be heated by a microwave oven.

If there is a discrepancy between the Engineer's acceptance test result and the Contractor's test result, the Contractor may ask for the Dispute Resolution sample to be tested. The Contractor may request up to two dispute resolution samples be tested per calendar year without charge. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples run at the Contractors request where the results substantiate the acceptance test result will be assessed a fee of $125. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples that substantiate the Contractors test result will not be assessed the fee.

When disputes over compaction core test results occur, the Engineer's acceptance core will be used for the dispute resolution sample. The Contractor will be advised on when the testing will occur as referenced above to witness the testing.

The results of the dispute resolution testing shall replace all of the applicable disputed test results for payment purposes.

Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavement
Description.

This appendix describes the procedure required to repair core holes in a bituminous concrete pavement.

Materials and Equipment.

The following material shall be available to complete this work:

- Patch Material - DelDOT approved High Performance Cold Patch material shall be used.

The following equipment shall be available to complete this work:

- Sponge or other absorbent material - Used to extract water from the hole.
- Compaction Hammer - mechanical (electrical, pneumatic, or gasoline driven) tamping device with a flat, circular tamping face smaller than 6 inches in diameter.

Construction Method.

After core removal from the hole, remove all excess water from within the hole, and prevent water from re-entering the hole.

Place the patch material in lifts no greater than 3 inches and compact with mechanical tamping device. If the hole is deeper than 3 inches, use two lifts of approximately equal depths so that optimum compaction is achieved. Make sure that the patch surface matches the grade of the existing roadway. Make every effort to achieve the greatest possible compaction.

Performance Requirements.

The Engineer will judge the patch on the following basis:

- The patch shall be well compacted
The patch surface shall match the grade of the surrounding roadway surface.

Basis of Payment.

No measurement or payment will be made for the patching work. The Contractor must gain the Engineer’s acceptance of the patching work before the Engineer will accept the material represented by the core.

Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure

The Contractor is responsible for obtaining cores in areas that they propose are eligible for compaction price adjustments according to Table 5a in this specification. Table 5a is not applicable for new full-depth pavement box construction. Cores submitted for this process shall be obtained according to the following process.

1. Contact Materials & Research (M&R) personnel to determine if information about the area is already available. If M&R has already obtained cores in the location that is being investigated, the contractor may opt to use the laboratory information for the investigation and not core the area on their own.

2. If M&R does not have information concerning the section of the roadway, the contractor needs to contact M&R to arrange for verification of coring operations. Arrangements shall be made to allow for an individual from M&R to be on the site when the cores are obtained. Cores will be turned over to M&R for evaluation.

3. The Contractor is responsible for providing all traffic control and repairing core holes in accordance to 401699 Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements.

4. Cores are to be taken throughout the entire project for the area in question. Cores will be spaced, from the start of the project in increments determined based on field and project specifics. Cores will be evenly distributed throughout the project location. The cores will be taken in the center of the lane in question.

5. Additional cores may be taken at other locations, if surface conditions indicate that there may be a substantial difference in the underlying section. The location of these cores should be documented and submitted to M&R.
6. Cores shall be full depth and include underlying materials. If there is a stone base included in the pavement section, at a minimum 1 core must have information concerning the thickness of the base. This is determined by augering to the subgrade surface.

7. The calculations used to determine the structural capacity of the roadway is as follows. If the contractor finds, upon starting the coring process, that the areas are of greater thickness than applicable to Table 5a, they may terminate the coring process on their own and retract the request.

**Structural Number Calculations**

Each pavement box material is assigned a structural coefficient based upon AASHTO design guides. The structural coefficient is used to determine the total strength of the pavement section.

Materials used in older pavement sections are assigned lower structural coefficients to compensate for aging of the materials. The coefficients used to determine the structural number of an existing pavement are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Existing Material</th>
<th>Structural Coefficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HMA</td>
<td>0.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Treated Base</td>
<td>0.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil Cement</td>
<td>0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface Treatment (Tar &amp; Chip)</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GABC</td>
<td>0.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete</td>
<td>0 - 0.7*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The Structural Coefficient of Concrete is dependent upon the condition of the concrete. Compressive strengths & ASR analysis are used to determine condition - contact the Engineer if this situation arises.
Contract No. T202001101.01

Newly placed materials use a different set of structural coefficients. They are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>New Material</th>
<th>Structural Coefficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HMA</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Treated Base (BCBC)</td>
<td>0.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil Cement</td>
<td>0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GABC</td>
<td>0.14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

Location includes placement of a 1.25" Type C overlay on 2.25" Type B. Existing roadway is cored and is shown to consist of 2" HMA on 7" GABC.

Calculation:

For the Type B lift the calculation would be:

\[
\text{Existing HMA} \quad 2 \times 0.32 \quad = \quad 0.64 \\
\text{GABC} \quad 7 \times 0.14 \quad = \quad 0.98 \\
\text{Total} \quad 1.62
\]

For the Type C lift the calculation would be:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Calculation</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Newly Placed B</td>
<td>$2.25 \times 0.4$</td>
<td>$0.90$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Existing HMA</td>
<td>$2 \times 0.32$</td>
<td>$0.64$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GABC</td>
<td>$7 \times 0.14$</td>
<td>$0.98$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: $2.52$

11/3/14
Description:

This work consists of furnishing all materials and constructing a manhole from an existing catch basin in accordance with the locations, notes and details shown on the Plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials and Construction Methods:

Materials and construction methods shall conform to the applicable requirements of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications, and as specified on the Plans.

Portland Cement Concrete shall meet the requirements of Class B, Section 1022 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of catch basins converted to manholes will be measured as the number of catch basins converted to manholes and accepted.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of catch basins converted to manholes will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for constructing the manhole from the existing catch basin, for all materials including reinforcing steel, cover & frames and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidental necessary to complete the item. The cost for salvaging and delivering gratings to the location as specified on the Plans shall be included in the unit price bid for the item.

4/9/2018
Description:

The item shall consist of relocation of the existing bus shelter and the construction of a 8" depth P.C.C. sidewalk pad for the relocated bus shelter in accordance with notes on Plans and as directed by the Engineer. The bus stop shall be kept in service at all times unless approval otherwise is obtained from the Engineer.

Material:

Materials required for the construction of the concrete pad shall conform to the requirements of Section 705. The anchor bolts shall be fabricated in accordance with ASTM A36 and galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. The nuts and washers shall be grade 18-8 stainless steel.

Construction Methods:

The existing bus shelter shall be removed as one unit as carefully as possible to avoid damaging any components. The trash can shall also be carefully removed. The Contractor shall store the bus shelter and trash can until the concrete pad is completed.

The new bus shelter pad shall be constructed with a bolt pattern that matches the locations on the existing pad.

The salvaged shelter shall be installed on the new pad. Any component that is damaged by the Contractor shall be replaced by the Contractor.

The trash can shall be installed as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement & Basis of Payment:

Removing, storing and relocating bus shelter and trash can, furnishing and installing the anchor bolts, construction of the P.C.C. pad and furnishing and placing the welded wire fabric shall be paid for at the contract unit price bid per Each for "Relocating Bus Shelter", which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for
Contract No. T202001101.01

removing, storing, relocating and anchoring the bus shelter and trash can, and for all labor, tools and equipment necessary to complete this item of work. Any component of the bus shelter that is damaged by the Contractor shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense. Excavation shall be paid for under Section 207, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures".

1/30/2020
Description:

This work consists of adjusting and repairing existing sanitary manholes in accordance with notes and details on the Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials and Construction Methods:

Materials and construction methods shall conform to the applicable requirements of Section 711 of the Standard Specifications, and the Standard Specifications of the owner of the sewer system. If there is a conflict between the Department's Specifications and the Specifications of the owner, the latter will prevail.

Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment:

The method of measurement and basis of payment for the item shall be made in accordance with Subsections 711.04 and 711.05 of the Standard Specifications.

1/4/17
Description:

This work consists of construction lay out including; stakes, lines and grades as specified below. Subsection 105.10 Construction Stakes, Lines and Grades of the Standard Specifications is voided.

Based on contract plans and information provided by the Engineer, the Contractor shall stake out right-of-way and easements lines, limits of construction and wetlands, slopes, profile grades, drainage system, centerline or offset lines, benchmarks, structure working points and any additional points to complete the project.

The Engineer will only establish the following:

(a) Original and final cross-sections for borrow pits.
(b) Final cross-sections: Top and bottom pay limit elevations for all excavation bid items that are not field measured by Construction inspection personnel. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer when these pay limit elevations are ready and allow for a minimum of two calendar days for the Engineer to obtain the information.
(c) Line and grade for extra work added on to the project plans.

Equipment. The Contractor shall use adequate equipment/instruments in a good working order.

He/she shall provide written certification that the equipment/instrument has been calibrated and is within manufacturer's tolerance. The certification shall be dated a maximum of 9 months before the start of construction. The Contractor shall renew the certification a minimum of every 9 months. The equipment/instrument shall have a minimum measuring accuracy of \([3\text{mm}+2\text{ppm}\times D]\) and an angle accuracy of up to 2.0 arc seconds or 0.6 milligons. If the Contractor chooses to use GPS technology in construction stakeout, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a GPS rover and Automatic Level for the duration of the contract. The GPS rover shall be in good working condition and of similar make and model used by the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide up to 8 hours of formal training on the Contractor's GPS system to a maximum of four Engineer's appointees (DELDOT Construction Inspectors). At the end of the contract, the Engineer will return the GPS rover to the Contractor. If any of the equipment/instruments are found to be out of adjustment or inadequate to perform its function, such instrument or equipment shall be immediately replaced by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Choosing to use GPS technology does not give the contractor authority to use machine control.--Construction Engineering (GPS) Machine Control Grading shall only be used if noted in the General Notes in the plan set outlining the available files that will be provided to the Contractor and "the Release for delivery of documents in electronic form to a contractor" are signed by all parties prior to
Contract No. T202001101.01

delivery of any electronic files. Only files designated in the General Notes shall be provided to the contractor. If machine control grading is allowed on the project see the "machine control" section of this specification. GPS technology and machine control technology shall not be used in the construction of bridges.

**Engineering/Survey Staff.** The Contractor shall provide and have available for the project an adequate engineering staff that is competent and experienced to set lines and grades needed to construct the project. The engineering personnel required to perform the work outlined herein shall have experience and ability compatible with the magnitude and scope of the project. Additionally, the Contractor shall employ an engineer or surveyor licensed in the State of Delaware to be responsible for the quality and accuracy of the work done by the engineering staff. When individuals or firms other than the Contractor perform any professional services under this item, that work shall not be subject to the sub contracting requirements of Subsection 108.01 of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall assume full responsibility for any errors and/or omissions in the work of the engineering staff described herein. If construction errors are caused due to erroneous work done under Construction Engineering the Contractor accepts full responsibility, no matter when the error is discovered. Consideration will not be given for any extension of contract time or additional compensation due to delays, corrective work, or additional work that may result from faulty and erroneous construction stakeout, surveying, and engineering required by this specification.

**Construction Methods:**

**Performance Requirements:**

(a) Construction Engineering shall include establishing the survey points and survey centerlines; finding, referencing, offsetting the project control points; running a horizontal and vertical circuit to verify the precision of given control points. Establishing plan coordinates and elevation marks for culverts, slopes, subbase, subsurface drains, paving, subgrade, retaining walls, and any other stakes required for control lines and grades; and setting vertical control elevations, such as footings, caps, bridge seats and deck screed. The Contractor shall be responsible for the preservation of the Department's project control points and benchmarks. The Contractor shall establish and preserve any temporary control points (traverse points or benchmarks) needed for construction. Any project control points (traverse points) or benchmarks conflicting with construction of the project shall be relocated by the Contractor. The Contractor as directed by the Engineer must replace any or all stakes that are destroyed at any time during the life of the contract. The Contractor shall re-establish centerline points and stationing prior to final cross-sections by the Engineer. The Vertical Control error of closure shall not exceed 0.035 ft times. The Horizontal Control precision ratio shall have a minimum precision of 1:20,000 feet of distance traversed prior to adjustment.

(b) The Contractor shall perform construction centerline layout of all roadways, ramps and connections, etc. from project control points set by the Engineer. The Contractor using the profiles and typical sections provided in the plans shall calculate proposed grades at the edge of pavement or verify information shown on Grades and Geometric sheets.
(c) The Contractor shall advise the Engineer of any horizontal or vertical alignment revisions needed to establish smooth transitions to existing facilities. The Contractor must immediately bring to the attention of the Engineer any potential drainage problem within the project limits. The Engineer must approve any proposed variation in profile, width or cross slope.

(d) The Contractor shall establish the working points, centerlines of bearings on bridge abutments and on piers, mark the location of anchor bolts to be installed, check the elevation of bearing surfaces before and after they are ground and set anchor bolts at their exact elevation and alignment as per Contract Plans. Before completion of the fabrication of beams for bridge superstructures, the Contractor shall verify by accurate field measurements the locations both vertically and horizontally of all bearings and shall assume full responsibility for fabricated beams fitting and bearing as constructed. After beam erection and concurrently with the Department project surveyors or their designated representative, the Contractor shall survey top of beam elevations at a maximum of 10-ft stations and compute screed grades. These shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval before the stay in place forms are set. Construction stakes and other reference control marks shall be set at sufficiently frequent intervals to assure that all components of the structure are constructed in accordance with the lines and grades shown on the plans. The Contractor will be responsible for all structure alignment control, grade control and all necessary calculations to establish and set these controls.

(e) The Contractor, using contract plans, shall investigate proposed construction for possible conflicts with existing and proposed utilities. The Contractor shall then report such conflicts to the Engineer for resolution. All stakes for utility relocations, which will be performed by others, after the Notice to Proceed has been given to the Contractor, shall be paid for under item 763597 - Utility Construction Engineering.

(f) The Contractor shall be responsible for the staking of all sidewalk and curb ramp grades in accordance with the plans and the Departments Standard Construction Details. The Contractor shall review the stakeout with the Engineer prior to construction. The Engineer must approve any deviation from plans, Department Standard Construction Details and Specifications in writing. The Contractor shall be responsible for any corrective actions resulting from problems created by adjustments if they fail to obtain such approval.

(g) The Contractor shall be responsible for the staking of all drainage inlets in accordance with the plans and the Department Standard Construction Details. The offsets and top of grate elevations need to be calculated for each type of drainage inlet specified in the contract plans by the Contractor in order to line up the drainage inlet’s flow line with the specified curb or ditch flow line as shown in the Contract Documents. The Engineer must approve any deviations from plans, Department Standard Construction Details and Specifications in writing. The Contractor shall be responsible for any corrective actions resulting from problems created by adjustments if they fail to obtain such approval.
If wetland areas are involved and specifically defined on the Plans the following shall apply:

i. It is the intent of these provisions to alert the Contractor, that he/she shall not damage or destroy wetland areas, which exist beyond the construction limits. These provisions will be strictly enforced and the Contractor shall advise his/her personnel and those of any Subcontractor of the importance of these provisions.

ii. All clearing operations and delineation of wetlands areas shall be performed in accordance with these Special Provisions. Before any clearing operation commences the Contractor shall demarcate wetlands at the Limits of Construction throughout the entire project as shown on the Plans labeled as Limits of Construction or Wetland Delineation to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

iii. The material to be used for flagging the limits of construction shall be orange vinyl material with the wording "Wetland Boundary" printed thereon. In wooded areas, the flagging shall be tied on the trees, at approximate 20-foot intervals through wetland areas. In open field and yard areas that have been identified as wetlands, 6 foot posts shall be driven into the ground at approximate 50-foot intervals and tied with the flagging. The flagging shall extend approximately 12 inches in length beyond the post. Posts shall be oak with cross sectional dimensions of 1 ½ inches to 2 inches by 1 ½ inches to 2 inches or ⅜ inch rebar.

iv. If the flagging has been destroyed and the Engineer determines that its use is still required, the Contractor shall reflag the area at no cost to the Department. If the Contractor, after notification by the Engineer that replacement flagging is needed, does not replace the destroyed flagging within 48 hours, the Engineer may proceed to have the area reflagged. The cost of the reflagging by the Engineer will be charged to the Contractor and deducted from any monies due under the Contract.

v. At the completion of construction, the Contractor shall remove all posts and flagging.

vi. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damages to wetlands located beyond the construction limits, which occurs from his/her operations during the life of the Contract. The Contractor shall restore all temporarily disturbed wetland areas to their preconstruction conditions. This includes restoring bank elevations, streambed and wetland surface contours and wetlands vegetation disturbed or destroyed. The expense for this restoration shall be borne solely by the Contractor.

(i) Whenever the Engineer will be recording data for establishment of pay limits, the Contractor will be invited to obtain the data jointly with the Engineer's Survey Crew(s) in order to agree with the
information. If the Contractor's representative is not able to obtain the same data, then the information obtained by the Engineer shall be considered the information to be used in computing the quantities in question.

Submittals. All computations necessary to establish the exact position of all work from the control points shall be made and preserved by the Contractor. All computations, survey notes, electronic files, and other records necessary to accomplish the work shall be made available to the Department in a neat and organized manner at any time as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer may check all or any portion of the stakeout survey work or notes made by the Contractor and any necessary correction to the work shall be made as soon as possible. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with such assistance as may be required for checking all lines, grades, and measurements established by the Contractor and necessary for the execution of the work. Such checking by the Engineer shall not relieve the Contractor of his/her responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the work. Copies of all notes must be furnished to the engineer at the completion of the project.

The Contractor shall submit any of the following at the Engineer's request:

(a) Proposed method of recording information in field books to ensure clarity and adequacy.
(b) A printout of horizontal control verification, as well as coordinates, differences and error of closure for all reestablished or temporary Control Points.
(c) A printout of vertical control verification, with benchmark location elevation and differences from plan elevation.
(d) Sketch of location of newly referenced horizontal control, with text printout of coordinates, method of reference and field notes associated with referencing control - traverse closure report.
(e) Description of newly established benchmarks with location, elevation and closed loop survey field notes - bench closure report.
(f) All updated electronic and manuscript survey records.
(g) Stakeout plan for each structure and culvert.
(h) Computations for buildups over beams, screed grades and overhang form elevations.
(i) A report showing differences between supplied baseline coordinates and field obtained coordinates, including a list of preliminary input data.
(j) Any proposed plan alteration to rectify a construction stakeout error, including design calculations, narrative and sealed drawings.
(k) Baseline for each borrow pit location.
(l) Detailed sketch of proposed overhead ground mounted signs or signals showing obstructions that may interfere with their installation.
(m) Copies of cut sheets.
Machine Control Grading

This Section of the specification shall only be used if machine control is authorized for use on the project.

Description:

This specification contains the requirements for grading operations utilizing Global Positioning Systems (GPS).

Use of this procedure and equipment is intended for grading the subgrade surface; it is not intended for the use in constructing final surface grades.

The Contractor may use any manufacturer's GPS machine control equipment and system that results in achieving the grading requirements outlined in section 202 of the standard specifications. The Contractor shall convert the electronic data provided by the Department into the format required by their system. The Department will only provide the information outlined in this document and no additional electronic data will be provided.

The Contractor shall perform at least one 500 foot test section with the selected GPS system to demonstrate that the Contractor has the capabilities, knowledge, equipment, and experience to properly operate the system and meet acceptable tolerances. The engineer will evaluate and make the determination as to whether additional 500 foot test sections are required. If the Contractor fails to demonstrate this ability to the satisfaction of the Department, the Contractor shall construct the project using conventional surveying and staking methods.

Materials:

All equipment required to perform GPS machine control grading, including equipment needed by DelDOT to verify the work, shall be provided by the Contractor and shall be able to generate end results that are in accordance with the requirements of Division 200 - EARTHWORK of the Standard Specifications.

Construction:
A. DelDOT Responsibilities:

1. The Department will set initial vertical and horizontal control points in the field for the project as indicated in the contract documents, (plans set). If the Contractor needs to establish new control points they shall be traversed from existing control points and verified to be accurate by conventional surveying techniques.

2. The Department will provide the project specific localized coordinate system.

3. The Department will provide data in an electronic format to the Contractor as indicated in the General Notes.
   
   a. The information provided shall not be considered a representation of actual conditions to be encountered during construction. Furnishing this information does not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility of making an investigation of conditions to be encountered including, but not limited to site visits, and basing the bid on information obtained from these investigations, and the professional interpretations and judgments of the Contractor. The Contractor shall assume the risk of error if the information is used for any purpose for which the information is not intended.
   
   b. Any assumption the Contractor makes from this electronic information shall be at their risk. If the Contractor chooses to develop their own digital terrain model the Contractor shall be fully responsible for all cost, liability, accuracy and delays.
   
   c. The Department will develop and provide electronic data to the Contractor for their use as part of the contract documents in a format as indicated in the General Notes. The Contractor shall independently ensure that the electronic data will function in their machine control grading system.

4. The Files that are provided were originally created with the computer software applications MicroStation (CADD software) and INROADS (civil engineering software). The data files will be provided in the native formats and other software formats described below. The contractor shall perform necessary conversion of the files for their selected grade control equipment. The Department will furnish the Contractor with the following electronic files:
a. CAD files
   i. Inroads - Existing digital terrain model (.DTM)
   ii. Inroads - Proposed digital terrain model (.DTM)
   iii. Microstation - Proposed surface elements - triangles

b. Alignment Data Files:
   i. ASCII Format

5. The Engineer shall perform spot checks of the Contractor's machine control grading results, surveying calculations, records, field procedures, and actual staking. If the Engineer determines that the work is not being performed in a manner that will assure accurate results, the Engineer may order the Contractor to redo such work to the requirements of the contract documents, and in addition, may require the Contractor to use conventional surveying and staking, both at no additional cost to the Department.

B. Contractor's Responsibilities

1. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a GPS rover and Automatic Level, for use during the duration of the contract. At the end of the contract, the GPS rover and Automatic Level will be returned to the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide a total of 8 hours of formal training on the Contractor's GPS machine control system to the Engineer and up to three additional Department appointees per rover.

2. The Contractor shall review and apply the data provided by the Department to perform GPS machine control grading.

3. The Contractor shall bear all costs, including but not limited to the cost of actual reconstruction of work, that may be incurred due to application of GPS machine control grading techniques. Grade elevation errors and associated corrections including quantity adjustments resulting from the contractor's use of GPS machine control shall be at no cost to the Department.

4. The Contractor shall convert the electronic data provided by the Department into a format compatible with their system.
5. The Contractor's manipulation of the electronic data provided by the Department shall be performed at their own risk.

6. The Contractor shall check and if necessary, recalibrate their GPS machine control system at the beginning of each workday in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations, or more frequently as needed to meet the requirements of the project.

7. The Contractor shall meet the accuracy requirements as detailed in the Standard Specifications.

8. The Contractor shall establish secondary control points at appropriate intervals and at locations along the length of the project. These points shall be outside the project limits and/or where work is performed. These points shall be at intervals not to exceed 1000 feet. The horizontal position of these points shall be determined by conventional survey traverse and adjustments from the original baseline control points. The conventional traverse shall meet or exceed the Department’s Standards. The elevation of these control points shall be established using differential leveling from the project benchmarks, forming a closed loop. A copy of all new control point information including closure report shall be provided and approved by the Engineer prior to construction activities. The Contractor shall be responsible for all errors resulting from their efforts and shall correct deficiencies to the satisfaction of the Engineer and at no additional cost to the Department.

9. The Contractor shall provide stakes at all alignment control points, at every 500 foot stationing, and where required for coordination activities involving environmental agencies and utility companies at the Contractor's expense. Work that is done solely for utility companies and that is beyond the work performed under item 763501 - Construction shall follow and be paid for under item 763597 - Utility Construction Engineering.

10. The Contractor shall at a minimum set hubs at the top of finished grade at all hinge points on the cross section at 500 foot intervals on the main line and at least 4 cross sections on side roads and ramps as directed by the engineer or as shown on the plans. Placement of a minimum of 4 control points outside the limits of disturbance for the excavation of borrow pits, Stormwater Management Ponds, wetland mitigation sites etc. These control points shall be established using conventional survey methods for use by the Engineer to check the accuracy of the construction.

11. The Contractor shall preserve all reference points and monuments that are identified and established by the Engineer for the project. If the Contractor fails to preserve these items the Contractor shall reestablish them at no additional cost to the Department.
12. The Contractor shall provide control points and conventional grades stakes at critical points such as, but not limited to, PC's, PT's, superelevation points, and other critical points required for the construction of drainage and roadway structures.

13. No less than 2 weeks before the scheduled preconstruction meeting, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for review a written machine control grading work plan which shall include the equipment type, control software manufacturer and version, and proposed location of the local GPS base station used for broadcasting differential correction data to rover units.

14. The Contractor shall follow the guidelines set forth in the "Geometric Geodetic Accuracy Standards and Specifications for Using GPS Relative Positioning Techniques" and follow a minimum of Second Order Class 1, (2-I) classification standards.

Automated equipment operations have a high reliance on accurate control networks from which to take measurements, establish positions, and verify locations and features. Therefore, a strong contract control network in the field which is the same or is strongly integrated with the project control used during the design of the contract is essential to the successful use of this technology with the proposed Digital Terrain Model (DTM). Consistent and well designed site calibration for all machine control operations (as described below under Contract Control Plan) are required to ensure the quality of the contract deliverables. The Contract Control Plan is intended to document which horizontal and vertical control will be held for these operations. Continued incorporation of the Base Station(s) as identified in the Contract Control Plan is essential to maintaining the integrity of positional locations and elevations of features. The Contract Control Plan shall be submitted to the Department for review and approval by the Departments Survey Section 3 weeks prior to the start of any machine control work. The Contractor shall operate and maintain all elements of the Machine Grade Control continuously once the operations begin until otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Contract Control Plan:

The Contractor shall develop and submit a Contract Control Plan for all contracts which use Machine Control Grading. Contract control includes all primary and secondary horizontal and vertical control which will be used for the construction contract. Upon the Contractor's completion of the initial survey reconnaissance and control verification, but prior to beginning primary field operations, the Contractor shall submit a Contract Control Plan document (signed and sealed by the Delaware licensed Land Surveyor or Delaware Professional Engineer who oversees its preparation) for acceptance by the Engineer, which shall include the following:

1. A control network diagram of all existing horizontal and vertical control recovered in the field as contract control.
2. Include a summary of the calculated closures of the existing control network, and which control has been determined to have been disturbed or out of tolerance from its original positioning.

3. An explanation of which horizontal and vertical control points will be held for construction purposes. If necessary include all adjustments which may have been made to achieve required closures.

4. An explanation of what horizontal and vertical control (including base stations) was set to accomplish the required stakeout or automated machine operation. Include how the position of these new control points was determined.

5. Describe the proposed method and technique (technology and quality control) for utilizing the control to establish the existing and/or proposed feature location and to verify the completed feature location and/or measured quantity.

6. A listing of the horizontal and vertical datums to be used and the combined factor to be used to account for ellipsoidal reduction factor and grid scale factor.

7. If the Contractor chooses to use machine control as a method of measuring and controlling excavation, fill, material placement or grading operations as a method of measuring and controlling excavation, fill, material placement or grading operations, the Contractor Control Plan shall include the method by which the automated machine guidance system will initially be site calibrated to both the horizontal and vertical contract control, and shall describe the method and frequency of the calibration to ensure consistent positional results.

8. Issues with equipment including inconsistent satellite reception of signals to operate the GPS machine control system will not result in adjustment to the "Basis of Payment" for any construction items or be justification for granting contract time extension.

**Method of Measurement:**

The quantity of Construction Engineering will not be measured.

**Basis of Payment:**
Payment will be made at the Lump Sum price bid for the item "Construction Engineering". The price bid shall include the cost of furnishing all labor, equipment, instruments, stakes and other material necessary to satisfactorily complete the work as herein described under this item for all roads and structures that are a part of the contract. Adjustment in payment will be made for the deletion or addition of work not shown in the contract documents.

Monthly payment will be made under this item in proportion to the amount of work done as determined by the Engineer.
Description:

The Contractor shall plan, schedule and construct the Project by using a Critical Path Method Project Schedule (CPM) meeting the requirements of these specifications. Use the CPM for coordinating and monitoring the Work specified in the Contract Documents including all activities of Subcontractors, vendors, suppliers, utilities, railroads, the Department, and all other parties associated with the construction of the Contract. Include all Work in the CPM; including but not limited to submittals, major procurement, delivery, and construction activities. Include all activities, including bid items, quantified in the Contract Documents. Base the CPM upon the entirety of the Contract Documents. Utilize CPM software that generates files compatible with Primavera P6 Project Management Release: 7.0.0.

Scheduling Representative:

Designate a scheduling representative prior to submission of the Original Critical Path Method Project Schedule (OCPM). The scheduling representative is the person primarily responsible for development and maintenance of the CPM schedule; the Contractor's representative in all matters regarding the schedule; and the Contractor's designated attendee for all schedule related meetings. The scheduling representative shall also be knowledgeable of the status of all parts of the Work throughout the duration of the Project. Replacement of the scheduling representative will require written approval from the Engineer.

Submit the qualifications of the scheduling representative to the Engineer for approval. This approval is required before the OCPM will be accepted. The scheduling representative shall have at least three years of verifiable experience for preparing and maintaining CPM project schedules on Contracts of similar size and complexity.

Critical Path, Project Completion Date, and Float:

The critical path is defined as the series of activities in a CPM that has the longest path in time. The submitted activity sequence and durations must generate a CPM with only one critical path. Divide Project wide activities such as Maintenance of Traffic, Construction Engineering, or Temporary Erosion Control that, by their nature, generate long durations and complement other activities into “establish” and “conclude” activities to prevent this type of Work from occupying a significant portion of the critical path.
The project start date, or initial data date, of the original CPM shall be the first chargeable day of Work. Nonproductive Work and administrative activities may begin and/or end prior to the project start date. The Original CPM must use all of the Contract Time and contain a critical path containing exactly zero float. Early completion schedules are not permitted. The schedule ending date of the Original CPM that uses all of the Project Time is the contract completion date.

Total Float is the difference between the schedule's finish date and the contract completion date. Free float is the difference in time between an activity's early finish and late finish. Free float is a shared commodity for the use of the Department and the Contractor and is not for the exclusive use or benefit of either party. Both parties have the full use of free float until depleted.

Submittal of the OCPM; the Start of Work and the Schedule of Record:

Complete and submit the proposed original CPM schedule (OCPM) database and the written narrative (WN) within 30 calendar days after Contract is Awarded. The WN is a description of any elements of the Schedule that deviate from the proposed construction sequence shown in the Contract Documents. Submit the OCPM in CPM format fully compatible with Primavera P6 Project Management Release: 7.0.0 by email or CD ROM as a single compressed database in CPM format.

The Engineer will complete the review of the OCPM within 30 calendar days after submittal. If required, a Joint Review Conference will be convened at which time the Engineer and Contractor may make corrections and adjustments to the proposed OCPM. If a revision is necessary due to the Engineer’s review or the Joint Review Conference, submit the proposed revision within seven calendar days after receiving the Engineer’s review comments or within seven calendar days after the date of the Joint Review Conference, whichever is the latest. Make revisions in accordance with the requirements for the OCPM. The Engineer will respond to the revised OCPM within seven calendar days after receipt. Clearly identify each submittal and resubmittal for clarity by labeling "2nd Draft", "3rd Draft", etc.

Do not start any Work until the OCPM is accepted. If the Engineer is ready to issue a Notice to Proceed but the OCPM is not yet accepted, the Engineer may issue the NTP and start Contract Time, but forbid Work to begin until the OCPM is accepted. The Engineer may partially accept a OCPM and allow Work to begin if the required corrections to the OCPM are minor, but the Engineer will not accept submittals that do not show the complete schedule. The Engineer will not pay any estimates until the OCPM is partially accepted. Once the OCPM is partially accepted, the Engineer will pay the first estimate. If the Contractor fails to make a good faith effort to address the Engineer's comments before the second estimate is due for payment, the Engineer will not pay the second estimate until a good faith effort is made by the Contractor to comply. The Engineer may not withhold an estimate payment if, within the estimate period in question, the Engineer has failed to provide timely review comments in response to the Contractor's submittal. The Engineer may, however, withhold the payment of subsequent estimates if the Contractor fails to make a good faith effort to address the Engineer's comments. Upon issuance of the Notice to Proceed, the start date utilized in the OCPM will be adjusted to comply with the first chargeable day of Work. Any delay in starting Work caused by the acceptance of the OCPM by the Engineer
will not be considered as a basis for any adjustment in the Contract amount or time. For Contracts that have fast-tracked starts, the Engineer and the Contractor may agree to alter the response times and approval dates listed above.

Upon notification that the OCPM has been accepted, the corrected copy will become the CPM of record. The CPM of record shall be the Contractor’s work plan for completing the entire Contract as specified in the Contract Documents.

**Requirements for the OCPM:**

The format of the OCPM database shall be the precedence diagram method with days as the planning unit and shall be based on Calendar Days. Use the Department’s partially predetermined coding structure (CS) that is furnished by the Engineer.

*Activity Sequencing.* Activity sequence must be logical and representative of the Contractor’s order of the Work. Successors and predecessors determine the schedule logic or activity sequence. A given activity cannot start until all of the given activity’s predecessors have been completed. Use only finish to start dependency relationships (links); do not use lag times without approval from the Engineer. The Engineer may request that the Contractor resequence the activities to reflect realistic job logic. When scheduling using multiple resources, each resource unit shall have a corresponding activity. Durations of activities include all the time necessary to complete the activity including, but not limited to, Contractor’s non-work periods (other than those shown on the calendars), reasonably foreseeable inclement weather, weekends and holidays. Base schedule calculations on retained logic, contiguous durations, and total float as finish float.

*Activity Resources.* Sequence activities to reflect resource apportionment. Logically connect and code each activity to reflect the crew (resource) performing the operation. Submit a summary list of crews, their crew codes, and their operation(s) with each schedule submission, unless unchanged. Identify responsibility for each activity. Identify Subcontractors, DBE’s, utilities and Work performed by others that affects the Schedule.

*Breakdown and Durations of Activities.* An individual activity is required for each construction element or each activity not under the control of the Contractor that affects the sequence or progress of the Work. The Engineer reserves the right to require additional breakdown of the Work activities at any time. Each activity must be identified by a name, symbol and coding, and shall have a duration, sequence, responsibility and resource(s). Choose activity names that are descriptive and identify single construction elements. Activity symbols, or ID’s, shall be unique and systematic.

Activity types must be either “task”, “start milestone”, or “finish milestone”. Do not use “hammock” type activities. Date constraints, float and duration constraints, and/or flags for activities are not permitted.
Assign a reasonable duration to each activity representative of its scope. Durations may not exceed 14 calendar days unless approved by the Engineer. Determine the duration of each activity by using productivity rates based on Calendar Days.

Include the preparation and approval of Working Drawings as activities. Include phasing (staging) milestones as activities. Correlate phasing milestones with the sequence of construction provided in the Contract Documents. Use a separate start and finish milestone activity to delineate each phase (stage).

*Utility Work.* Include all Work performed by utilities on the Project as activities in the OCPM. Include each utility item of Work shown in the Contract’s Utility Statement as an activity. Durations for utility activities shall be the same as the durations shown in the Utility statement for each activity unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

*Calendars.* Assign a calendar to each activity in the schedule. Use a minimum of 6 calendars, when applicable: (1) Full Schedule; (2) Permit Requirements; (3) Winter Condition; (4) Concrete Work; (5) Asphalt Paving Work; and (6) Nighttime Asphalt Paving Work. Use additional calendars if needed. Calendar non-work periods shall reflect the average Delaware weather history for the jobsite and the restrictions identified in the Contract Documents. The Contractor may choose perform Work during an activity's calendar non-work period at no additional cost to the Department if weather conditions are favorable for such Work and the Work does not violate a set forth in the Contract Documents. The maximum allowable non-work period for each calendar is set forth below. The Contractor may choose to shorten non-work periods at his/her discretion.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CALENDAR</th>
<th>MAXIMUM NON-WORK PERIOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Full Schedule</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Condition</td>
<td>December 1 through March 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Work</td>
<td>December 1 through March 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Paving</td>
<td>November 15 through March 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nighttime Asphalt Paving</td>
<td>October 15 through April 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Written Narrative (WN).* Provide a written narrative (WN) as part of the OCPM explaining the following:

(a) Relationships between activities not obviously identified
(b) Equipment usage and limitations.
(c) Manpower usage and limitations.
(d) Use of additional shifts and overtime.
(e) Activity codes, abbreviations, and activity identification system.
(f) All calendars utilized in the CPM and the basis of determining each non-work period
(g) All abbreviations.
(h) Use of calendars.
(i) Any other conditions that affect the schedule and are not readily discernible in the database.

**CPM Updates:**

Provide monthly updates to the CPM of record. Meet with the Engineer once a month prior to submitting the update to review the status of the schedule’s activities. Prepare an updated list of activities showing all of the actual start and actual finish for each of the schedule’s activities so that both parties can agree on the dates. Use the dates that were agreed upon in the meeting to status the CPM of record and submit the updated schedule to the Engineer for approval. Assign a unique file name to each update (Number/version). The data date of the update shall be the next day after the end of the update period. As part of the monthly update, submit a written description that identifies any delays or disruptions to the schedule experienced during the period of an update, any change in manpower or equipment, and any potential delays to the completion date of the schedule.

Do not include any revisions to the CPM without prior approval. Failure to submit complete updates in a timely manner may result in the withholding of estimates by the Engineer. The Engineer agrees to refrain from withholding estimates unless the Contractor is habitually late in providing updates, is more than four weeks late in submitting an update or has failed to submit an update that is part of a resolution to a serious problem that must be addressed immediately.

**Revisions to the Schedule of Record:**

Revisions are defined as any changes to the database other than status updates, log entries and moving the data date. Discuss any proposed revisions to the CPM verbally with the Engineer. If the revision is minor in nature, the Engineer may allow the revision to be included on the next Update of the CPM. If the Engineer determines that the revision is not minor in nature, submit the proposed revision for review and approval prior to deviating from the approved CPM. When a revision to the CPM is required due to changes in the Contract initiated by the Engineer, immediately contact the Engineer to discuss the changes. The Engineer may allow a deviation from the approved CPM for specific mitigating activities.

The Engineer may direct the Contractor to revise the schedule of record at the Contractor’s expense if: the critical path has less than minus ten (-10) Calendar Days of total float due to the Contractor’s failure to perform the Work in accordance with the schedule; the Contractor requests to re-sequence the Work; and/or the
Contract No. T202001101.01

Contractor has performed a significant amount of Work out of sequence. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to revise the schedule for any other reason; and such a revision will be paid at the unit cost for a CPM Revision.

The Engineer will review and respond to the proposed revision within 7 Calendar Days after receipt. Resubmit, if required, within seven calendar days after receipt of the Engineer’s review comments. The Engineer reserves the right to reject any proposed revision that adversely impacts the Department, utilities, or other concerned parties.

**Extensions of Contract Time and/or Incentive/Disincentive Dates.**

Make requests for extension of Contract time in writing and subject to the notice and timeliness of submission provisions as provided for elsewhere in the Contract. Requests for an extension of Contract time or change in an incentive/disincentive date will be evaluated by the Engineer’s analysis of the CPM of record and any proposed revision submitted. Include in the request a written narrative of the events that impacted the schedule and a detailed explanation of why the Contractor cannot meet the requirements of the schedule of record. Only delays to activities that affect the Contract completion date or will be considered for an extension of Contract time. Only delays to activities that affect the completion duration of an incentive/disincentive period will be considered for an extension of an incentive/disincentive completion date. The extension of the specified Contract completion date or incentive/disincentive date will be based upon the number of Calendar Days the Contract completion date or incentive/disincentive date is impacted as determined by the Engineer’s analysis. The Engineer and Contractor may agree to defer the analysis of a potential impact to the schedule until the completion of the activities that are affected. Such a deferment does not relieve the Contractor of his/her duty to identify potential impacts to the schedule in the applicable schedule updates.

All requests for extensions of Contract Time must be supported by the most recent CPM Update. If, within a reasonable period of time, the Contractor fails to make a good faith effort to produce an acceptable CPM update and uses an unacceptable CPM update to support a request for a time extension, the Contractor loses the right to receive that time extension; and/or the right to receive compensation for that delay caused in whole or in part by the Engineer.

**Final As Built Schedule.**

Submit a final CPM Schedule database within 14 Calendar Days of Substantial Completion. Failure to submit a final CPM Schedule may result in the withholding of estimates by the Engineer.

**Method of Measurement:**
The Project Control System will be measured in two items. The item, “Project Control System Development Plan” will be lump sum. The item “CPM Schedule Updates and/or Revised Updates” will be measured one each per update that is submitted and accepted.

**Basis of Payment:**

The item, “763508 – Project Control System Development Plan” will be paid at the Contract's lump sum bid price on the next monthly estimate after completion of the requirements of the Project Control System Development Plan, which includes the approval of the Original CPM Schedule. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for preparing the CPM database, acquiring the necessary software, attending all scheduling meetings with the Department, submitting and resubmitting all documents and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the Work.

The item, “763509 – CPM Schedule Updates and/or Revised Updates” will be paid at the Contract unit price per each approved CPM schedule update as described above. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for preparing, submitting and resubmitting all CPM updates, for attendance at all scheduling meetings with the Department, for preparing and reviewing a list of actual start and actual finish dates with the Engineer, and for all labor, tools, Equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the Work.

2/11/2015
831500 - FURNISH AND INSTALL UP TO 6" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831501 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831502 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831503 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831504 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831505 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831506 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" FLEXIBLE METALLIC-LIQUIDTIGHT CONDUIT
831507 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" FLEXIBLE METALLIC-LIQUIDTIGHT CONDUIT
831508 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" FLEXIBLE METALLIC-LIQUIDTIGHT CONDUIT
831509 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" FLEXIBLE METALLIC-LIQUIDTIGHT CONDUIT
831512 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831513 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831514 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831515 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831516 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831517 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831518 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831519 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831520 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831521 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831522 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831523 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831524 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831525 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831526 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831527 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)
831528 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)
831529 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)
831530 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)
831531 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)
831532 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831533 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831534 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831535 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831536 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831537 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831538 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831539 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831540 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831541 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831542 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2" HDPE SDR-13.5 CONDUIT (BORE)
831543 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2" HDPE SDR-13.5 CONDUIT (BORE)
831544 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 3" HDPE SDR-13.5 CONDUIT (BORE)
831545 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 4" HDPE SDR-13.5 CONDUIT (BORE)
831560 - FURNISH AND INSTALL UP TO 4" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831561 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831562 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831563 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)
831564 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)
831565 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)
831566 - FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (ON STRUCTURE)
831569 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 1" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831570 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 1-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831571 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831572 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2-1/2" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831573 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 3" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831574 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 4" SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831575 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2" HDPE 13.5 SDR CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831576 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2-1/2" HDPE 13.5 SDR CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831577 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 3" HDPE 13.5 SDR CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831578 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 4" HDPE 13.5 SDR CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831579 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 1" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831580 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 1-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831581 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831582 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831583 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 3" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831584 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 4" GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT
831585 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 1" STEEL CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831586 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 1-1/2" STEEL CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831587 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2" STEEL CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831588 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 2-1/2" STEEL CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831589 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 3" STEEL CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE
831590 - FURNISH & INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 4" STEEL CONDUIT IN DIRECTIONAL BORE

Description:
This work consists of furnishing and installing a conduit or shield, of the type and size required and as specified in the contract documents or as directed by the Engineer.

**Materials:**

All conduits shall be UL listed.

**HDPE Conduit** - 2" and 4" diameter, high density polyethylene (HDPE) SDR-13.5, smooth wall conduit with permanently pre-lubricated lining, meeting ASTM D2447, ASTM D3035 and NEMA TC7 specifications.

**PVC Conduit** - 4", 3", 2-1/2", 2" or 1" diameter, schedule 80 rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit, meeting Commercial Standard CS-272-65 (PVC), ASTM D-1785 and U.C. Standard 651 specifications.


**HDPE Conduit to PVC Conduit Coupling** - Galvanized steel meeting Commercial Standard CS-272-65 (PVC), ASTM D-1785 and U.C. Standard 651 specifications


**Weatherhead for galvanized or PVC conduit** - material shall match the adjoining conduit

**Insulated grounding bushing with knockouts** - meet or exceed UL 514 B

**Condulets for conduit sizes** - material shall match the adjoining conduit

**Anchors** - A 307, Galvanized per A 153

**One hole conduit hangers** - Steel City Series 6H or 6H-B, CADDY CD3B Rigid Conduit Hanger, or approved equal

**End caps** - material shall match the adjoining conduit
LONG sweep sections for conduit sizes - material shall match the adjoining conduit, and shall be manufactured 90 degree sweeping bends.

**Construction Methods:**

**General Installation Requirements** -

The Department has the right to reject any installation method proposed for a given work site. PVC shall not be installed under existing pavement unless it is on a continuous roll or with the Engineer's written approval.

Conduit installed underground shall be installed in a straight line between terminal points. In straight runs, junction well spacing shall be no more than 600 feet for fiber optic conduit or no more than 300 feet for copper in conduit, or as directed by the Engineer. If bends are required during installation, they must be manufactured sweeping bends. The Engineer will be consulted before any bends are installed to ensure that the proper arc is provided.

Underground conduit shall have a minimum cover as measured from the finished grade of 24 inches and a maximum cover of 48 inches. The opening shall be filled half way with the cover material, and tamped down firmly before filling in the remainder of the opening. Additional lifts shall be used as required to install the metallic warning tape at the specified depth. All cover material shall be free of rocks, debris, vegetation or other deleterious material that may damage the conduit. An underground utility warning tape shall be installed as specified in this section and the remainder of the fill shall be added, tamping down the top layer.

Conduit not terminated to a base or in a junction well shall be terminated 2 feet beyond the edge of the pavement unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, and properly capped. Tape is NOT an approved method. Conduit shall not extend more than 3 inches inside a junction well. See Standard Construction Details or applicable Plan Details for typical methods of termination.

All underground conduits shall be marked in the ground with a metallic warning tape. The marking tape shall be buried directly above the conduit run that it identifies, at a depth of approximately 12 inches below final grade. The tape identifying ALL conduits shall be at least 6 inches wide, and have a minimum thickness of 3 mils and 500 percent elongation.

The color of the metallic warning tape identifying fiber optic cable should be bright orange (preferably AULCC orange), and shall read "WARNING - OPTICAL CABLE" or other wording approved by the Engineer that conveys the same message. The color of the tape identifying all other cables shall be bright red, and shall read
"WARNING - BURIED ELECTRIC BELOW" or other wording approved by the Engineer that conveys the same message.

Using conduit tools, rigid metallic conduit shall be cut, reamed, and threaded. The thread length shall be as necessary to ensure that the sections of conduits when screwed into a coupling and tightened correctly will butt together and the joint will be watertight. A three-piece threaded union, as approved by the Engineer, shall be used to join two threaded lengths of conduit in the case where a standard coupling will not work. A threaded union shall not be used in a conduit run that is to be driven. At no time is a threadless coupling or a split-bolt coupling to be used for direct buried conduit.

All lengths of HDPE conduit shall be connected with irreversible fusion couplings. Mechanical and removable couplings will not be accepted.

All lengths of PVC conduit shall be connected by one conduit end fitting inside the flared end of the other conduit section. If this is not possible, then a coupling may be used. Regardless of how connection is made, all joints shall be sealed with the appropriate epoxy to ensure that the two conduit pieces bond to one another to form a solid waterproof link. Using conduit tools, the conduit shall be cut and prepared. If approved by the Engineer, a coupler module may be used where conduit segments do not align properly to allow the flared end of one conduit segment to mate with the normal end of the other segment.

Sealed end caps (with knockouts if empty) shall be placed on the ends of all conduits, after compressed air has been used to clear all foreign matter.

If not already pre-installed by the manufacturer, a polyester or polypropylene pulling rope or tape (fish wire) with a minimum rated strength of 1250 pounds shall be installed in each conduit for future use. In instances where the Contractor installs the cable, the fish wire may be eliminated.

All PVC and HDPE conduits shall have a continuous metallic trace wire installed for the entire length of the conduit run for all fiber installations.

Generally, Item No. 908020 - Erosion Control Blanket Mulch in the Department's 2016 Standard Specifications would be used to stabilize slopes that are 2:1 or flatter. For slopes that are steeper than 2:1 and/or receive a moderate amount of concentrated flow, Item No. 908021 - Turf Reinforcement Matting, Type 1 in the Department’s 2016 Standard Specifications would be used for slope stabilization. However, if required Contractor shall refer to DelDOT’s Erosion and Sediment Control Manual for the placement of steep slope stabilization.
Directional bore shall be used for installation of conduits under existing pavement with a conduit diameter not less than 1-1/2". The size of a bore shall not exceed the outside diameter of the conduit by more than 1 inch. If it does, cement grout shall be pumped into the void. Only HDPE and/or Galvanized Steel conduit may be installed by Directional Bore methods.

Installation of Conduit Under Existing Pavement, Open Cut -

Installation by sawcutting the full pavement depth and removing the existing pavement with an excavator or by hand methods, shall be used only for conduits not less than 1-1/2" diameter. The Engineer must first approve all open cutting of roadways. The width and length of open cut and patch restoration materials shall be as shown on the plan details. The Contractor shall be responsible for the removal of all cut pavement and surplus excavation, and for the replacement and correction of any damaged pavement outside the sawcut limits after the conduit(s) are installed. Asphalt pavement, concrete, base course, sawcutting, and/or borrow from an outside source as required to restore the roadway will be paid for separately under their respective bid items.

Installation of Conduit Under Existing Pavement, Unpaved Trench -

Trenching or other approved method shall be used for installation of conduit in unpaved trench or under new pavement. Backfill in conduit trenches shall be compacted thoroughly as it is being placed. At the discretion of the Engineer, sod, that must be removed for the placement of conduit, shall be removed either by the use of an approved sod cutter and then replaced, or 6 inches of topsoil shall be placed and the surface seeded in accordance with Section 734001 - Seeding. In areas where new pavement is to be placed or in areas where total reconstruction is taking place, sodding or seeding may not be required by the Engineer. Sodding and/or topsoil from an outside source if required will be paid for separately under their respective bid items. Seeding is considered incidental to the conduit item.

Installation of Conduit on Structure -

Conduit installed on structure shall consist of drilling anchors into concrete, brick, stone, steel or wood and mounting the conduit with the proper clamps or hangers. The conduit shall be attached to the structure by use of one-hole conduit hangers and approved anchors not more than 36 inches apart. Any 90-degree turns in the conduit run shall be accomplished by placing the proper size and type manufactured sweeping bends for the application needed.

Installation of Additional Conduit in Trench or Open Cut Pavement:
Contract No. T20201101.01

In the case of slotted or trenched installations, the Contractor shall install additional conduits at the same time as the initial installation. The Engineer shall indicate the quantity of conduits to be installed during a build. Additional conduits may be stacked one on top of the other, side by side or in a matrix. The orientation shall be at the Contractor’s discretion, but conduits shall not twist around one another or be allowed to deviate from straight line paths except in the case of bend installations. Conduits installed at the same time in the same trench or slot shall remain oriented the same in relation to one another throughout the conduit run.

Installation of Additional Conduits in Directional Bore:

In the case of a directional bore that more than one conduit shall be installed, the Contractor shall, at the same time as the initial installation, install one (1) or more additional conduits. The Engineer shall indicate the quantity of conduits to be installed during a build. The additional conduits may be stacked one on top of the other, side by side or in a matrix. The orientation shall be at the Contractors discretion, but conduits shall not twist around one another or be allowed to deviate from straight line paths except in the case of a gentle bend. Conduits installed at the same time, in the same bore shall remain oriented in the same relation to one another throughout the conduit run.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of conduit furnished and installed as specified, shall be measured as the number of linear feet of conduit furnished, installed as specified, complete in place, and accepted.

The length of each conduit installed under existing pavement by a directional bore or by open cutting the pavement shall be measured along the path of the bore or open cut, from the point that cannot be trenched to the point that trenching can resume.

The length of any conduit that is reduced or divided (with a junction well or conduit body) shall be measured as part of the larger conduit.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of conduit will be paid for at the Contract unit price per linear foot. Price and payment shall include full compensation for all materials, and labor, topsoil and seed if needed, and incidentals necessary to complete the item. Payment for all necessary couplings shall be incidental to the price of the conduit.
For conduit installed by Directional Bore, the linear foot payment also includes excavation and backfilling for Bore Equipment, placing the conduit, caps if required, and all other requirements and incidentals listed in the body of this specification.

For conduit installed by Open Cutting existing pavement, the linear foot payment also includes excavating, backfilling, placing the conduit, disposal of excess materials, and all other requirements and incidentals listed in the body of this specification.

For conduit installed in an Unpaved Trench, the linear foot payment also includes excavating, removal of sod if required, backfilling, placing the conduit, disposal of excess materials, replacing excavated on-site sod if required, seeding if required, and all other requirements and incidentals listed in the body of this specification. Sod and/or topsoil furnished from an outside source, will be paid for separately.

For conduit installed on a structure, the linear foot payment also includes furnishing and installing anchors and hangers, removal of excess materials, and all other requirements and incidentals listed in the body of this specification.

4/12/2018
Description:

This work consists of the removal of concrete pole bases and concrete cabinet foundations.

Materials:

Equipment as required to remove concrete pole bases and concrete cabinet foundations.
Material as necessary to match the area surrounding the removed or graded masonry.

Construction Methods:

The masonry shall be removed to a depth of six inches below final grade.

Backfill remaining hole with material that matches the surrounding area in accordance with the appropriate items.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of concrete will be measured as the number of cubic yards of concrete removed including anchor bolts, reinforcing bars, conduits and any other hardware within the concrete.

Concrete or other materials moved or removed which is not a part of the item being removed, shall not be measured for the purpose of payment under this item.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of concrete will be paid for at the unit price per cubic yard. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals required to complete the work.

05/31/17
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>810001</td>
<td>TEMPORARY WARNING SIGNS AND PLAQUES</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>811001</td>
<td>FLAGGER, NEW CASTLE COUNTY STATE</td>
<td>HOUR</td>
<td>2439</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>811013</td>
<td>FLAGGER, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, STATE, OVERTIME</td>
<td>HOUR</td>
<td>1096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>813001</td>
<td>TEMPORARY BARRICADES, TYPE III</td>
<td>LFDY</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817002</td>
<td>PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, SYMBOL/LEGEND, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>6522</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817003</td>
<td>TEMPORARY MARKINGS, PAINT, 4&quot;</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>110627</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817004</td>
<td>TEMPORARY MARKINGS, PAINT, SYMBOL/LEGEND</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>9583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817013</td>
<td>PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, WHITE/YELLOW, 5&quot;</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>49891</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817015</td>
<td>PREFORMED RETROREFLECTIVE THERMOPLASTIC MARKINGS, BIKE SYMBOL</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817031</td>
<td>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT STRIPING</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>3170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>905004</td>
<td>INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL, DRAINAGE INLET</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831514</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 2-1/2&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831515</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 3&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831516</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 4&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>489</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831523</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 2&quot; GALVANIZED CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831528</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 2&quot; GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (BORE)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831545</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 4&quot; HDPE SDR-13.5 CONDUIT (BORE)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831564</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 1-1/2&quot; GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT (TRENCH)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831574</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT ADDITIONAL 4&quot; SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT IN TRENCH OR OPEN CUT</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>834002</td>
<td>POLE BASE, TYPE 3A</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>834003</td>
<td>POLE BASE, TYPE 3B</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>834005</td>
<td>POLE BASE, TYPE 4A</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>834501</td>
<td>PARTIAL REMOVAL OF CONCRETE POLE BASES AND CABINET FOUNDATIONS</td>
<td>CY</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>835003</td>
<td>CABINET BASE TYPE P</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>846001</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL LOOP WIRE 1-CONDUCTOR #14 AWG ENCASED IN 1/4&quot; FLEXIBLE TUBING IN A LOOP SAWCUT</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>5116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>846002</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL A 1-1/2 INCH GALVANIZED RIGID METAL CONDUIT DETECTOR SLEEVE WITH LOOP WIRE</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>905001</td>
<td>SILT FENCE</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>760012</td>
<td>PAVEMENT MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT, VARIABLE DEPTH</td>
<td>SYIN</td>
<td>50348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>762000</td>
<td>SAW CUTTING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>5848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>762001</td>
<td>SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, FULL DEPTH</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763000</td>
<td>INITIAL EXPENSE/DE-MOBILIZATION</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763501</td>
<td>CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763508</td>
<td>PROJECT CONTROL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT PLAN</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>763509</td>
<td>CPM SCHEDULE UPDATES AND/OR REVISED UPDATES</td>
<td>EAMO</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>801000</td>
<td>MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>802002</td>
<td>ARROW PANELS TYPE B</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>802003</td>
<td>ARROW PANELS TYPE C</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>803001</td>
<td>FURNISH AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>804001</td>
<td>FURNISH AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE LIGHT ASSEMBLY (FLOOD LIGHTS)</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>805001</td>
<td>PLASTIC DRUMS</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>8016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>806001</td>
<td>TRAFFIC OFFICERS</td>
<td>HOUR</td>
<td>212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>808002</td>
<td>FURNISH AND MAINTAIN TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR, TYPE II</td>
<td>EADY</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>905005</td>
<td>INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL, CURB INLET</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>908004</td>
<td>TOPSOIL, 6&quot; DEPTH</td>
<td>SY</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>908016</td>
<td>PERMANENT GRASS SEEDING, SUBDIVISION</td>
<td>SY</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401036</td>
<td>SUPERPAVE TYPE C, PG 64-22, WEDGE</td>
<td>TON</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>834007</td>
<td>POLE BASE EXTENSION</td>
<td>CF</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817005</td>
<td>PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC, 5&quot;</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817006</td>
<td>PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC, 12&quot;</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>817012</td>
<td>RETROREFLECTIVE PREFORMED PATTERNED MARKINGS, SYMBOL/LEGEND</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Quantity Sheet Summary

Proposal ID: T202001101.01  
Project Description: PAVEMENT AND REHABILITATION, OLD BALTIMORE PIKE, 2020  
**NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>201000</td>
<td>CLEARING AND GRUBBING</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>833001</td>
<td>BONDING AND GROUNDING EXISTING JUNCTION WELL</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>819019</td>
<td>INSTALLATION OR REMOVAL OF TRAFFIC SIGN(S) ON MULTIPLE SIGN POSTS</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831502</td>
<td>FURNISH AND INSTALL 3” SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUIT (OPEN CUT)</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>762004</td>
<td>BUTT JOINTS</td>
<td>SY</td>
<td>441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>602100</td>
<td>REPLACE DRAINAGE INLET GRATE(S)</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>602101</td>
<td>REPLACE DRAINAGE INLET FRAME(S)</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>705001</td>
<td>PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK, 4”</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>1325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>705005</td>
<td>PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK, 8”</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>3643</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>705007</td>
<td>SIDEWALK SURFACE DETECTABLE WARNING SYSTEM</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>705009</td>
<td>PEDESTRIAN CONNECTION, TYPE 2, 3, AND/OR 4</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>2802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>705010</td>
<td>PEDESTRIAN CONNECTION, TYPE 5</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>710002</td>
<td>ADJUST WATER VALVE BOXES</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>711500</td>
<td>ADJUST AND REPAIR EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>760010</td>
<td>PAVEMENT MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT</td>
<td>SYIN</td>
<td>91192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>819016</td>
<td>INSTALLATION OF 4” DIAMETER HOLE, LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 6” DEPTH</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>819018</td>
<td>INSTALLATION OR REMOVAL OF TRAFFIC SIGN(S) ON SINGLE SIGN POST</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>830001</td>
<td>CONDUIT JUNCTION WELL, TYPE 1, 20&quot; X 20&quot; PRECAST CONCRETE</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>830002</td>
<td>CONDUIT JUNCTION WELL, TYPE 4, 20&quot; X 42-1/2&quot; PRECAST CONCRETE</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>830003</td>
<td>CONDUIT JUNCTION WELL, TYPE 5, 24&quot; X 16&quot; PRECAST CONCRETE</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>830008</td>
<td>ADJUST OR REPAIR EXISTING CONDUIT JUNCTION WELL</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>830010</td>
<td>REMOVAL OF EXISTING JUNCTION WELL</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202000</td>
<td>EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT</td>
<td>CY</td>
<td>849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>211000</td>
<td>REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>211001</td>
<td>REMOVAL OF PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, CURB AND SIDEWALK</td>
<td>SY</td>
<td>858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301002</td>
<td>GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B, PATCHING</td>
<td>CY</td>
<td>399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301006</td>
<td>RECYCLED ASPHALT PAVEMENT</td>
<td>CY</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401030</td>
<td>SUPERPAVE TYPE B, PG 64-22, PATCHING</td>
<td>TON</td>
<td>671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401045</td>
<td>SUPERPAVE TYPE C, PG 70-22 (NON-CARBONATE STONE)</td>
<td>TON</td>
<td>8046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>402000</td>
<td>BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PATCHING</td>
<td>SYIN</td>
<td>14819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>504001</td>
<td>CRACK AND JOINT SEALING LESS THAN 3/4 INCH WIDE</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>1652</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>602130</td>
<td>ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING DRAINAGE INLET</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>602502</td>
<td>CONVERTING EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO MANHOLE</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Delaware Department of Transportation
**Quantity Sheet Summary**

**Proposal ID:** T202001101.01  
**Project Description:** PAVEMENT AND REHABILITATION, OLD BALTIMORE PIKE, 2020

**NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>615519</td>
<td>RELOCATING BUS STOP SHELTER</td>
<td>EACH</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701013</td>
<td>PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB, TYPE 1-8</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701014</td>
<td>PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB, TYPE 2</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>1095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701022</td>
<td>INTEGRAL PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER, TYPE 3-6</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701023</td>
<td>INTEGRAL PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER, TYPE 3-8</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701025</td>
<td>PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CURB TYPE 2 MODIFIED</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>2717</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701026</td>
<td>PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MONOLITHIC MEDIAN</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>702000</td>
<td>TRIANGULAR CHANNELIZING ISLANDS</td>
<td>SF</td>
<td>1001</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>